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# FINANCIAL TIMES

World Business Newspaper

Russia

Playing under new rules

**Unequal** world

Democracy and the free market

Martin Wolf, Page 12



**Making tracks** 

Keeping time at the Olympics



IBM, like other technology sup-pliers, has used it to promote its technological prowess.

At many venues, staff of Atlan-

ta's Olympic organising commit-tee are having to use the old-fash-

ioned technique of passing round results to journalists on paper. A committee spokesman, Mr Bob Brennan, said the glitches were being resolved. But he said the Atlanta Games posed unprece-

Blade runner

GE remodels its research

Technology, Page &

# rise in exports

The German aconomics ministry said the economy was showing signs of recovery, and expected growth in the second quarter to more than make up for the sharp decline in the first. The ministry's aport provides no detailed figures but indicates that experts and investment rose over the three months. Page 14-

First chairman warms on regults: Fiat chairman Cesare Romiti said the the Italian automotive and industrial group recorded higher pre-tax profits in the second quarter than in the first three months of this year, but he warned it would have to work hard to match last year's strong performance.

Weather clears for TWA search: The DS Coast Guard intensified its search for debris and bodies from last week's crash of a TWA jet after days of delay due to bad weether. Page 5

Pervier, the French bottled water group, said it would end a billboard advertising campaign in Bel-gium after threats of a consumer boycott in protest at the company's use of images of naked women.
Page 14, Observer, Page 13

Russian bank gives bond warning: The Russian central bank warned it planned a crackdown on foreign investors buying government bonds on the same incretive terms as locals, Page 2

Moody's angers Bank of Chine: US credit rating agency, Moody's, has angered Bank of China with a report placing its 11 Hong Kong-based affil-ates near the bottom and of investment grade rat-

Species bomb sparks security fearer British tour operators sought Special government assurances that security was being tightened to protect holidzymakers in the wake of Saturday's bomb at Reus airport, near Barcelona. Page 2

Samper unveils drug crimes measures: Colombian president Ernesto Samper presented constitutional and legislative reforms to Congress, covering some of the weaknesses in laws dealing with drug-linked crimes but made no mention of extradition, which has become crucial in department-big relations with the US. Page 5

**Selfing plans power corporation:** China plans to form a national corporation with assets worth Yn400bn (\$46.5bn) to run all state power sta tions as part of reforms to commercialise the electricity generating sector.

Japan may fund Asian aircraft: Japan's sidering funding the joint development of a regional aircraft for the expanding Asian market, despite problems in an existing venture and plans by China to produce its own regional sircraft. Page 3

EU 'neutrals' in defence deal: The European Union and its four "neutral" member states, Ans-tria, Finland, Ireland and Sweden, have reached a

S African union rejects economic policy: The Confederation of South Africa Trade Unions, the country's biggest trade union group described the government's economic policy as "a certain rec-

Boost for Philippines' surplus: The Philippine balance of payments has risen from \$280m in the first half of 1995 to \$2.5bn in the first half of 1996 following rapid exports growth and higher than expec-

Shanghai international, China's biggest securities company, had its shares suspender Hong Kong as its local arm appeared set to buy of the territory's oldest financial services groups in a deal estimated at about HK\$400m (US\$52m). Page 18



At least eight people have died and thousands forced to fice floods in Quebec, Canada, following two days of heavy rain. The town of Chicoutimi (above), in the south of the state, was among the worst hit areas after a dam burst.

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# recovering after Software problems hit Olympics

By Fischerd Winters in New York and Father Aspeten and Kaith Atlanta games beset by computer and transport difficulties

International Business Machines The computer problems come as the games organisers are tryfaced an awkward Olympic challenge yesterday when the US computer company admitted it was racing against time to fix a series of "start-up" problems which have halted the flow of ing to untangle the city's transport system. International Olym-

The glitches, which the com-pany blamed on software pro-grammes, have interrupted results flowing from the games' many venues to newspapers and internet users around the world. At times, the 17,000 reporters in Atlanta have been unable even to

obtain lists of competing athletes.

pic Committee officials told the Games organisers to solve the traffic problems quickly, and the organisers then summoned Mayor Bill Campbell of Atlanta to discuss the congestion. Most complaints from competing teams are aimed at the bus natwork established to ferry ath-letes to their vanues. There have been daily reports of buses not

turning up, breaking down and drivers getting lost, prompting

the British team to lodge a for-mal complaint with the IOC. British rower Steve Redgrave, siming for a fourth successive gold medal, quit the Olympic vil-lage in disgust yesterday and booked into a hotel close to the regatta venue after buses were taking 2% hours for a one-hour trip. Meanwhile, the patience of Ukrainian, British and Polish rowers snapped when they hijacked a bus which had been heading for the bockey vanue. The technology problems are a

aethack for IBM's plans to use the event as a showcase, and the

company said it was making "round the clock" efforts to resolve the difficulties. "Today is better than yesterday, and tomorrow will be better than today," a

pokesman said. For the first Olympic Games to be run entirely with commercial backing, the computerised teeth-ing problems mark an embarrassing opening. IBM, like other sponsors to the Games, paid \$40m for the privilege of linking its name to the Olympic rings.

While purists have complained that the complained

"In previous Games, the information system was dealt with by one company. Here, we are dealing with a number of telecommu-

dented problems

nications companies. It is one of the consequences of our free enterprise system," he said.

It appeared, however, as though the problems were largely down to IBM - though the com-pany suggested that it had been hampered in part by the way its

systems were being used. A spokesman for the company said, for instance, that three Lith-uanian basketball players had Continued on Page 14

Olympics round-up, Page 5

Timing is everything, Page 12 Observer, Page 13

Revenue to be raised from companies which currently pay no tax

# **India presents** budget designed to help the poor

India's five-week-old government yesterday presented a budget designed to help the country's poor and raise revenue from companies which currently pay no There were few reformist mea-

sures which the markets had

wanted to sustain the economic liberalisation initiated by the previous Congress government led by Mr P.V. Narasimha Rao. Despite the latest spending measures to help the rural poor, represented by the 18 parties in India's United Front government,

minister pledged to cut the fiscal deficit to 5 per cent of gross domestic product from last year's Mr H.D. Deve Gowda, prime minister, said the budget had been "of the poor, and the poorof the poor and the said the government remained "steadest" in pursuing economic

reforms, but had to "address the

concerns of the poor" while ensuring growth and "fiscal pru-

The budget was generally well received by Indian business, lespite the corporate tax meamarket index closed at 3,807.6, up from the Friday close of 8,763. However, some foreign inves-tors were disappointed that Mr Chidambaram deferred for at least a further year any moves to open the country's state-run insurance sector to foreign investment. The minister's sole

direct concession to foreign investment was to raise the ceiling on equity holdings by foreign interests in an Indian company

from 5 to 10 per cent.

The budget contained several new schemes to finance rural development and social spending by India's states, reflecting the influence of the regional parties in the coalition, raising spending for the fiscal year ending next March to Rs2,045bn (\$57hn) from Rs1,890hn lest year.

However, Mr Chidambaram said growth estimated at 6.6 per cent next year would keep tax and excise revenues buoyant, MILT LEAST receipts of Ra50bn expected from divesiment. These would be lamched in September, November and January, he said. Revenues would rise to

Rs1,980bn from Rs1,754bn, leav-

ing a fiscal gap of Rs622hn, or 5 per cent of this year's estimated gross domestic product, he added. While keeping maximum tariff rates unchanged at 50 per cent, tariffs on raw materials in chemitronics and other industries. He also introduced a 2 per cent "speimports which he said was neces sary to meet the "burden" of infrastructure investments.

embrace an estimated 1,000. Indian companies which currently pay no taxes by taking



Indian finance minister P Chidambaram arriving at parliament where he presented the five-week-old government's budget which

# EU ministers told BSE can spread to sheep

Tough new controls on the production of lamb were iemanded last night by Mr Franz Fischler, European agriculture commissioner, who warned that be had evidence that BSE, or "mad cow" disease, could be passed to sheep.
Although BSE is thought to

have developed in cattle which consumed feed containing the remains of sheep suffering from scrapie, a brain disease, Mr Fischler said he had last week received "experimental evidence" that the cattle disease could be transmitted back to sheep.

Mr Fischler, told farm minisinformation had come through a committee of scientific experts appointed by the European Com-

He said the research showed the BSE infection tended to affect more parts of the body of a sheep than a cow. The infection was also more widespread within a sheep's body than scrapie, and had been found in the spleen as well as in nerve tissues.

He was calling on European Union veterinary experts to extend BSE-type control measures to sheep, and insisting that offal such as the spleen and

carcases. Such measures have already been introduced in

Officials and ministers including Mr Douglas Hogg, the UK agriculture minister, sought to play down the implications of the new evidence last night, saying that the parts of sheep infected by the disease were not consumed by humans and were already generally removed from sheep meat in abattoirs. But there were fears that Mr Fischler's comments could make consumers question the safety of iamb. Precise details of the proposals have yet to be formulated, and Mr Fischler said it might be animals over a certain age.

Mr Fischler is also calling for tighter controls in animal feed factories to ensure that feed containing mammal remains des tined for non-ruminants cannot "contaminate" meal destined for ruminants. Proposals for a labelling programme to make clear that feed contains mammalian protein are under discussion with

His comments came as he outlined to ministers proposed mea-sures to "rebalance" the beef

Beef crisis, Page 7

# Enron's \$2bn purchase boosts role in US electricity market

Enron, the Houston-based company which has been at the forefront of reshaping the natural gas industry in the US, yes-terday acquired Portland Gen-

The move marks the compeny's attempt to play a leading role in the deregulation of the country's electricity industry. Enron's shares dropped 5 per cent yesterday morning on fears over the impact the acquisition would have on its earnings, putting the value of the all-stock transaction at just over \$25m. The natural gas company will also assume \$1.1bm of Portland's debt. Enron's shares were trading at \$39%, down \$2%, while Portland's jumped \$6% to \$34%. Mr Kenneth Lay, Kuron's chairman, said the deal would reshape the future of both the natural gas and electric utility

Until now, combinations of

sectracy companies in the US have typically involved mergers of neighbouring generators, which have seen benefits in combining overlapping activities and reducing costs. Yesterday's amouncement, however, brings a brash and aggressive upstart-into one of the last and most staid of the US's big regulated

ntility industries. Enron, laying taken advan-tage of the opening up of the US natural gas market over the past wide pipeline system, claims 17 per cent of the country's \$30bn wholesale natural gas distribu-tion business, making it the largsuch company in the indus-

kein of electricity, and said the acquisition would make it the country's largest seller of elec-tricity to big customers after the see Valley Authority. Besides its natural home in the wholesale market, which

involves sales to large, mainly

ries in the US tis sights for the first time on volved mergers sales of both electricity and natural gas to retail costomers. Mr

exemptions. The tax, similar to one which was withdrawn in the

most of India's biggest groups.

Letdown for reformists, Page 4 Editorial Comment, Page 13

To achieve that, however, it will have to develop a national retail brand, a task that will involve skills that the company

The deal will require regulatory approval that could take a year or more to obtain, the two es said. Current regulations will prevent knron from making any other hig acquisi-tions in the electricity business. Mr Lay said the company had no intention of acquiring addi-

tional electricity generation or distribution assets, but hoped to expand its reach through marketing and other agreemen

Euron fired up for global deregulation of energy, Page 16

£40,000,000

**Acquisition** of

PHILIPS PRIVATE MOBILE RADIO

Led and arranged by

# Cinven

Equity provided by Cinven Funds

Macfarlanes acted as solicitors to the company and to the equity investors

Price Waterhouse acted as investigating accountants

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**Never Standing Still** 

# EU 'neutrals' to join defence initiative Kinnock gives

Austria, Finland, Ireland and Sweden give Maastricht review its first breakthrough

The European Union has achieved a breakthrough in talks with its four "neutral" member states on forging a common defence policy. Austria, Finland, Ireland and

Sweden have signalled they are willing to incorporate peacekeeping, armed humanitarian aid, and crisis management in a revision of the Maas-

tricht treaty.
The political breakthrough on defence came during a meeting of high-level representatives to the Maastricht treaty review conference (IGC) in Cork, Ireland, a fortnight ago.

Slovenia

seeks to

recover its

Yugoslav

reserves

By Kerin Hope In Athena

Slovenia has launched an

attempt to recover its share of

tormer Yugoslavia's toreign

exchange reserves by claiming \$650m it says was transferred

by the central bank to a

Yugoslav offshore bank in

claim, a Cypriot court has tem-

porarily frozen deposits of the

former central bank held by

Beogradska Banka's offshore

branch in Nicosia, pending a

Beogradska Banka rejected

the claim, saying it concerned

funds of the National Bank of

Yugoslavia, the former central

bank, "and not funds or

accounts of Beogradska

A large part of former Yugo-

slavia's foreign exchange reserves, estimated at between

\$3bn and \$7bn, are believed to

have been transferred from Belgrade to Beogradska's branch in Cyprus after

the federation collapsed in

Slovenia would be entitled to

claim some 18 per cent of for-mer Yugoslavia's foreign cur-

rency holdings after reaching agreement last month with the London Club of commercial

banks to take on the equiva-

lent percentage of former

However, the Serbian gov-

ernment is believed to have coslav reserve

abroad to buy weapons for the

Bankers said Beogradska,

one of former Yugoslavia's

largest state hanks was active

in financing trade by Yugoslav

break-up of Yugoslavia, Beo-

gradska officials on the island

Serbian companies set up off-

Yugoslav assets held abroad. many Serbian-owned companies shut down and the bank

sacked all but a handful of its

One banker said that even if

the ex-Yugoslav foreign exchange reserves on Cyprus

had been left intact, they were

likely to have been transferred

to another offshore haven

before the clampdown on Ser-

bian offshore operations in

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Yugoslav debt

war in Bosnia

the bank.

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hearing next week.

In response to the Slovenian

in the four-month-old IGC, according to Brussels diplo-

The willingness of the four non-aligned EU member states to consider limited military operations on a case-by-case basis must still be endorsed by heads of government, but it reflects shifts in thinking on defence and security in postcold war Europe.

of the Russian military threat, US support for a greater European role in defence, plans to expand the Nato alliance to the former communist countries of central Europe before the end

of the century, and pressure on "neutrals" to abandon their reticence on defence matters.

Thus, Nato enlargement threatens to leave Austria surrounded by alliance members to the west and east, marginalising the EU newcomer. Finland, with one eye on Russia, is straddling between Nato and its responsibilities as a new EU member. Sweden and Ireland have quietly retreated from

At the Cork meeting, all sides reportedly adopted a practical approach, focusing on the so-called St Petersburg tasks which were set out in a

1992 declaration of the Western European Union, the fledgling defence arm of the EU.

The WEU statement said members were ready to sup-"on a case-by-case basis ... the effective implementation of conflict prevention and crisis-management measures, including peacekeeping activities" under the umbrella of the UN or the Organisation for Security and

Co-operation in Europe.

The willingness of the Irish, Austrians, Finns, and Swedes to assume the St Petersburg tasks delighted France which EU's common foreign and

Holidaymakers keep their cool in face of Eta attempt to bomb them off the beaches

security policy. German officials were encouraged, while noting that French enthusiasm could be driven by the fact that the WEU is based on loose inter-governmental co-operation rather than supranational integration with a role for the European Commission and the

Court of Justice. The UK government remains hesitant because it does not want to give the EU - a civilian power - specific new

This line of thinking applies even though operations under the WEU umbrella would be limited and often contracted out to the Nato alliance. But

UK officials concede that the Cork consensus marks an improvement on the debate in the 1991 Maastricht treaty when France appeared to be leading an effort to create a common European defence rivalling Nato. The spectre of a common European army was one reason why Danes rejected Maastricht in their June 1992

precise relationship between the EU and WEU needed to be resolved in future IGC negotiations, as well as Swedish and Finnish demands to be treated

Officials stressed that the "on an equal footing" with full

agree that the FFr5bn (\$1bn) tranche of a controversial FFr20bn package to the loss-making state airline can be paid. France is understood have agreed to withhold FFribn of the money pending a further report on Air France's restructuring programme.

Approval of the payment is likely to provoke an angry response from competitors.

KLM. Lufthansa and Scandina vian Airlines System had complained to the Commission that Air France was using state aid to undercut their fares. The airline was specifically forbidden to do this when the Commission approved the threestage aid package to support its restructuring in 1994.

Although he refused to give details of his decision, Mr Kinnock told journalists his department had rigorously pursued all complaints about Air France. I am determined that what happens with Air France will adhere to the original conditions and character of the decision made in 1994."

Investigations by Mr Kinnock's staff and independent consultants are thought to have found that Air France did not offer the cheapest fares on many routes cited by rivals, and therefore could not be accused of predatory pricing.

by SAS to Scandinavia, including Stockholm, Gothenburg, Oslo and Copenhagen, was Air France found to be offering the promotion, which it agreed to

assurance over Air France aid The European Commission

By Neil Buckley in Brussels

Mr Nell Kinnock, the European Union transport commissioner, yesterday sought to reassure competitors of Air France that he had investigated allegations of anti-competitive practices fully before approving a third tranche of state aid.

When commissioners me tomorrow they are expected to

Only on routes also operated cheapest fares, under a special

terday cleared Swissain rchase of Allders International, the worldwide duty and tax-free shop at airports and on cruise liners. Reinter reports from Brussels. It also cleared the purchase by Enderly Holdings of the a-Burges Electronics group of companies which formerly constituted the electronics division of Williams Holdings In another ruling, it gave the go-ahead for the creation of a joint venture between
Hoechst and Minnesota Mining

& Manufacturing Co into which the companies are transferring their worldwide activities in melt processable fluoro-plastics and fluoro-elastomers.

end this month.

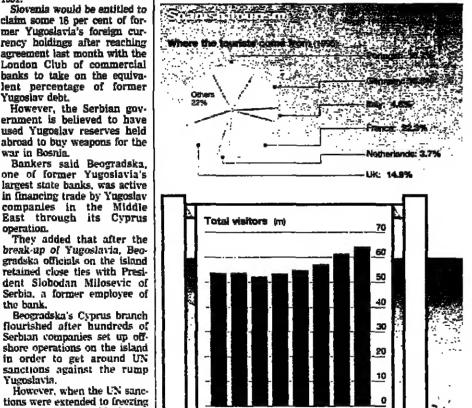
The agreement to delay pay-ment of FFrlbn is thought to be connected with a desire by Brussels to satisfy itself that the airline's proposed merger with Air France Europe, its domestic partner, was operating in a transparent and noniscriminatory way.
Although the Commission

could not impose this condition without reopening the state aid inquiry, competition rules did allow it to request that France complied with the condition,

which it agreed to last week.
Officials said they were awaiting formal notification before deciding whether to probe under state aid rules the planned L1,500bn (\$1bn) capital injection into Alitalia by the Italian treasury and Iri, the state holding company which owns 90 per cent of the airline.

They added it was "not ible" that the Commission would decide to scrutinise the UK's decision last week to allow ferry companies Stana resources to compete with the Channel tunnel.

# Madrid fearful of damage to tourism



By Tom Burns In Madrid

Spain's tourist authorities appear to be a lot more worried then the tourists about the latest bomb campaign launched by Eta, the Basque separatist

Yesterday, latecomers to the huge semicircular beach at main target of the weekend blasts, had to look bard for space in which to stretch out the sun.

In Madrid, officials of the government's tourism institute set up a damage control centre where they began to assess the impact of terrorism on the Spanish economy's single biggest revenue earner and employer. The first signs were encouraging. "So far, there have been no charter flight cancellations," one official

Early yesterday, police defused a small bomb in a Salou hotel, the sixth explosive placed by Eta in the area since the weekend. Five British tourists, who were among 35 injured when a blast ripped through the departure lounge of the nearby Reus airport on

hospital but out of danger. A British embassy spokes-

man in Madrid was reassuring. "We are advising people to be vigilant, to be as alert as they would be in London," he said These things have to be kept in perspective. We are talking about the first British tourists to have been hurt in terrorist violence in a country where for years to spend their holi-days."

But the concern among Spanish officials is two-fold. One is that there is nothing to suggest that Eta, whose initials in Basque stand for Basque Homeland and Freedom, will abandon a strategy of attacking soft targets that has allowed it to gain maximum media exposure with a mini-

mum of risk. The other is that more bombs could wreck what is expected to be a record year for the tourism industry.

income from tourism, which grew by 9 per cent last year to total Pta3,100bn (\$25bn), is set to grow by a further 1 per cent this year. The leisure industry as a whole accounts for about 9 per cent of Spain's gross domestic product and for about one out of every 10 jobs there.

ment formed by the Popular party has said the bomb campaign will not change the step-by-step policy it has adopted to neutralise Eta terrorism. This consists mainly in working closely with the moderate Basque Nationalist party which runs the autonomous government in the Basque

contacts with Rta which were secretly pursued by the previous Socialist government - it is likely that whatever future contacts there might be will be carried out by the moderate

But, in contrast to a Socialist ruling that Eta prisoners should be dispersed to avoid their communicating with each other, the Popular party is beginning to regroup some of the more than 500 convicted separatists in jails near the

Basque country. Mr José Maria Aznar, the prime minister and leader of the Popular party, vowed in the election campaign that brought him to power last March that Eta terrorists would "rot in jail". The more conciliatory approach to the Basque problem he subse-quently adopted is now being

### EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

# **Turkey opts** for import tax

decided to tax imports in an attempt to stabilise worsening external accounts and shore up public finances rapidly deteriorating under the pressure of its populist economic

government's failure to produce a comprehensive revenue-raising package had deepened gloom over the country's finances. Mrs Tansu Ciller, leader of the centre-right True Path party and junior partner in the coalition government, had promised to find financing for a 50 per cent public sector pay increase, which will add about \$1.5bn to

government spending. Economists said the import tax proposal, announced following a three-hour meeting with senior economy officials, may not raise more than \$250m.\$300m. European Union officials were imsure how the new import charges would work and were unwilling to comment on whether they violated Turkey's customs union with the EU. John Barham, Ankara

# France to sell shipping group

France is to keep up the pace of its three-year-old privatisation programme by seeking buyers for Compagnie Générale Maritime, the lossmaking shipping group.

The ministry of economy and finance said yesterday the privatisation would take the form of an agreed sale to a single huver or group of huvers. The move followed the European Commission's approval of a FFr1.13bn (\$210m) state capital contribution to be made at the time of the sale.

The ministry said the aim of this contribution was to enable the privatisation to take place and to ensure the company's future viability. In 1995, CGM made a net loss of FF7497m, but is forecasting "close to break even" for the current year, when turnover is expected to be FFr3.5hn.

It has a fleet of 31 ships, half of which it owns and half of which it charters long term. Interested parties have two weeks to make their interest known to the government and then a further eight weeks to formulate offers. David Owen, Paris

### Warning to German companies Germany's securities watchdog yesterday warned companies

against delaying publication of market-moving news, especially where losses were involved.

The federal supervisory office for securities trading said companies must report such news as soon as it was available to the management board and not wait until it had been approved by the supervisory board or the annual meeting.

The office said the information policy of some companies violated the securities trading act which lays down that market-moving news must be disseminated without delay. Without mentioning names, it said some companies apparently tried to announce negative news about the past year together with the first positive news about the current

# UK companies demand tighter security

By Scheherazade Daneshkhu Leisure Industries

Britain's tourism industry yesterday sought assurances from the Spanish government that security was being tightened to protect holidaymakers in the wake of the bomb at Reus airport.

UK tour operators said a small number of Britons had cancelled holidays in Spain, but the French and German
More than 7m British holitourist industry bodies said daymakers visited Spain in
cious bags.

they had no reports of cancellations. More French go on holiday in Spain than any other nationality.

corporate affairs at the Association of British Travel Agents. said the bombs were "a very serious threat to the image of Spain as a tourist destina-tion". He warned that continued attacks might change the current "laid-back attitude of British holidaymakers".

1994, of which just under 5m took a package boliday, with the remainder making independent arrangements. After meeting Spanish National Tourist Office offi-

cials in London yesterday afternoon, Abta said it had been told extra police were being deployed at airports. British tour operators yesterday urged hotels to increase security and echoed the British Foreign Office's advice to

agency shop in the City of Lon-don, Ms Sarah Jane Kidd, an expenses clerk from Maidstone in Kent, said she had decided against going to Spain and had chosen Corfu instead. "I wouldn't go now because it's not safe, but if I'd already spent a lot of money on a be put off," she said.

At the Thomas Cook travel

booking, I probably wouldn't Package holiday companies, which are applying cancellation fees, reported only a which is top of the league of handful of cancellations yes-

largest package holiday com-pany, said four out of its 1,800 sengers due to fly to Reus yesterday had cancelled. Thomson, the largest tour operator, said it had also In Germany, the Deutscher Reisebūro Verband, the industry body for German package holiday companies, said it saw no reason at the moment to warn against travel to Spain,

terday. Airtours, the second

# Russia to shut 'backdoor' access to government bonds

By Chrystia Freeland in Moscow

The Russian central bank warned yesterday of a crackdown on the 'dubious" schemes of foreign investors to buy government bonds on the same lucrative terms as locals. The bank's warning is a sign, in the aftermath of volatile presidential

elections, of the attempt to establish a "normal" economy in which all transactions are regulated by an above-board, clear set of rules. However, it also suggests that foreigners, who are hungry to enter Russia's highly profitable domestic debt mar-

some time to come. The central bank has recently

invest in Russian treasury bills through official channels. They are guaranteed returns in dollars, but yields have been capped at around 20 per cent annually, less than half those available to local buyers. The intention was to help bring down the crippling cost of public borrowing. which rose about 200 per cent - annualised in roubles - in the anxious days ahead of the presidential ballot.

ket, could face discrimination for ernor of the central bank, yesterday served notice that an easier official entrée would be counterbalanced by made it easier for non-residents to a high-level effort to close the backdoor through which the lion's share of western money has been flowing into Russia's profitable government debt market. "We know about these dubious

schemes and we will force our participants to withdraw themselves from these schemes." Mr Kozlov said. "Our idea is that now we have taken clear steps and the rules of the lays ahead of the presidential ballot.

But Mr Andrei Kozlov, deputy govplay by these rules or we will punish

Mr Kozlov estimated that some 10 per cent of outstanding government debt was held by foreigners who had invested through these "dubious" but perfectly legal schemes, most often by lending money to local agents who would then buy bonds on terms offered to domestic investors. Only 6.8 per cent of the debt was held by foreigners who had invested through the official channel openned earlier this year.

He said the central bank was consulting foreign investors using the tiate "a peaceful withdrawal". Western bankers reacted cau-

tiously to the announcement, saying that outsiders would abide by the central bank's decision because of their reluctance to make any investment which might be attacked by the Russian government. But they warned that merely by closing the backdoor to investment, the central bank could not be certain that buyers would choose to walk in through the narrower official entrance.

Said one: "If they want foreign capital they have to offer parity with

 The Russian central bank is withdrawing the licence of Tveruniversalbank, the country's 17th largest commercial bank, officials said yesterday. The decision will mean the complete liquidation of the bank, which was brought under the administration of the central bank earlier this month.

Its collapse could fuel widespread fears that Russia's fragile banking sector is on the brink of a crisis. In an effort to minimise the fallout, the state-owned savings bank has guaranteed the holdings of all Tveruniyersalbank depositors.

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# Vietnam generator

By Jeremy Grant in Hanoi

American Electric Services (ASS) the US power company, pesiently said it is still in the running for a \$330m, (£211.5m) build-sperate-transfer (BOT) power plant contract in northem Vletnam which could be the country's first independent

power project.

"We have been asked in to continue talks," said an AES official who declined to be named. AES' sole rival for the project, Oxbow, said some geeks ago it had been chosen Electricity of Vietnam (EVN) to negotiate for the

However, AES and Oxbow have both been negotiating with EVN for some time and press reports that Oxbow had been selected - sparked by comments by a senior Oxbow official to a local newspaper - now appear ináccu-

Hyundai of South Korea had been shortlisted but is not involved in further talks. The two US companies envisage using brown coal from coalrich Quang Ninh Province to fire the plant, which could be operational by June

However, the AES official said a deal might take at least six months to clinch. The main sticking point is over pricing for the electricity. Vietnamese negotiators are thought to have whittled the two compa-nies down to proposals involving a price of just under 5 cents per kilowatt hour.

Industry analysts say this would only just make the project viable over the suggested 20-year life of the BOT. "It's hasically a Chinese suction," said one.

Vietnam, which faces a power crisis and severe regional shortages, is looking at bids from about 40 foreign power companies for an indeandent power project known as Phu My Two, Phase 2. The first phase of the project has been financed by the World Bank on condition that the second phase is done on a private

China's aggressive pursuit of Airbus Industrie as a partner for its 100-seat airliner seems certain to lead to a reshuffle of members of the foreign consortium engaged in the project. Airbus involvement would also mean that Daimler-Benz

Aerospace (Dasa) of Germany and Casa of Spain would be drawn into the project. Both are members of the four-nation Airbus Industrie, which also includes British Aerospace and

Ministry.

international Trade and Indus-try is considering funding the joint development of a regional

aircraft for the fast expanding

Asian market despite problems in an existing venture, the YS-X, and plans by China to

produce its own regional air-

The trade ministry envisages

that the project, involving Jap-anese and Asian manufactur-

ers, will develop a 100-seater

aircraft to meet growing regional demand for short-dis-

The type of aircraft will

lepend on a feasibility study.

The ministry hopes to keep both production and mainte-

nance costs as low as possible

and does not expect to develop

large sircraft in competition

The Asian region is expected to show the fastest growth in

air travel into the next decade

and aircraft manufacturers

believe that demand for air-

craft from Asian countries will

be a major source of growth for

The Japan Aircraft Devalop-

ment Corporation, a consor-tium of large Japanese manu-

facturers, forecasts that

with Airbus or Boeing.

tance air travel.

the industry.

Japanese may

fund regional

Asian aircraft

The latter two companies are already partners with Alenia of Italy in a venture, Aero International Asia, which signed a memorandum of understand-ing with China earlier this month to build the Asian

Express 100 (AE-100). Western aerospace represen-tatives in Beijing said it was likely that in the end China's European partners would include Airbus, representing Aérospatiale, British Aero-space, Daimler Benz and Casa

Asia-Pacific region will see demand for 4,237 sircraft, or

more than a quarter of total

worldwide demand during that

Miti plans to apply for funds

in next year's government bud-get to subsidise joint develop-

ment with Asian countries in

The ministry believes the

project will give Japan an edge in fostering a regional atterait industry. If funding is approved, a feasibility study

would start as early as next

continuing efforts to develop

an aerospace industry – a long-standing priority.

The government has pumped billions of yen into one pro-

gramme after another - usu-

ally involving participation in

aircraft development programmes by Boeing of the US.

These ventures have pro-vided Japanese industry with

some technological know-

how but little commercial

Most recently, Japan put up

Y10bn (\$92.4m) over four years

towards the development, in

which Japanese manufacturers

have participated, of the Boe-

ing 777, a 400-seater, two-en-

The plan underlines Japan's

the programme.

fiscal vear.

meccanica. Alenia would be no stranger to a broader European partnership since it it is involved in the Eurofighter project with Daimler-Benz and British Aero-

A representative of Aviation Industries of China (Avic) told the official China Daily that Chinese insistence on Airbus's inclusion in the AE-100 partnership was in order that the plane be compatible with other elements of the Airbos fleet.

share certain features with Airbus planes so as to benefit the end users," said the official. China recently signed an order for \$1.5bn worth of Airbus aircraft, including 30 150-seat A320s. The deal effectively broke Boeing's stranglehold on

the China market. China's Avic is expected to take a 45-50 per cent stake in the 100-seat project, with the Europeans 40 per cent and Singapore Technologies Aerospace 10-15 per cent.

# F OS RPMs

However, another programme aimed at putting iomestic manufacturers in the lead role as developers of a

small regional aircraft, the

YS-X, has failed to take Although government fund-ing for this project, which has to date amounted to Y2,65hn, is expected to continue, the programme has been dogged by difficulties such as finding

Plans by China to develop its own regional aircraft have cast a shadow over market pros-pects. Miti stresses that the latest plan is unrelated to the YS-X project and aims instead to nurtime Asian industry. The Indonesian government,

for example, has asked Japa-nese industry to participate as sub-contractors in its programme to develop a small jet

Japanese aerospaca manufacturers, which depend for about 75 per cent of their sales on defence contracts, have recently faced a period of falling orders.

# **Telecoms** reform tops Asian agenda

US pressure to speed regional liberalisation is at the top of the agenda at a gathering of Asia-Pacific telecommunications officials today, but hopes for direct Taiwan-China telecoms links could steal the limelight. Reuter reports from Taipei.

Officials from all 18 Asia-Pacific Economic Co-operation (Apec) members, including Talwan, China and the US will also prepare a final agenda for a September meet-ing of Apec telecom ministers in Australia, the telecom sector prejude to Apec's annual leadership summit in Novem-

Analysis expect China will use the Taipel meeting as a chance to press Taiwan to end a ban on direct communications dating from 1949, when China's Nationalist government, defeated by the commu-nists, took refuge on the island.

Telephone calls across the 220km (140-mile) Taiwan Strait must be routed through Hong Kong, Singapore or even the US, adding to the costs and frustration of Talwanese tending China investments worth

Taipei says sovereignty issues make a lifting of the ban impossible at the moment, but Triwan's state-owned tele-com monopoly Chunghwa has acknowledged that China's huge market is a key to long-term survival.

Steps to liberalise Asia's telecom markets are also expected to be discussed at the eeting, with initiatives for advancing telecom infrastruc-ture in the Asia-Pacific region. Washington has urged

Asia's rapidly growing economies to table better offers for freeing their telecom markets, saying this would attract new investment and drive innova-

Acting US Trade Representa tive Ms Charlene Barshefsky has said that Apec is an appropriate forum for promoting US and World Trade Organisation free-trade initiatives.

WORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST

# Venture hit by polyester prices

Total and Amoco are to abandon a joint venture to produce the raw material for polyester, in the face of adverse market conditions. The two oil companies had planned to build a 350,000 tonne paraxylene plant in north-western Europe, with raw materials from Total and technology from Amoco.

Paraxylene is used to make purified terephthalic acid (PTA). one of the main ingredients in polyester plastics such as PET and polyester fibre.

Amoco, which has been expanding its polyester operations

agressively, is the world's largest producer of PTA. However, be polyester market has suffered a sharp reversal since the joint venture with Total was announced last July. PET prices have fallen by more than 40 per cent in the last ear, and industry estimates point to oversupply and low

prices for several years to come. Total said yesterday the downturn in polyester had created price pressures and highlighted logistical difficulties in the planned joint venture. However, Amoco said it still planned to build a paraxylene plant in Europe. Jenny Lucsby, London

### Pilkington plans Indian plant

Pilkington, the UK glassmaker, has signed a memorandum of understanding to build a \$150m float glass factory outside Madras in south India in a joint venture with the Tamil Nadu state's industrial development corporation.
The investment, one of the biggest direct manufacturing

investments by a UK-based company in India, would produce 3,500 tomes a week of float glass and 250,000 sets of toughened and laminated vehicle glass. Tamil Nadu state is fast becoming India's second biggest automotive centre after Maharashtra, following major greenfield car plant investments from Hyundai of Kores and a joint Ford, Mahindra & Mahindra venture.

Pilkington will own a majority share of the venture in which Tamil Nadu will take an 11 per cent state. The UK company said it would aim to float 25 per cent of the new venture on Indian markets. Mark Nicholson, New Delhi

### China rules on tobacco ventures

China has decided not to approve the establishment of any foreign-funded enterprises in the tobacco industry in the next five years, the official Xinhua news agency reported yesterday The State Tobacco Monopoly Bureau said China would not launch any new Sino-foreign joint ventures in production of cigarettes, filters or tobacco processing but would continue to conduct technological co-operation with foreign manufacturers. The decision has been taken because and demand is balanced on the domestic market, and the government will focus on curbing illegal operations in the industry, officials said.

AFX, Hong I

# Mexican counterfeiters caught

Mexican authorities have raided a factory in Mexico City that had millions of counterfeit clothing labels for brands such as

Levi's, Guess, Gap and Furore.
Millions of labels of prestigious brands printed on about 6,000 metres of rolls of cloth were secured by the police, who also found computer equipment used to create the labels. There were also orders from a separate factory for fabric to make counterfeit clothes, trainers and caps. Officials said the investigation began after the attorney general's office received complaints from the legal owners of the Reuter, Mexico Citu

# S African unions attack economic policy

South Africa's biggest trade union federation yesterday declared war on the govern-ment's economic policy. describing it as "a certain rec-

South Africa Trade Unions (Cosatu), said the policy, announced last month, would lead the country in a direction diametrically opposed to that set out initially in the reconstruction and development pro-

The tripartite alliance between the African National Congress, which heads the government, Cosatu and the Communist party, was in a difficult position, he declared. "There is no crisis at the

Mr Sam Shilowa, general sec-retary of the Confederation of age this situation carefully, it could certainly develop into one, said Mr Shilowa, who also sits on the executive of the Communist party. Divisions between the

unions and government have federation's national executive,

December when Mr Thabo Mbeki, deputy president, announced plans to privatise three small companies and seek minority equity partners for others.

The unions complained they had not been consulted and forced the government to modify its plans. But President Nelson Mandela has since insisted the government will go ahead with the policy.
Mr Shilowa was reporting on

a three-day meeting of the con-

mal response to the government policy document on "growth, employment and redistribution". Mr Trevor Manuel, finance minister, told parliament last month core elements of the policy document were not open to negotiation.

These included further cuts in the budget deficit, tight monetary policy, gradual elimi-nation of exchange controls, privatisation and a more flexible labour market. Mr Shilowa said the policy

had been drawn up by officials

the South African Reserve Bank. "It is a certain recipe for disaster," he claimed. "These conservative models are not going to bring about the envisaged creation of 400,000 new jobs, or deliver the social needs of our people.

"At most, it will increase the gap between poor and rich and condemn the homeless and jobless to extremes of poverty. Unions officials refused to speculate on what action they might take and said they

intended to "engage the gov-

erument in dialogue". Mr Shilowa added the government policies did not come from within the ANC, but had emerged "from particular ministries".

There was a special onus on South Africans to invest in their own economy. "Any strategy premised solely on for eigners investing, while we fail to show confidence in ourselves, is doomed to failure." No evidence existed that foreign investors were shunning South Africa because of exchange controls.

# on spending cuts when interest rates begin to fall with

Mr Dan Meridor, Israel's new finance minister, yesterday said the government was confident its package of Shk4.9bn (\$1.5bn) in expenditure cuts for next year's budget would pass through parliament.
In an interview he also said the

government had moved swiftly to provide a safety net for the capital market and that despite a recent equity sell-off, the government's poli-cies would quickly resuscitate the investment climate. "We have moved swiftly to carry

out important reforms to cut the budget and cut inflation and this is just the beginning. Nobody could of expected more from a government coming into power," he said.

Mr Meridor said the government had inherited a difficult situation of widening budget and balance of payments deficits and had acted to cut

He said criticism that a Shk350m expenditure cut from the 1996 budget was too small was unfounded because most of the expenditure had already been committed by the previous administration.

Furthermore, an immediate freeze on public sector hiring would effectively cut the public sector work force by 2 per cent by the end of this "Investors have taken note that we

are serious about reducing the size of government and reducing the budget A recent crisis in the financial markets, caused by high interest rates of above 17 per cent and massive ongoing huge redemptions from investment funds, was a short-term phe-nomenon which would be solved

inflationary expectations, he said.
Figures released yesterday by the central bank showed M1 money supply rose only 0.1 per cent in June (5.5 per cent for the first six months), confirming a decline in inflationary. expectations and raising prospects for a minor downward adjustme rates when the central bank announces monetary policy for

Angust next Monday.

We have established a committee to carefully watch over the problems in the capital market and we are ned to make the market alive and kicking as a major source of finance and investment," Mr Meridor

Investors' fears that the government would have difficulty passing the Shk4.9bn expenditure cut through parliament were unfounded, he said. Although there were disagreements between coalition partners over where to cut expenditure. there was consensus on the overall

size of the cut, he said. "Cutting the budget is just the beginning. We want to open the economy faster and end the protection of goods and services... We don't believe that government can manage

Mr Meridor said the \$140m investment by Nestlé in Osem, an Israeli food manufacturer and distributor. announced on Sunday, was a mark of continuing confidence by international investors in the Israeli econ-

"The notential of the Israeli economy is great and the peace process, despite doomsday speculation by journalists, is continuing... In the long term Israel will be a very good place to invest in."

# Meridor confident Nigeria taxes exporters in its quest for missing oil millions

Paul Adams reports on a costly new cargo inspection scheme hen an oil tanker moors at scheme is necessary to prevent losing all this oil, but I don't believe export terminals it is

one of Nigeria's eight export terminals, it is checked by navy and customs officials. Before, during and after the 24 to 36 hours it takes to load by pipeline, a separate team of inspectors from the oil ministry measures the quantity, temperature, water content and specific gravity of the oil in the storage tanks. When all the inspectors storage tanks. When an the inspections have reconciled their figures, the data are used for the bill of lading, which is despatched to the ship before sailing. If the ship's own readings vary by 0.5 per cent or more from the bill of lading, the centain will now the lading, the captain will protest.

Yet Nigeria's military government claims that every day 150,000 barrels of oil slip through this net.
So yesterday it issued a decree establishing a new inspection scheme

that will be paid for by a tax on exports, both oil and non-oil. Exporters say the scheme is unnecessary, wasteful, costly and suspi-cious. That much oil could never get through the system, they say.
What trks them most is that the

cost of the new system will be met by a levy of I per cent of shipment value for non-oil commodities and 0.15 per cent of oil. The big six operators, Shell, Mobil. Chevron, Elf, Agip and Texaco, which produce Nigeria's oil in joint ventures with Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation, have written to Mr Anthony Anl, the Nigerian finance minister, asking for the levy to be dropped. ...

Mr Bryan Robinson, the head of Robinson International, a UK-based petroleum inspector, which expects to carry out most of the oil export inspection, says that the inspection

"It is called topping-up and oil traders in Rotterdam say that it is com-mon with Nigerian crude," he says. For that to happen, however, everyone in the existing chain of inspection would have to look the other way. "If Robinson and Co can find a missing 150,000 barrels a day," says an oil shipper, "then there is a prob-lem worldwide because we use the American Standards of Measurement"

the inspection process used just

about everywhere.

The government's missing oil claim is based on an unpublished report by a state panel of inquiry in 1994 that said up to 7 per cent of Nigeria's official oil production had been disappearing. This is a serious charge in a country where crude oil provides more than 90 per cent of export earnings and about 80 per cent of government revenue.

However, central bank records and the national budget show the government is receiving full revenue - about \$7bn forecast this year - from Nigeria's 2m barrels a day output, If the government's claim of illegal exports is correct, they could only come from surplus production, which would mean that Nigeria was heavily exceeding its quota set by the Organi-sation of Petroleum Exporting Coun-

This is difficult to verify since the

NNPC, which owns 57 per cent of the oil, does not produce a set of accounts and there is no record of the prices at which NNPC markets its share of the oil exports through middlemen. "The government alleges that it is new inspection scheme is a big waste of money, but what can we do?" There is also criticism from public

sector oil officials of the choice of the two foreign-based inspection compa-nies. Neither Robinson International nor Global Inspection Services, previously registered in Paris and with no known inspection record in Nigeria, had offices or staff in Nigeria capable of carrying out the work when they were awarded their contracts. And neither company is a member of the International Federation of Inspection Agents. Furthermore, some more established inspection agents have already been approached to do some of their work on a sub-contractor

Robinson International says that the oil inspection contract is the largest of its kind in the world, although the exact value of the contract and the identity of the majority Nigerian shareholders are not disclosed. Most of the new levy - \$15m a year

based on the government's forecast for the oil industry in 1996 - will come from the oil producers but the scheme will hit harder in the small non-oil sector where exporters are struggling to stay competitive with inflation estimated at around 50 per cent and a firm exchange rate for the

"Pre-shipment inspection is already done by the importer, so government imposing this inspection does not help with quality control, it just takes 1 per cent off Nigerian companies profits," says an association for non-oil exporters in Lagos.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS DIGEST

# Hopes rise as Arafat sees Levy

Palestinian President Yassir Arafat is to meet Mr David Levy, Israel's foreign minister, today, in a meeting which the PLO hopes will put the peace process back on track.

Mr Arafat wants his talks with Mr Levy to lead to a summit with Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, said a PLO

Peace talks between the PLO and Israel have been suspended since the May election of Mr Netanyahu, whose opposition to trading land for peace has alarmed Arab leaders. "We expect the meeting to lead to resumption of high-level contacts and to peace talks suspended since Netanyahu's election," the official said, but Israeli officials refused to comment on the meeting.

PLO officials said they were aware that Israeli security concerns were the main theme in the Likud leader's election

campaign, following suicide bombings by Moslem militants opposed to the peace process which killed scores of "Security of Israel can't be the basis of the peace process, it

is the outcome of peace," an official said. Reuter, Jerusalem

### Detainee swap inspires plan Israel and the Hizbollah guerrillas of Lebanon plan to resolve

the "detainee" issue after Sunday's successful conclusion of their first prisoner swap in 10 years. Of the six Israeli servicemen who went missing in south

Lebanon between 1982 and 1986, the Jerusalem government believes that the air pilot Mr Ron Arad is still alive. Mr Arad was initially captured in 1986, but Hizbollah claims he went missing a short time later. Hizbollah announced yesterday in Beirut that it would "seek information" about him to continue negotiations with Israel, and secure the release of the 230 Lebanese prisoners still being held. Israel refused to release senior Hizbollah cleric Sheikh Abdel Karim Obeld, and Mustapha Dirani – head of a small Islamic

faction, in Sunday's trade, holding on to them in anticipation of a breakthrough in the case of Mr Arad. The successful release of all prisoners from both parties to this 14-year-old conflict clears up a major obstacle to a possible israeli withdrawal from its occupation zone in south Lebanon. Sean Evers. Cari

# Prisoners freed in Niger

Niger yesterday freed dozens of detained opposition supporters after the Supreme Court confirmed General Ibrahim Bare Mainassara's election victory, but his four poll opponents remained under house arrest.

Interior Minister Idi Ango Omar said Gen Mainassara would meet each of his four election opponents during the day and they could be released from house arrest soon. Most of the detainees were arrested during protests in Nlamey and the second city of Zinder following the chaotic

July 7 and 8 presidential election.
On July 8, Mr Mainassara dissolved the electoral commission and replaced it with his own appointees. The national election observatory, a monitoring group made up of human rights groups and other organisations, denounced the

conduct of the poll. The US-based National Democratic Institute, which had been providing technical support and training local election observers, pulled out saying the conduct of the poll was "so flawed that it represents a major setback to the

democratisation process in Niger". In a broadcast to the nation on Sunday night, Gen Mainassara invited his opponents to unite with him to rebuild

# Bank of China hits at Moody's ratings

The Bank of China yesterday reacted angrily to a report by Moody's, the US credit rating agency, placing its 11 Hong Kong-based affiliates near the bottom end of investment grade ratings.

Calling the Moody's report "unfair and not objective," the Hong Kong and Macao office of the Bank of China said the ratings were received "with regret". Its so-called sister banks were sound, with solid capital bases and strong credit worthiness, it added.

The riposte marked the latest clash between China's banks and Moody's. Last year. the US agency downgraded China's four main banks, prompting the Bank of China to shelve a HK\$5bn (\$646.8m) issue for its Hong Kong

bank's 11 Hong Kong affiliates, Moody's gave ratings of Baa2/ Prime 3 for long-term and short-term foreign currency deposits and financial strength ratings of between C and D.

Mr Edward Young, managing director of Moody's for the Asia Pacific region, said the ratings were in the middle of the lowest investment grade range and among the lowest for Hong Kong banks rated by

Acknowledging the institu-tions had generally solid finan-

	Long-term and short-term foreign currency deposits	Ba finar atro
Chine State Bank	B022/P-3	-
China & South Sea Bank	822/P-3	
Chiyu Banking Corporation*	Bax2/P-3	I
Hua Chiao Commercial Bank*	Ba22/P-3	E
Kincheng Banking Corporation	Bas2/P-3	
Kwangtung Provincial Bank	Bas2/P-3	
Nanyang Commercial Bank	Bas2/P-3	(
National Commercial Bank	Bas2/P-3	1
Po Sang Bank"	. Bas2/P-3	
Sin Hua Bank	Bea2/P-3	
Yinn Yish Commercial Bank	Ben2/P-3	- (
Treorganised in Hana Korea		

said the ratings reflected their close relationship with the Bank of China and an expectation that their operations in Hong Kong and on the main-land would be increasingly integrated with the territory's return to China next year.

The implication is that capital could be reduced diverted by head office in China," one Hong Kong bank-

ing analyst said.
For the seven banks incorporated in China, the report also criticised "very poor" standards of transparency and disclosure. The assessment was brighter for the four Hong Kong-incorporated affiliates, which had "qualitatively better" standards of disclosure. Two of the banks. Po Sang

mercial banks in Hong Kong. Banking analysts said they had little concern about the health of the mainland-backed banks in Hong Kong. The Hong Kong Monetary Authority, which supervises the industry. said it did not comment on specific institutions, but the banking sector was "sound and sta-

rable with some of large com-

"I would be surprised if there were credit-related concerns in the Hong Kong franchises of the Bank of China group," said Mr Andrew Brown, analyst at Salomon Bros.

Moody's says the Bank of China group has a market share of about 25 per cent of retail deposits in Hong Kong. Mainland banks are a signifi cant lender to local busin to infrastructure projects and

# India budget disappoints seekers of faster reform

Bank and Nanyang Commer-

cial Bank, were given C grades

for financial strength, compa-

By Mark Nicholson

India's finance minister P. Chidambaram may have disappointed those pressing for faster reforms and opening of the economy with his first budget yesterday, but is likely to have kept most of the constituents of his fragile and sometimes fractious 13-party coalition con-

Foreign investors, who had hoped Mr Chidambaram might take long-awaited steps to opening the insurance sector to private and foreign investment, were disappointed, as were those hoping he might cut India's maximum tariff to 40 from 50 per cent. Many also expressed scepticism he would meet his target fiscal deficit for the year of 5 per cent of GDP, down from 5.9 per cent last

But few were surprised by the budget, given the tough political constraints on the

Prime Minister HD Deve Gowda said the budget had been "of the poor, and the

poorest of the poor and the neglected". He outlined plans to raise spending on agricul-ture, rural infrastructure, irrigation, fertiliser and food sub-

Given the predominance of regional parties in the coalition, he announced an extra Rs25bn (\$702.2m) would be made available for state-government run programmes to meet basic water, health, housing and other rural needs.

His other concerns were to show convincingly that India remained "steadfast on the course of economic reforms" and committed to "fiscal prudence and macro-economic sta-

Mr Chidambaram promised three tranches of divestment of state assets before the end of the fiscal year, to earn a tar-geted Rs50bn, but he gave no further details. For foreign institutional investors, he to escape paying tax at all. announced the limit on individual FII holdings in any single Indian company would rise from 5 per cent at present, to Perhaps the greatest worry

about yesterday's budget is Mr

his fiscal deficit target. The minister announced few direct cuts in expenditure to offset the slew of schemes for the poor and rural areas, announcing instead a new high level" commission would be formed to recommend areas where government could be

Instead, he seemed to be relying on raising income from a newly announced tax to catch "zero-tax" companies, a "special surcharge" of 2 per cent on all imports to pay for needed "infrastructure" and receipts from the proposed dis-

The new tax is designed to embrace the estimated 1,000 Indian companies which take advantage of numerous exemptions, on depreciation and investment, which enable them ING Barings recently calculated that 65 of India's top 200 companies, averaging earnings growth of 25 per cent, fall into Editorial Comment, Page 13

# EU gives way to Asean over Burma

The European Union yesterday sought to avert a confrontation with the seven members of the Association of South East Asian Nations by dropping its objections to Burma's admission into the regional

Mr Dick Spring, president of the EU council of ministers. said Burma was "welcome" to join the Asean Regional Forum, an expanded consulta-tive grouping including the core seven members which meets today.

His statement contrasts with several by Mr Manuel Marin, EU commissioner with responsibility for Asia, who has criticised Burma for its human rights record and lack of lemocracy and warned its admission as an observer to Asean "would be a problem". Burma was sworn in as an The EU's reversal appeare

to be an attempt to avoid disagreements with Asean's seven member states - Vietnam. Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand, Brunel, Indonesia and Singapore – four months after political leaders from
Asia and the EU pledged
mutual respect and co-operation at the inaugural Asia-Europe summit in Bangkok.

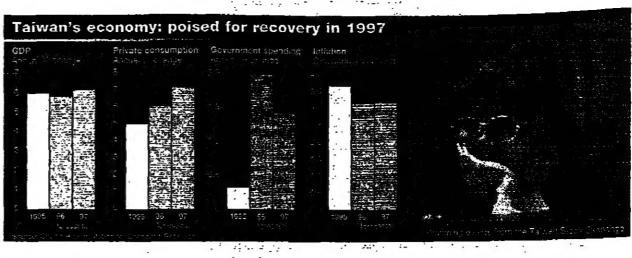
Asean officials expressed annoyance at the EU's recent comments on Burma; a few suggested in private that the EU's status as a "dialogue partner" in the regional forum should be revoked.

Both sides are reluctant to let their growing political and Burma issue. Asean's primary consideration is that Burma's admittance will help increase the region's effectiven counterweight to China's

The EU does not regard the situation in Burma as grave enough to warrant an uncor promising stance which could iennardise its ties with Asean's booming economies. Mr Spring will, however, cri-

ticise Burma at Asean regional forum meetings this week, an EU official said. The EU is pressing Burma's military rulers to release from detention members of the National League for Democracy and enter into discussions with its leader Aung San Suu Kyi.

It also wants a full explanation of the death in prison of Mr James Leander Nichols. a been an honorary consul for several European states.The Burmese declined to meet an EU demand for an independent autopsy to be performed on Mr Nichols' body.



Taipei's dynamic economy runs into structural and bureaucratic problems, reports Laura Tyson

# Red tape hampers Taiwan<sup>e</sup>

puter company, Acer, has US\$100m tied up in a piece of land - and has bee waiting seven years for the government to rezone it from agricultural to industrial use. Mr Stan Shih, Acer's chair-man, is philosophical. "A big company like Acer can afford to wait," he says. "But for smaller companies, this type of

bureaucratic problem is a huge burden. How can they compete internationally?" When exports were booming. the stock market buoyant and consumers flush with cash, noone worried much about gov-ernment efficiency. But with

growth sluggish by historical standards and political clouds looming over business confidence, Taiwan's infamous red tape and legislative delays have emerged as a bottleneck to the island's economic

As Taiwan's economy matures, its traditional competitive advantages are are facing stiff competition from other Asian manufacturing centres. The economy is also feeling the effects of plummet ing prices in the semiconductor industry, as well as traditional industries such as netrochemicals and steel.

Fractious relations with China, an external drag on confidence, are likely to be bumpy for years to come. Exports to China, the island's fastest-growing export market in recent years have been lack-

Taiwan has reached the point where it may no longer rely on the dynamism of the private sector to gloss over internal structural problem Democracy has made it far more difficult to skirt annoy-

ing bureaucratic regulations and to push through unpopular industrial development projects. Industrialists are united in their complaint about red tape, the huge backlog in pass-ing much-needed revisions to anachronistic laws, and environmental protests against potentially polluting industries and nuclear power.

UNITED STATES

China is expected to react angrily to a strongly-worded European Parliament resolution calling for a greater role for Taiwan in UN activities, London and Neil Buckley in

Passed without fanfare at the end of last week, the reso-lution calls on European governments to urge the UN to set up a working party to study the scope for Taiwan to participate in UN institutions.

The resolution regrets Taiwan is prevented from making a full contribution to the UN and says its participa-tion would be "desirable and

valuable" It thus flies in the face of China's bitter opposition to Taiwan's campaign for UN rec-ognition, which Betjing regards as a confirmation of Taiwan's ambition to establish formal independence from the mainland.

The resolution, passed by a show of hands under the European parliament's Rule 47, is not binding and China has ignored several similar resolutions on human rights this

Mr Wang Yung-tsai, president of Formosa Plastics, recently complains about construction delays in the group's T\$250bn (\$9.07bn) petrochemical complex, saying government bureaucracy and environmental protests were conspiring to undermine Taiwan's competitiveness.

Industrial production fell 0.27 per cent in the first five months of this year. Exports of goods during the first half rose just 6.4 per cent, compared to 22.7 per cent in 1995, imports of goods actually fell, by 1.0 per jump for all of 1995. This is in part due to a fall in luxury imports, but more

importantly it signifies a worrying drop in imports of industrial raw materials, presaging continued sluggish industrial

The well-regarded Chung-

parliamentary motion on Tibet caused a marked deterioration in its relations with Boun, and the Taiwan issue is, if anything, more sensitive. China, which regards Taiwan as a rebel province.

has said on several occasions Taipei must drop its campaign for UN membership as a pre-condition for better relations with the mainland. It habitually protests vehemently when other comitties show signs of sympathy towards Taiwan.

Though the resolution falls short of calling for full recognition of Taiwan, its tone is unambiguously supportive. It calls on Europe to support

Taiwan's efforts to secure better representation in international organisation in human and labour rights, economic affairs, the environment and development co-operation, and says the European Commission should establish an infornation office in Tainei.

It is important for the EU and its member states to develop relations with the governments of China and Taiwan, "in an amicable and constructive spirit," the resolution says.

Hua institution for Economic Research recently lowered its 1996 forecast for GDP growth from 6.40 per cent to 5.88 per cent. The government in May forecast 6.17 per cent growth, against last year's 6.06 per

"As we say, last year was

hot outside and cool inside; but this year is 'cool' both inside and out," said Mr Daniel Chen, chief economist at Chinatrust Commercial Bank. "After the tensions between Taiwan and China earlier this year, people expected the stock and property markets to recover, private consumption and investment to pick up and the government to push forward with its infrastructure development programme. But apart from the stock market. so far we haven't seen much

The stock market railled in

presidential elections in March cleared away political uncertainties, but has lately fallen off. In the long term share prices will be buoyed by Taiwan's inclusion into Morgan Stanley's benchmark stock indices, scheduled for September. Any substantial positive remarks from Beiting regard ing Taiwan would also fuel stock market gains, but this looks unlikely in the near

Unemployment hit a record high of 2.35 per cent in May. and the rate is expected to climb during the third quarter as new graduates hit the job market. Feeling the squeeze, companies are "down-sizing" and are less willing to hire new graduates. Wage growth was just over 3 per cent during the first five months of the year, the lowest gain in decades. On the bright side, labour productivity is likely to rise, said Mr Tsou Chi. researcher at the Chung-hua Institution for Eco-

nomic Research. Relations between Taiwan and China are also holding back economic growth. They have improved since March, when Beijing held military drills in the Taiwan Strait, but remain deadlocked over ti sensitive issue of unification and an early resumption of talks severed in June 1995 is seen unlikely. "We may have to wait until autumn next year before we know who is in control in China, and confidence in the the future of cross-strail relations can be restored," said Mr Chen.

Inflation has been dropping and money supply growth has been falling off, reflecting slugzish demand. Monetary policy is already quite loose so the government is limited in its room to use monetary measures to stimulate the economy. The best way to boost the economy, said Mr Chen, is to speed up implementation of long-delayed infrastructure projects. In 1995, just 35 per cent of funds budgeted for pub-

# NICRO

# Rapid rise in export earnings boosts Philippines surplus

By Edward Luce in Manila

Rapid exports growth and higher than expected remittances from overseas workers boosted the Philippine balance of payments surplus more than tenfold in the first six months of 1996 to its highest level ever. Philippine economists said the country's overall balance of payments, including current account and capital account flows, had risen from \$230m in the first half of 1995 to \$2.5bn in the first half of 1996. exceeding this year's annual

In the first six months of this year, the country's gross international reserves grew to \$10.5bn, or more than three months' worth of imports - another record, according to figures released

target halfway through the

"This is not a one-off," said Mr Diwa Guinigundo, chief Overall balance of payments, Sho



economist at the Philippine central bank. With exports, led mainly by electronics and garments, growing by over 20 per cent so far this year, and remittances from an estimated im overseas workers expected to top the \$4.9bn

recorded in 1995, officials say

Improved fundamentals. including inflation, which fell to below double digits last month and is expected to drop to 6 per cent by December, should help further boost the

economy.

that some of the steep increase in the surplus could be attributed to the reversal of the sudden capital outflows seen during the first quarter of 1995. These came in the wake of falling confidence in emerging markets after the Mexican devaluation crisis and the collapse of Barings Bank in Singapore. But the resurgence of portfolio inflows has also been

The government conceded

matched by higher foreign direct investments. In his annual state of the nation address to both houses of congress yesterday, President Fidel Ramos said the Philippines should build on its restored international competivital tax reforms. Mr Ramos, who unveiled

plans for a national provident fund scheme to boost domestic savings, said there was an 'urgent need to generate more internal savings".

At 19 per cent of gross domestic product, the Philippines' savings rate was still well below the 30 per cent average in east Asia.

 The Dutch government yes terday said Mr José Maria Sison, a Philippine communist leader, was being expelled because of unspecified "involvement in acts of terror" writes Gordon Cramb in Amsterdam. Mr Sison, head of the insurgent National Democratic Front, has lived since 1988 in the Netherlands, which has hosted intermittent peace talks between rebel groups and the Manila government.

# INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS: BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

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#5 #5 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6 #6	133.4 127.1 128.3 141.9 162.9 170.1 175.4 182.5 179.8	-37 00 -48 -17 63 -72 -42 45 133 129 162	-0.2 3.0 -3.7 -3.6 -7.2 -4.9 2.9 8.0 5.4	6.7942 6.7946 6.9265 7.0354 7.0169 6.9202 8.8843 6.8420 6.5659	100.0 102.7 102.7 102.7 102.6 103.8 102.1 105.4 105.1	Equate 103.7 99.4 190.7 198.3 127.8 133.5 137.0 137.9 140.1 160.1	-18.0 -2.5 -7.5 -8.9 -11.3 -9.3 -10.5 -8.0 17.9 18.8	-5.4 -1.4 -2.1 -8.0 -17.0 -17.7 -21.5 9.7 13.1	1443.0 1461.8 1494.2 1536.8 1509.2 1523.2 1531.3 1591.5 1836.7 1908.6	100.0 101.4 101.1 97.7 88.6 100.1 98.7 85.8 80.5 77.0 69.4	132.4 108.3 112.3 120.8 137.0 142.3 147.7 145.9 156.0 174.1 186.0	-5.7 -14.2 -16.4 -32.3 -36.7 -26.3 -14.7 -17.8 -17.2 -14.0 -14.2	3.8 -1.3 -6.8 -24.8 -33.3 -26.2 -11.4 -13.8 -3.1 -3.5	0.5880 0.6709 0.7047 0.6643 0.6728 0.7150 0.7052 0.7052 0.7780 0.7780 0.7736	100, 91, 89, 94, 91, 89, 90, 87, 79, 60, 76,
95 95 96 97 98 99 99 91 92 93 94 95 d qtr.7995	133.4 127.1 128.3 141.9 162.9 170.1 175.4 182.5 179.8 222.1	-3.7 0.0 -4.6 -4.7 -6.3 -7.2 -4.2 4.5 13.3 12.9	-0.2 3.0 -3.7 -3.6 -7.2 -4.9 2.9 8.0 5.4	6.7942 6.7946 6.9255 7.0159 6.9202 6.9202 6.9202 6.9203 6.9203 6.9203 6.9203 6.9203 6.9203 6.9203 6.9203 6.9203	100.0 102.7 102.7 102.7 103.8 102.1 105.4 110.1 113.4	Epoch 103.7 99.4 190.7 108.3 127.8 133.6 137.9 144.3 160.1 177.3	-18.0 -2.5 -7.5 -7.5 -11.3 -10.5 -10	-5.4 -1.4 -2.1 -8.0 -17.0 -18.0 -17.7 -21.5 9.7 13.1 20.1	1443.0 1461.8 1494.2 1536.8 1509.2 1523.2 1523.3 1591.5 1835.7 1908.6 2106.4	100.0 101.4 101.1 97.7 98.6 100.1 96.7 95.6 80.5 77.0 69.4	132.4 108.3 112.3 120.8 137.0 142.3 147.7 145.9 156.0 174.1 186.0	-5.7 -14.2 -16.3 -32.3 -36.7 -26.3 -14.7 -17.8 -17.2 -14.0 -14.2	3.8 -1.3 -6.8 -24.8 -33.3 -26.2 -11.4 -13.8 -3.1 -3.5	Bue section of the control of the co	100.91.89.394.91.883.90.87.79.60.76.
85 65 67 88 90 81 82 83 94 95 6 qtr.1995 6 qtr.1995	133.4 127.1 128.3 141.9 170.1 175.4 182.5 179.6 198.8 222.1	-3.7 0.00 -4.6 -4.7 -6.3 -7.2 -4.2 4.5 13.3 12.9 16.2	-0.2 3.0 -3.7 -3.4 -3.6 -7.2 -4.9 2.9 8.0 5.4 12.6	6.7942 6.7942 6.7945 6.9255 7.0354 7.0154 6.9202 6.9202 6.9261 6.5659 6.4480 6.4363 6.3560	100.0 102.7 102.7 102.7 100.6 99.6 103.8 102.1 105.4 109.1 110.1 113.4	103.7 99.4 100.7 100.7 100.3 127.8 133.5 137.9 144.3 160.1 177.3	-18.0 -25 -7.5 -8.9 -11.3 -9.3 -10.5 -8.0 17.9 18.6 21.1	-5.4 -1.4 -2.1 -8.0 -17.0 -17.7 -21.5 9.7 13.1 20.1	1443.0 1461.6 1494.2 1536.8 1509.2 1523.2 1521.3 1591.5 1836.7 1908.8 2106.4	100.0 101.4 101.1 97.7 88.6 100.1 98.7 85.8 80.5 77.0 69.4	132.4 108.3 112.3 120.8 137.0 142.3 147.7 145.9 156.0 174.1 186.0	-5.7 -14.2 -16.4 -32.3 -36.7 -26.3 -14.7 -17.8 -17.2 -14.0 -14.2	3.8 -1.3 -6.8 -24.8 -33.3 -26.2 -11.4 -13.8 -3.1 -3.5 -1.2 -1.2	900 0.5880 0.67047 0.6643 0.7150 0.7750 0.7750 0.7736 0.7736 0.8268	100. 91. 89. 94. 91. 89. 90. 87. 79. 80. 75.
95 96 97 98 99 90 91 92 92 93 94 95 95 96 97 97 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98	Epons 133.4 127.1 128.3 141.9 162.9 170.1 175.4 182.5 179.6 198.8 222.1 55.8 56.2	-17 00 -46 -47 -63 -72 -42 -45 133 129 162 43	-0.2 3.0 -3.4 -3.6 -7.2 -4.9 8.0 5.4 12.6 4.1	6.7942 6.7946 6.7946 6.9946 7.0354 7.0169 6.9202 6.9202 6.8251 6.5251 6.5251 6.4460 6.4802 8.4363	100.0 102.7 102.7 102.7 103.8 103.8 102.1 110.1 113.4 113.2 114.0	103.7 99.4 100.7 108.3 127.8 137.9 137.9 144.3 160.1 177.3	-18.0 -25 -7.5 -11.3 -10.5 -8.0 17.9 18.6 21.1	-5.4 -1.4 -2.1 -8.0 -17.0 -17.7 -21.5 9.7 12.1 20.1	1443.0 1461.8 1494.3 1536.8 1509.2 1523.2 1531.3 1591.5 1836.8 2108.4 2196.2 2098.4	100.0 101.4 101.1 97.7 98.6 100.1 96.7 95.6 80.5 77.0 69.4 68.4 70.0	132.4 108.3 112.3 120.9 137.0 142.3 147.7 145.9 156.0 174.1 186.0	-5.7 -14.2 -36.7 -36.7 -36.7 -17.8 -17.8 -14.0 -14.2 -4.0 -4.3	3.8 -1.3 -6.8 -24.8 -33.3 -26.2 -11.4 -13.8 -3.1 -3.5	Bue section of the control of the co	100.91.89.394.91.883.90.76.75.
#95 #65 #67 #68 #69 #69 #69 #69 #69 #69 #69 #69	133.4 127.1 128.3 141.9 162.9 170.1 175.4 182.5 179.6 198.6 198.6 198.6 198.6 196.7 187.7	-4.6 -4.6 -4.6 -4.7 -4.5 13.3 12.9 16.2 4.5 13.3 14.6 14.1	-0.2 3.0 -3.7 -3.4 -3.6 -7.2 -4.9 8.0 5.4 12.6 4.1 0.9 2.4 5.4	6.7942 6.7942 6.7946 6.8265 7.0354 7.0169 6.8202 6.8203 6.8251 6.8420 8.8261 6.4460 6.4602 8.4363 6.3281 6.4281	100.0 102.7 102.7 102.7 103.8 102.1 105.1 110.1 113.4 113.2 114.0 114.3 113.9	103.7 99.4 103.7 108.3 127.8 133.5 137.9 144.3 160.1 177.3 44.5 43.5 47.8	-18.0 -2.5 -7.5 -8.9 -11.3 -9.3 -10.5 -8.0 17.9 18.6 21.1 5.0 7.1 6.0 4.8	-5.4 -1.4 -2.1 -8.0 -17.0 -18.0 -17.7 -21.5 9.7 13.1 -5.9 7.1 5.9 7.1 5.9 -1.2	1443.0 1461.6 1464.3 1536.2 1536.2 1523.2 1531.3 1591.5 1895.7 1998.6 2106.4 2061.0 1976.7 2161.4	100.0 101.4 101.1 97.7 98.6 100.1 96.5 96.5 77.0 69.4 70.4 73.2	132.4 108.3 112.3 120.8 137.0 142.3 147.7 145.9 156.0 174.1 186.0	-57 -142 -16.4 -32.7 -36.3 -14.7 -17.8 -17.2 -14.0 -14.2 -4.0 -4.3 -3.9	3.8 -1.3 -6.8 -24.9 -24.9 -31.4 -13.8 -3.1 -3.5 -12.6 -1.2 -1.2	800 0.5980 0.67047 0.6643 0.7047 0.6643 0.7150 0.7150 0.7759 0.7759 0.7759 0.7759 0.7750 0.8263 0.8263	100, 91, 89, 94, 91, 89, 90, 87, 79, 80, 75, 75, 75,
205 205 206 207 208 209 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	133.4 127.1 128.3 141.9 162.9 175.4 182.5 179.6 198.8 222.1 55.8 56.2 56.1 57.7 18.7	-17 00 -48 -17 63 -72 45 133 129 162 43 43 48	-0.22 -0.22 -3.0 -3.7 -3.4 -3.6 -7.2 -4.9 2.9 8.0 5.4 12.6 4.1 0.9 2.4 5.4 1.5 -0.1	6.7942 6.7945 6.7946 6.8255 7.0358 6.9264 7.0169 6.9261 6.9261 6.9261 6.5659 6.4480 6.3560 6.3560 6.3560 6.3281	100.0 102.7 102.7 102.7 103.8 102.1 105.4 109.1 110.1 114.9 114.9 114.9 114.9	103.7 99.4 103.7 108.3 127.8 137.9 137.9 144.3 160.1 177.3 44.5 43.5 47.8 47.8	-18.0 -2.5 -7.5 -8.9 -11.3 -9.3 -10.5 -8.0 17.1 6.0 4.8 1.8	-5.4 -1.4 -2.1 -8.0 -17.0 -18.0 -17.7 -21.5 9.7 13.1 20.1 5.0 -1.2 2.4	1443.0 1461.8 1461.8 1464.3 1536.8 1509.2 1823.3 1591.5 1836.7 1895.8 2008.4 2061.0 1976.7 2161.4 2166.5	100.0 101.A 101.1 37.7 88.6 100.1 95.8 80.5 77.0 69.4 68.4 70.0 70.4 68.4 70.0 68.4 70.0	132.4 108.3 112.3 120.9 137.0 142.3 147.7 145.9 156.0 174.1 186.0 45.1 46.8 47.4 49.2 15.3 15.1	-5.7 -14.2 -16.4 -32.3 -36.3 -14.7 -17.8 -17.2 -14.0 -14.2 -4.3 -3.9 -4.3	3.8 -1.3 -6.8 -24.9 -13.6 -13.6 -13.8 -13.	900 0.5890 0.5890 0.6709 0.7047 0.6643 0.7150 0.7150 0.7736 0.7736 0.7736 0.8263 0.8263 0.8263 0.8263	100. 91. 99. 94. 91! 89. 98. 76. 75. 75. 75.
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195 195 196 197 198 190 191 192 193 194 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195	133.4 127.1 128.3 141.9 162.9 170.1 175.4 182.5 179.6 196.8 222.1 55.8 56.2 56.1 18.7 18.0 18.6	-4.6 -4.6 -4.7 -4.5 -1.3 -7.2 -4.5 13.3 12.9 16.2 -1.4 0.8 1.3 1.2	-0.2 3.0 -3.7 -3.4 -7.2 -4.9 8.0 5.4 12.6 4.1 0.9 2.4 1.5 -0.1 0.7	6.7942 6.7942 6.7946 6.8262 7.0354 7.0169 6.8202 8.8643 6.8420 8.6261 6.4263 6.4363 6.3560 6.3281 6.4424 6.4424 6.4424 6.4424	100.0 102.7 102.7 102.7 102.8 99.6 103.8 102.1 105.1 113.4 113.2 114.0 114.3 113.9	103.7 99.4 190.7 190.3 127.8 133.5 137.9 144.3 160.1 177.3 44.5 47.8 47.8 16.4 16.4 11.3 15.6	-18.0 -2.5 -7.5 -8.9 -11.3 -9.3 -10.3 -10.3 -10.3 -10.0 17.9 821.1 5.0 7.1 6.0 4.6 1.8 3.5 2.0 1.6	-5.4 -1.4 -2.1 -8.0 -17.0 -18.7 -21.5 9.7 13.1 5.9 7.1 5.9 7.1 2.4 2.9 2.2 2.0	1443.0 1461.8 1494.3 1536.8 1599.2 1823.2 1831.3 1591.5 1835.7 2198.2 2098.4 2098.0 1976.7 2161.4 2146.5 2002.6	100.0 101.4 101.1 97.7 98.6 100.1 98.7 95.5 80.7 69.4 70.4 70.4 70.4 70.4 71.2	132.4 108.3 112.3 120.9 137.0 142.3 147.7 145.9 156.0 174.1 186.0 45.1 46.8 47.4 49.2 15.3 15.1 15.6 16.1	-5.7 -14.2 -18.4 -36.7 -26.3 -14.7 -17.8 -17.2 -14.2 -4.0 -4.3 -3.4 -3.4 -3.4 -3.4 -3.4 -3.4 -3.4	3.8 -1.3 -6.8 -24.8 -33.3 -26.2 -11.8 -3.5 -12.8 -13.6 -3.1 -3.5 -1.2 -1.3 -1.5 -1.5 -1.3 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5	Bee sections of the control of the c	100, 91, 89, 94, 91, 89, 60, 75, 75, 75, 75, 75,
85 85 86 87 88 89 90 81 82 83 94 95 6 qtr.1995 6 qtr.1995 t qtr.1996 t qtr.1996 t qtr.1996 t qtr.1996 t qtr.1996	133.4 127.1 128.3 141.9 162.9 170.1 175.4 182.5 179.6 198.8 222.1 55.8 56.1 57.7 18.7 18.0 18.6 18.6 18.6	-17 00 -48 -17 63 -72 45 133 129 162 43 148 14 14 14 14 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	-0.2 3.0 -3.7 -3.4 -3.6 -7.2 -4.9 8.0 5.4 12.6 4.1 0.9 2.4 5.4 1.5 -0.1 0.7 0.4 0.6	6.7942 6.7946 6.7946 6.8264 7.0354 7.0354 7.0356 7.0356 6.9263 6.9263 6.9261 6.5659 8.4460 6.3281 6.4424 6.4424 6.4424 6.4322 6.44144 6.4322	100.0 102.7 102.7 102.7 102.6 99.6 103.8 102.1 105.4 103.1 113.4 113.9 114.3 114.3 114.1 114.3 114.1 114.3	103.7 99.4 100.7 108.3 127.8 137.9 137.9 147.3 160.1 177.3 44.5 47.8 47.8 47.8 47.8 47.8 47.8	-18.0 -2.5 -7.5 -8.9 -11.3 -9.3 -10.5 -8.0 17.1 6.0 4.8 13.5 2.0 1.6 2.1	-5.4 -1.4 -2.1 -8.0 -17.0 -18.7 -21.5 9.7 13.1 20.1 5.0 -1.2 2.9 2.2 2.0 2.1	1443.0 1461.6 1494.3 1536.8 1509.2 1531.3 1591.5 1998.6 2108.4 2061.0 1976.7 2161.4 2061.0 2161.4	100.0 101.1 101.1 107.7 88.6 100.1 88.7 80.5 77.0 69.4 70.0 70.4 73.2 68.3 70.6 69.8	132.4 108.3 112.3 120.9 137.0 142.3 147.7 145.9 156.0 174.1 186.0 45.1 46.8 47.4 49.2 15.3 15.1 15.6	-57 -142 -184 -32,3 -36,3 -14,7 -17,8 -14,0 -14,2 -4,3 -3,9 -4,3 -1,2 -1,4 -1,2 -1,4 -1,2 -1,4 -1,2	3.8 -1.3 -6.8 -24.8 -33.3 -25.2 -11.4 -13.8 -3.1 -3.5 -1.3 n.a. n.a. n.a.	Box sections of the control of the c	100.91. 89. 94. 91. 89. 89. 75. 75. 75. 75.
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# US steps up search for TWA wreckage Samper strives

By Nancy Donne in Washington and Jimmy Burns

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The US Coast Guard yesterday ified its search for debris and bodies from last week's crash of a TWA jetliner after s of frustration due to bad

fizicials said yesterday the st seas and excellent visibilthe aircraft exploded.

Coast Guard aircraft were able to identify large concentrations of debris in the

17,500 square miles of the

has been criticised for failing to go to New York to comfort the grieving families, yesterday said he had ordered a speedier investigation

On a three-day campaign swing through the West, Mr Clinton told cheering voters in Denver that the administration was "working hard to get to the bottom of this". The White House said the

sident had not gone to New York because of concern that his presence, requiring heavy security, would hamper the

The investigation into

ple died, has been plagued by

One discovery, thought to be a large piece of the aircraft, was lost by the search vessel which found it because it lacked "precise navigation

"It's a big ocean out there, said Mr Robert Francis, vice chairman of the National Transportation Safety Board.

Officials said they had not recovered the two "black boxes", which record voice and data transmissions. Searchers were unable to pick up the hoxes' sonic signals, raising fears they were buried in the Safety board officials contin-

determined whether the aircraft was downed by a bomb, a missile or equipment failure. Mr James Kallstrom, assistant director of the Federal

Bureau of Investigation, said he was frustrated by the equipment failure that kept the Navy from videotaping under-"I need this forensics evi-

dence," he said. "Because if I do have a terrorist here - I'm not saying I do - but if I do, it's another day's start that

The US authorities' caution ned to insist that they had not has done little to damp speculation that the aircraft was downed by a terrorist

"It is looking more and more likely that this was caused by a bomb. It has all the hallmarks of a small explosive device designed to detonate when the plane reached a cer-tain height," said Major John Wyatt, a British counter-terror-

However, one senior Middle East analyst in London ruled out suggestions that a loosely

heddin, or Islamic fighters might have been responsible for downing the aircraft.

"This group can plant car bombs against American tar-gets, but it doesn't have the technical capacity to blow up a plane in the way the TWA was," the analyst said.

Airline industry officials suggested that the US government was reluctant to make any announcement linking the disaster to terrorism without firm evidence, as there was official concern not to undermine the confidence of the public attending the Olympic

neydom with public funds, city

authorities claim the project

would generate \$1.4hn in

annual economic activity and

And although Disney is silent as usual on its financial

expectations, independently

calculated tax projections sug-

gest \$70m dollars a year will

to remain the anchor of the

site, analysts approve the strat-

egy to target the California

Adventure at its core market

among middle income families

with children rather than the

mlarge in October on its ambi-

tions to expand this branch of

its activities at home and

abroad. The MCA subsidiary is

already seeking to upstage Dis-

ney's 13-year-old park near

Tokyo with a \$1.6bn site under

Given the apparently eternal popularity of Disneyland, its

latest plans appear to entail

only modest risks. But the rule

that risk mounts as stakes rise

remains in force, even in the Magic Kingdom. As the sign at

the Long Beach's bungee jump

says: "Don't chicken out: once

you are up the tower you will be charged whether you jump

construction in Osaka.

Since Disneyland is destined

flow into the civic purse.

14,500 jobs.

# to rebuild his credibility

By Sarita Kendall in Bogotá

President Ernesto Samper of Colombia has presented a series of constitutional and legislative reforms to Congress covering some of the weaknesses in laws dealing with drug-linked crimes. However, the reforms,

unveiled at the start of parliamentary sessions at the weekend, made no mention of extradition, which has become crucial in deteriorating rela-tions between Colombia and

Speaking to the Liberal-dom-inated Congress for the first time since the lower house voted to drop charges related to drog funding of his 1994 presidential campaign, Mr Samper called for unity and reconciliation.

He made a bitter reference to the withdrawal of his visa by the US government this month because of the drug funding allegations, and outlined a number of measures in a bid to restore his domestic credibil-

The cancellation of Mr Sam-per's visa has led to renewed calls for his resignation, echoed for the first time by the main Liberal daily, El Tiempo. Mr Alfonso Lopez Michelsen, former Liberal party president, more robust types who favour Universal Studios, for example. It may not be long before a response, probably from Uni-versal, which is expected to sted in a column on Sunday that Mr Samper would be able to step down with dignity once he had seen the constitutional reforms through, and

thus made his mark in history. Drug-related reforms presented by the president include changes to the plea-bargaining system to reduce benefits, and the introduction of 30-year sentences for crimes connected to drug cartels and kidnapping gangs. Mr Jorge Luis Ochoa, a leader of the Medellin cartel, left jail recently after serving a little over five years for drug trafficking, and Colombia's short sentences have been heavily criticised

There will be "no quarter in this fight against organised crime", said Mr Samper, promising to show the world that Colombia is determined to

fight drugs. Another proposal covers the confiscation of assets derived from trafficking, extortion and similar crimes. which amount to nearly \$500m (£320m) a year. Last week the country's con-

stitutional court ruled that illegal enrichment" is a crime in itself, not dependent on a previous trafficking conviction. This means the prosecutor general's cases against at least 10 members of Congress, the comptroller general and the attorney general can now go

Although the government has not put forward any change to the constitutional ban on the extradition of Colombians, US pressure has forced Mr Samper to declare the subject open for debate. Most Colombians associate bombing and assassination campaign mounted by the drug cartels. Top drug players fought hard against the pros-pect of extradition to the US.

A recent communique signed "the extraditables" has played on public fears, threatening a return to the campaign

said Colombia's economic growth had decelerated because of high interest rates, the collapse of the construction boom and the costs of comhating drugs.

An austerity plan to reduce the fiscal deficit, estimated at 3.5 per cent of GDP, will be introduced shortly and includes the merging or aboli-tion of some public bodies, measures on pensions and a slowdown in financial transfers to local government authorities. A one-off war tax will help finance the war against leftist guerrillas.

Another proposed constitutional reform would give greater protection to foreign investors. Some authorities have questioned the legality of bilateral investment agreements which clash with a constitutional clause allowing property to be expropriated by the administration.

# Ipers Taiw Keeping magic in the California playground

# Christopher Parkes reports on Disney's latest plans to beat back the theme park competition

If being snapped at by an in Florida, is due to open in 18-ton dinosaur and 2001.

Mr Paul Pressler, Disneyland water chute in the dark merely tweaks your adrenalin level, it is only a short drive from Jurassic Park - The Ride, the latest attraction at the Universal Studios Los Angeles theme park, to Six Flags Magic Moun-

Once aboard Superman -The Escape in Time Warner's fun palace, you can "enjoy" 6.5 seconds of weightlessness and in the half-minute trip up and (backwards) down a 415ft vertical steel tower aboard a six-ton

With the help of moviedom's hydraulic Animatronics and electromagnetic propulsion from the defence industry, the attractions in California's amusement centres have been cranked up for the new season to new peaks of excitement and expense. The Jurassic Park ride,

opened a month ago, drew \$110m out of the MCA group's purse, and is now drawing record crowds prepared to wait an hour and more for a thrill. So how does dignified Disney respond? Last week it unveiled plans to build a \$1.4bn

pleasuredrome in the car park of Anaheim's Disneyland, 90 minutes away on a good free-way day. Disney's California Adventure, a shadow of original plans to build a west coast version of its Epcot attraction

president, promised to waft vis-itors aboard "hang-gliders" above mock-ups of California's geological glories. Shooting the artificial rapids will also be on offer, as will "a perfect day at the beach" - although Anabeim, an uninteresting LA suburb, is miles from the sea.

There will also be "edutainment", with working studios and animation exhibits. Linking the two parks, the company plans a shopping, eating and entertainment mail - all in Disney style - and at least one houry hotel.

The attractions appear tame in comparison with the ever wilder rides offered elsewhere in the California playground. Even Long Beach offers a 21storey bunges jump for \$35 a leap. But the new park repre-sents a canny, if belated, bid to build on the success of the 41year-old Disneyland and beat off the mounting competition.

Although attendance figures

are among the most coveted of Disney's many secrets, an estimated 14m people currently visit Disneyland each year, making it the top paid-for attraction in the state. They crowd overnight into the compeny's hotels - and the untidy clutter of chesper accommodation which has sprung up to feed off the parks' succes Even now, queues start form-



Gently does it: Disneyland aims to retain dignity in the face of fierce LA competition

ing outside to rush to its Magic Mountain and the latest boneshaker, the Indiana Jones Adventure, an hour before the 8am opening time.

California Adventure is a project intended to convert the erty into a 300-acre "destination resort", where trippers

come to stay, rather than a stopower on the road to San Diego

The local city authority is to spend \$550m of hotel tax revenues, funds raised by a bond issue guaranteed by Disney. and unspecified volumes of company money to refurbish the park's tatty surroundings

tre. Immediately adjoining the extended Disney fieldom, the convention centre is expected to grow into an even more important source of customers

the Anaheim locals, some of whom are uncertain about the

# ATLANTA OLYMPICS

# Savannah sailors face stormy weather

With hurricanes, heavy rain and now what games organisers call "dangerous heat", Savannah is proving to be a venue from hell for the Olympic sailors.

Even before yesterday's first races, the Georgia seaside town had dished up a varied and unpleasant climatic selection.

Ten days ago, Hurricane Bertha. ripped through the area. Winds of 120mph meant the Day Marina where the racing will begin today around a vast 150,000 sq ft platform of barges that provides an temporary harbour on the open sea - had to have hundreds of yachts moved off it and support staff evacnated 12 miles to Savannah. On Saturday night, the yachties

held their own opening ceremony. (Atlanta is 250 miles away, so only a few made it to the real shindig there.) As Walter Cronkite, the former US newsreader, declared the regatta open, a thunderstorm arrived and the heavens opened. The Irish sailors had the painted-on shamrocks washed off their faces by the rain. Thousands

of competitors and guests sheltered beneath stages and under lighting trucks. The next day, Sunday, was scheduled for the official practice races. After waiting three hours for a drifting flat calm, the Star and Finn class yachts got away. Within seconds the wind had gusted from 5

knots to 30-plus as a huge squall surged across Wassaw Sound. Officials abandoned the race as boats spun out of control and struggled to drop their sails in the wild conditions. Several of the large Tornado class catamarans capsized,

unusual for the stable boats. "It was kind of a waste of a day. We drifted around for hours then took our sails down when we got scared," said Rod Davis, an Olympic gold medallist in the Soling class now sailing in the two-man Star class for New Zealand, "When we got really scared we put our life-jackets on."

By the start of yesterday's racing regatta, officials had issued a "dangerous heat" warning to competitors, cautioning that on the water, temperatures could reach 105°F. Meanwhile in Atlanta, despite the doomster predictions, the weather remains relatively cool and showery, with little sign of athletes or horses being distressed.

Keith Wheatley

# Japanese hail soccer miracle



Japanese flag drawn on their bare chests danced around the streets of Tokyo's suburbs, while in front of a large screen in Shinjuku. central Tokyo, crowds gathered tocelebrate Japan's stunning win over Brazil in the Olympic soccer competi-tion in Miami.

The 1-0 victory could have been the gold medal itself, as the Japanese media rejoiced in the unexpected triumph over the world champion Brazilians by a team given odds of 200-1 to make the finals. "A miracle victory," declared the tabloid Evening Fuji, while the

alum Giles sits on in the

sidelines relaxing, eyes half-closed. The white bandana

securing his long blond hair gives

the British hockey player a laid-

back air. But his opponents should not be fooled: Giles is a hit man, a

gunslinger with only one role. Like a specialist kicker in Ameri-

can football or a pinch-hitter in

baseball. Giles only comes on the

pitch for a specialist role, when his

team is awarded a penalty corner.

The ball is flicked out from the cor-

ner to the waiting setter, who stops the ball for Giles, with a flick of his

wrists, to smash into the opposing

Giles may play for only 90 sec-

onds in an average 90-minute

match, but his capacity to score in

the often low-scoring sport is devas-

tating. Like most gunfighters, he

cannot afford to miss: against South

Korea his strike-rate was two goals

in three attempts, in a match that

and faster than most of us can hit it

on the run. It's incredible," said

team-mate John Shaw. During

training sessions team manager David Whittle used a radar riming

device to clock a Giles shot at

It must have felt like that to

South Korean defender Jong-Ha

Jeon, who was given the mission of

"Calum drag-flicks the ball harder

ended in a 2-2 draw.

nearly 70mph.

evening edition of the Yomiuri Shimbun proclaimed it was an historical accomplishment and "a gift from the gods". Brazilian papers, by contrast, pro-

claimed a national day of mourning. "Shame for Americans to see " the Río de Janeiro daily O Globo said. "Brazil was a fiasco," said O Dia, calling the outcome "one of the greatest upsets of the century".

The victory is all the more

remarkable to a Japanese audience, because of the country's collective respect for Brazilian football quality. In Japan, there is an almost semi-spiritual adoration of the ultimate: in overcoats, the Burberry, in fruit, the perfect melon; and in football, Brazil.

The Brazilians were still confident of winning gold, saying Japan were only lucky and not necessarily

trying to charge down the second

penalty attempt from hockey's answer to Clint Eastwood. The ball-

caught him in the abdomen and he

fell writhing to the pitch. "If he

wants to run down the barrel of the

gun that's up to him. It's not a safe place to be," said the ultra-cool

Britain is the only team to use a

specialist penalty hitter at the Olympics, something that has only

been allowed since international

hockey changed its rules two years

ago to permit rolling substitutions

from a squad of 16 players. But its rivals are watching the tactic care-

Giles is happy to admit that with-

out this role he would be unlikely to make the national squad, being a

workmanlike utility forward. How-ever, his explosive hitting requires

plenty of hard work: during the

Olympics he hits 300 balls a day in

practice. Variety and deception are

his goals; feinting one way, firing

the other, and being able to hit

either corner of the goal with equal

During each match, coaches video

and analyse the opposition's defen-

sive response to each penalty cor-

ner. The positions and movements

of the defenders are then relayed to

the bench for the super substitute

Giles to take counter-measures at

Technology is also important.

Giles after the match.

Hockey's hit-man

feints and fires

Keith Wheatley on Britain's Calum Giles,

the only penalty specialist at the Games



An Evening Puji headline acclaims

better. The Japanese players agreed luck was on their side and did not forget the group ethos. "Ninety-nine per cent of it was my teammates setting me up," said Teruyoshi Ito, the midfielder who scored the winning goal 72 minutes into the game.

Calum Giles celebrates one of his goals against South Korea

his next set-biece.

Britain," said Whittle.

"We know there are countries

who are unhappy with what we're

doing but it is 100 per cent legal.

We've decided to lead the way on

this one and I don't think it will be

long before other teams follow

to make a splash in Atlanta, Water

is always applied to the pitches

before games to stop the hard artifi-

cial turf causing friction burns. But,

Giles has not been the only player

The achievement is a relief to the coaches of Japan's under-23 Olympic team, who firmly refused calls from forces in the Japanese soccer

players over 23, allowed under Olympic rules; unlike the Brazilans, who included three of their older stars. The coaches had insisted on keeping the same team together to maintain the teamwork which helped the Japanese team qualify for the Olympic games for

the first time in 28 years.

The "miracle of Miami", as one daily called it, could be a catalyst in boosting the faltering popularity of professional soccer in Japan. Though soccer was a national obsession in 1993 when the profes-sional J-League was launched, overall support has since lost steam and attendance at J-League games has been on the decline. Japan plays Nigeria today.

partly to counter the Atlanta cli-

mate, huge quantities are being

sprayed on, so that during each

match a fine plume of spray follows

the ball as it streaks across the

pitch, and players are soaked after

running and falling on the sodden

surface. Some participants have

complained about the quality of the

pitches, but others say it makes no

difference. "It looks strange but

plays just normal," says Sang-Ryul Kim, South Korea's manager.

Emiko Terazono

# Lewis set to miss relay team

US head coach Erv Hunt yesterday virtually ruled out the possibility of Carl Lewis running in the sprint relay team, denying him a chance of winning a total of 10 gold medals in his career. "Carl is not a member of the 4x100 relay and somebody would have to get hurt. I would say five or six guys, for him to be on it," said Hunt. Lewis, 35, competing in the long jump, is going into his fourth Olympics.

Rest

# Evans fails to make swimming final

World record holder Janet Evans, torch-bearer at the Olympic Opening Ceremony, suffered disappointment in her first Atlanta appearance when she failed to qualify for the 400 metres freestyle last night.

Evans, who handed the Olympic torch to Muhammad Ali at Friday's ceremony, finished second in her heat behind Sunday's 200 metres freestyle gold medallist Claudia Poll of Costa Rica but was left in ninth place overall.

She won three medals in 1988 and one in 1992.

Reuter won three medals in 1988 and one in 1992.

# First basketball victory for Greece

Greece snatched an almost certain victory away from Brazil yesterday, as Nikos Economou scored 36 points to lead Greece to its first ever victory in men's basketball, by 89-87. Greece is making its first appearance in the sport, and took control in the final three minutes.

# TO TO DE LA CALLER

1 Artem Khadzhibekov (Russia), 2 Wolfram Waibel (Austria), 3 Jean-Pierre

Men's 400m individual medley finals 1 Tom Dolan (US) 4:14.90, 2 Eric Namesnik (US) 4:15.25, 3 Curtis Myden

Men's 4x200m freestyle relay finals

1 US (Josh Davis, Joe Hudepohl, Bradley Schumacher, Ryan Berube) 7:14.84, 2 Sweden 7:17.58, 3 Germany 7:17.71, 4 Australia 7:18.47, 5 Britain

Mens: Japan 1, Brazil 0; Nigeria 1, Hungary 0; Mexico 1, Italy 0; South Kores 1, Ghana 0 Women: Germany 3, Japan 2; US 3, Denmark 0; Norway 2, Brazil 2; China 2,

Softball preliminary rounds China 6, Australia 0; US 10, Puerto Rico 0; Canada 2, Taiwan 1; Japan 3,

Selected events today:

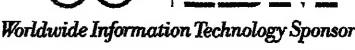
Soccer preliminary rounds

Beach volleyball: Women's and men's preliminaries. Shooting: Women's double trap preliminaries and final, men's 50m free

pistol preliminaries and final. Tennis: Women's and men's singles preliminaries. Swimming preliminaries and finals: Women's 100 butterfly, men's 400m freestyle, men's 4x100m freestyle relay, men's 100m backstroke, women's







# SIEMENS

Information for Siemens shareholders

# Dynamic growth in international markets

# Restrained development in Germany – telecommunications drive growth

Sustained growth in its international markets characterized the first nine months of Siemens' current fiscal year and more than compensated for subdued development in Germany. The communications segment, the Automotive Systems Group and Siemens Nixdorf Informationssysteme AG (SNI), in particular, showed high growth. Overall, orders were up 9% over the previous year, sales climbed 7% and net income rose 18%.

### Orders/Sales

In the period under review, Siemens recorded worldwide orders of DM72.8 (1995: DM66.9) billion and sales of DM64.5 (1995: DM60.2) billion. This growth came from double-digit increases in international business. Orders outside Germany climbed 14% to DM45.1 (1995: DM39.5) billion, and sales rose 15% to DM39.3 (1995: DM34.3) billion. The first-time consolidation of companies contributed two percentage points to the overall growth. The share of international business rose to 62%.

With new orders up 30% to DM7.9 (1995: DM6.1) billion in Asia-Pacific, in particular Southeast Asia. Siemens further boosted its market share in this high-growth region. The company's U.S. business also profited from the buoyant American economy: orders were up a solid 14% to DM8.9 (1995: DM7.8) billion. The economic environment stabilized in Central and Eastern Europe, including the C.I.S., helping push up orders in the region to DM2.4 billion, compared with DM1.8 billion last year. Orders in Western Europe, on the other hand, only edged up 3% to DM18.7 billion against last year's high level of DM18.1 billion.

In Germany, growth was subdued compared to last year, when figures were boosted by major projects. Domestic orders were up alightly to DM27.7 (1995: DM27.4) billion, while sales dipped to DM25.2 (1995: DM25.9) billion.

### 1/10/94 1/10/95 30/6/96 Change 72.8 +9% 27.7 - 1% 14%

### Business segments

Growth drivers were primarily the communications and information segments, and the Automotive Systems Group. In the communications segment, the Public Communication Networks Group profited from the accelerated digitization of Germany's telecom network and recorded high growth in Southeast Asia and Eastern Europe. The Private Communication Systems Group also showed above-average growth, fueled in large part by booming business in its relatively young Applications and Networks Division, as well as the Communication Terminals Division, in particular the mobile phone segment. Some 1.7 million cellphones have been manufactured to date this year.

Siemens Nixdorf Informationssysteme AG (SNI) showed solid growth, particularly in its international business. The company's PC business increased by roughly one-third and this segment now contributes sales of nearly DM3 billion. Based on the value and number of units, SNI is now number one PC producer in Germany and ranks third in Europe. components and accelerating deterioration of prices were reflected in the orders. The demand for memory components is clearly dropping, and business in passive components has cooled. In contrast, business in components for the communications industry and for chipcards is showing

In Germany, weakened demand for capital goods and a slowdown in construction affected growth in the industry segment. Business in the Industrial and Building Systems Group was impacted by restrained investment activities by industry and the public sector. The Drives and Standard Products Group is feeling the construction slump and the sharply slackened demand for equipment in Europe. The Automation Group which had numerous major projects last year - was affected by restrained capital goods investments in Germany, but posted double-digit growth in its international business.

The energy segment was also affected by fluctuations in major project business as well as by difficult market and competitive conditions. The Power Generation Group (KWU) showed a strong increase in international orders. Fossil-fuel power plant projects made a major contribution to this growth. The Power Transmission and Distribution Group also profited

Developments were strongly mixed in the transportation segment. Growth was generated by the Automotive Systems Group, which saw rising demand for electronic control and information systems. The Transportation Systems Group could not metch its previous year's figures, which were boosted by a number of major projects in Germany and elsewhere.

# On June 30, 1996, Siemens had approximately 382,000 employees

worldwide, some 9,000 more than at the end of the last fiscal year on September 30. The consolidation and divestment of companies resulted in a net increase of 12,000 in the company's workforce. Employment trends within the various operating units were mixed during

the first nine months. Thriving sales enabled the Semiconductors Group to increase its workforce. The Private Communication Systems Group also added employees, primarily in Germany. These gains, however, were more than offset by reductions in other operating units. Based on comparable figures at the end of the last fiscal year, the company's workforce declined by 3,000. Some 2,000 of these jobs were in Germany.

# Capital spending and net income

Capital spending in the first nine months of the current fiscal year remained at last year's level of DM4.9 billion. Reduced acquisitions were offset by higher expenditures for property, plant and equipment, above all for expanding production capacity in the Semiconductors Group. Net income rose 18% to DM1.651 billion, compared with DM1.405 billion last year. Earnings in the energy segment, which was burdened last year with high restructuring costs, showed the greatest improvement. Although the components segment saw its results decline slightly, it continues to make the largest contribution to the company's income. Earnings in the industry segment were impacted by the weakened demand for capital goods. In general, substantially lower restructuring costs had a positive effect on net income for the period. Financial results remained stable.

	1/10/94	1/10/95	
	**	≅ to	В 🔛
-DM billion	to 30/6/95	to 30/6/96	Change
- CM Difficin		30/6/96 64.5	Change +7% -3%

				₹,
7000s	30/9/95	30/6/96	Change	Ľ
Ensployees	373	382	+2%	
German operations	211	208	. – 2%	
international operations	162	174	+ 7%	

1/10/94 to 30/6/95	1/10/95 to 30/6/96	Change
Capital appenditure and investments  DM billon 4.9	4.9	0%
Not income alter taxes - Del billion 1.405	1.651	+ 18%

Copies of the Interior Report are available from S.B.C. Warburg, attr. Mr.C. Ward, ? Finskury Avenue,

# Siemens AG, Berlin and Munich

### **NEWS:** UK

UK to join Franco-German defence agency

# £3bn project boosts arms collaboration

By Bernard Gray,

Britain has agreed with France and Germany on the development of a "battlefield taxi" to transport troops in future wars, in a programme for 3,000 vehicles that will eventually be worth £3bn (\$4,68bn) to industry.

As a result of the agreement, Britain will join the nascent Franco-German arms agency, which is designed to streamline European procurement defence collaboration.

However, at the same time that the UK is increasing its tment to the battlefield taxi, France is cutting its

Britain and Germany will hold a competition to decide by 1998 which of two consortia build the vehicle. But France will not participate in that early stage of the project se it has not proved pos-for it to accommodate its sible for it to accor one armour maker, Giat, on

British Aerospace has been awarded a novel £100m Royal Air Force Tornado aircraft in a controversial break with normal practice, where all such work is done at RAF bases, Bernard Gray writes. BAe, together with GEC-

larconi, the defence arm of

General Electric Company,

commercial confidentiality. Giat has severe financial problems and needs restructuring, so other arms makers argue that its exclusion at this stage may actually be helpful.

As a result of France's exclu-

sion, the design of the vehicle will be largely set by the Anglo-German teams, and it may be difficult to adjust the mme later to fit in Glat. The Anglo-German consortia in the competition are the UK engineers Vickers and Alvis, which have teamed up with Thyssen of Germany, set against the German engineers Krauss Matisi, MAK/Rheinmetall and Wegman, which have combined with the UK's GKN.

Industries, will maintein spe-cialist equipment in the RAF's new Tornado GR4 ground attack aircraft. Placing the work outside the RAF is controversial because the RAF Logistics Command argues that it must complete the work to police the prices charged by companies for equipment.

Part of the rationale for the that Europe has too many armoured vehicle makers - it is still producing three main battle tanks to one in the US.

The UK's decision to join means that it is eligible to become part of the Franco-German arms agency that was formally launched at the beginning of the year. The age likely to expand to include

Italy later this year. However, the scope agency and its detailed objectives have yet to be decided; so far neither France nor Germany has committed more

# Advantages of inward investment questioned

Analysts ask what effect an influx of overseas companies has on the health of the economy:

nward investment – a sign of an efficient, well-func-Litoning open economy? Or a symptom of economic decline - evidence that a country is unable to survive alone?

by LG, the South Korean congiomerate, of its decision to build a £1.7bn (\$2,65bn) electronics complax in south Wales, the biggest inward investment in Europe, raises questions about what such a hose inflow of oversees money says about the UK economy. Such questions provoke heated answers which high-

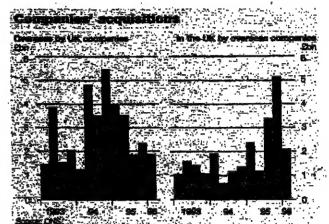
In one view, inward investoversess takeovers of UK com-- reflects badly on Britain. It means British compenies are failing in industries

light two opposing views of the

In this view, inward investment also spells trouble for the future. It implies overseas con-trol of companies and people within the UK's own borders which may compromise the long-term health of the country. Overseas companies are seen to be benefiting at Britain's expense, generally taking away more than they add, exploiting cheap labour,

and repatriating profits. The opposing view is that inward investment creates new, relatively highly paid jobs, revitalises regional economies and industries, brings new skills and modern technologies into the UK, and provides a boost to domestic businesses which supply the overseasowned companies. It allows regions a kick-start from which domestic companies can then take over. In this view, inward investment adds something that domestic businesses could

Parts of both these views are true. Inward investment can reflect well on an economy. Overseas companies come to Britain because of, for example, its relatively wealthy and large consumer market, its educated workforce, and its good transport infrastructure.



vides to its neighbours elsewhere within the European

have a beneficial impact on existing industries. Mr Michael McDermott, senior lecturer at the University of Strathclyde and author of a report on Korean investment in Europe, points out that fears the arrival of Japanese investment in the UK car industry would drive out other companies such as Ford and General Motors proved to be misplaced. Instead, these companies increased their commitment to the UK as the Japanese pres-

supply base improvements. But a point more in dispute is whether the low wages and low social costs the country offers to potential inward investors are a benefit or a disadvantage.

Companies find the UK attractive because of its less regulated and more flexible workforce and often generally lower wage levels. This is good news for productivity and the economy's competitiveness. But it is less good if you are the worker being paid a low wage and being forced to accept uncertain short-term and part-time contracts Mr McDermott says there is

evidence that inward investors are tending to employ predominantly young women, who receive low wages. This is particularly true among the South Korean investors who typically locate in areas of high unemployment where the labour force is especially

Inward investors have also come in for criticism regarding the modern labour practices

car factory in the north-east of England by Ms Judith Thompson and Mr Robert Rehder, two US academics, concludes that the new working practices introduced there have put employees under enormous levels of stress as "workabol-

Another criticism of inward investment is that it could mean that Britain simply becomes a "branch" economy. In other words, it could mean that subsidiaries based in the UK might take a back seat and be scaled down or closed com-pletely if declining demand forced a company to withdraw resources to its headquarters

According to Mr Anthony Ross, director in the north and north-east for 3i, the venture capital group: "Inward inves-tors have provided a role model, a quick fix, an influx of capital and jobs to this area, but we cannot rely on them to . take the economy forward." There is now a need for more locally controlled businesses. he says.

But perhaps the biggest criticism of inward investment is the large subsidies paid by new companies. The Welsh authorities, for example, paid LG about £200m - or £30,000 a some, these sums represent a waste of taxpayers' money: to Europe whatever, and the particular region they choose should be unimportant. In this view, the money could have been better used supporting

Graham Bowley

# Treasury official's resignation stirs up single currency furore

By Robert Peston,

A Treasury minister yesterday delivered a withering attack on the government's "equivocation" about whether to join a European single currency as he handed in his resignation. As Tory Eurosceptics exploited Mr Heathcoat-Amory's resignation in a final offensive before the general election to persuade the gov-

insisted he would not be

ernment to rule out sterling's participation in monetary union, the prime minister

Amory said that "joining a single currency would be disastrous, both politically and economically and added later that the Conservative party "should not contemplate giving from Mr Heathcoat-Amory, up the pound". The government's policy of

Mr John Major, Mr Heathcoat-

whether to join was "confusing to the public and disappointing to most of our supporters".

monetary union preparations, replace Mr Heathcoat-Amory.

In his resignation letter to which he said would be the result of saying sterling would

Mr Major is expected to announce a limited reshuffle of junior ministerial posts today. Those to be replaced, apart include Mr Tim Eggar, energy minister, and Mr Steven Norkeeping its options open on ris, transport minister, both of whom are standing down at the next general election.

It is understood that Mr Kyn. However, in reply, Mr Major neth Clarke, the chancellor of said that it was not in Britain's the Exchaquer, has requested interests for its voice to be that Mr David Willetts, a cabisilenced in EU negotiations on net office minister, should

1000

ies of inward It questioned

Let man delever de des ject boost laboration

# Bankers face tighter rules

**UK NEWS DIGEST** 

The Securities and Futures Authority, the City of London regulator, plans to change its rules to make it easier to discipline senior directors of investment banks that lose money because of inadequate controls.

The SFA is responding to criticism of its fallure to take any action against Mr Peter Baring and Mr Andrew Tuckey, the former chairman and deputy chairman of Barings, the merchant bank that collapsed under £830m of losses last year. It has drawn up draft changes to rules that would place far greater responsibility for management of risk on the "senior

executive officer" of member firms. Two of Barings' senior managers have already been banned from working in the City in similar posts for three years, and a further nine face similar discipline. However, the SFA found that neither Mr Baring nor Mr Tuckey breached rules.

Mr Nick Durlacher, the chairman of the SFA, said: "We want to make sure that if a ship goes down, the captain does not just float off on a life-raft." Mr Tuckey was senior executive officer of Baring Brothers & Co, the merchant banking arm of Barings. The fraud carried out by Mr Nick Leeson, the former Singapore derivatives trader, partly took place within Baring Brothers.

Separately, German authorities yesterday dismissed a report suggesting Mr Leeson had opened six bank accounts in Germany before the collapse, in which he held £23m. Frankfurt prosecutors said they were not investigating the claims.

# Handling of crisis 'appalling'

A senior pro-European member of the governing Conservative party yesterday blamed Britain's over-zealous interpretation of European Union law for costing jobs in slaughterhouses and

Lord Plumb, the leader of the Conservative European Parlisment members (MEPs), also described the government's handling of the crisis as "appalling". In a hard-hitting attack on "gold-plating" of EU rules by Whitehall civil servants, Lord Flumb said: "The way the meat directives were implemented [in the UK] destroyed respect for the regulatory system as a whole. This in turn was a factor in the climate that produced

He denounced what he called the contradiction between politicians' rhetoric against red tape and the "actions of national administrators introducing ever more elaborate rules". This "created a degree of confusion which made the BSE problem much more difficult to address".

Speaking at the launch of a pamphlet on meat industry regulation by the pro-European Action Centre for Europe, Lord Plumb said the European Commission's directive of 1991 on meat production and marketing of meat, drawn up to prepare for the single market, was "tampered with and twisted on the path to implementation".

### Regulator delegates responsibility

The Civil Aviation Authority said yesterday that it was delegating safety issues to airlines and airports to minimise the regulatory burden on the industry. The authority denied that it was increasing the risk to air travellers. It said the change would allow the authority to concentrate on auditing airlines' safety systems rather than being involved in "prescriptive

inspection procedures". review, comes in the wake of increasing passenger concern after the crash off the coast of New York last week of a Boeing 747 operated by TWA of the US. Last month, Excalibur Airways, the UK charter airline, went into receivership after safety scares caused a collapse of consumer confidence.

Mr Michael Willett, the CAA's director of safety regulation. said the decision to give airlines greater control would not compromise safety standards. He said: "Best business practice is to put responsibility where the work is done." Sir Malcolm Field, the authority's chairman, said the UK sir

safety record was four times better than the world average. However, the authority's annual report indicates that the number of fatal accidents, while far lower than in the mid-1990s, had been rising since the beginning of this decade.

# E LLOYD'S

# Action group's files stolen

A group of dissident Lloyd's investors has offered a reward for a computer disc, stolen from its London headquarters, which contains a confidential list of international contacts who have helped back up allegations of fraud in the insurance market. The Association of Non-North American Names, which represents 700 investors, helps those who believe they are the victims of fraud at Lloyd's.

# ■ NUCLEAR PRIVATISATION

# British Energy reactors 'safe'

British Energy, the newly privatised nuclear power company, yesterday announced that two reactors shut for safety checks just before its stock market flotation had been given a clean

The news will help calm investors' fears about the burdens imposed on British Energy in having to conform with the nuclear industry's stringent technical standards. The original shutdown announcement on July 10, made just as institutional investors were finalising their offers for stock, hit sentiment at a critical moment. UK retail investors, for whom July 10 was the deadline for submitting bids, had no opportunity to reconsider their offers. The shares, which were sold at 105p for partly paid stock, with a 5p discount for UK retail investors, have steadfastly remained below the offer price. In spite of yesterday's news they closed 21/sp down at 97p. Stefan Wagstyl, London

# BBC WORLD SERVICE

# Chairman guarantees standards

Sir Christopher Bland, the BBC chairman, yesterday wrote to MPs to reassure them that the distinctiveness of BBC World Service would be "guaranteed" under structural changes. The chairman sent a letter to all 242 signatories of a motion asking that the magnetic services are the magnetic services. Raymond Snoddy, London for the guarantee.

# ■ TELECOMMUNICATIONS

# BT cleared of 'poaching' claim

Oftel, the telecommunications regulator, yesterday cleared BT of misusing information after its staff called ex-directory cable subscribers to try to win back their custom. Oftel launched an urgent investigation last month after about 50 ex-directory cable customers complained of approaches from BT. Raymond Snoddy, Landon

# ASYLUM LAW

# Opponents lose battle

Parliamentary opponents of the government's controversial asylum and immigration bill finally lost their fight yesterday, dearing the way for it to become law later this week. Peers in the unelected upper house of parliament voted by 182 to 168 against an amendment which would have given asylum-seekers three days' grace to apply for refugee status before losing the right to welfare payments. The vote upholds a decision in the House of Commons last week which overturned a previous Lords amendment.

# Tough fight expected on EU reform plan

The government yesterday tabled details of "hard-headed" plans to reform the European Union, but admitted it could face a series of tough battles in its drive to reform the common fisheries policy and the European Court.

The proposals form the basis of Britain's agenda for reform at the EU's intergovernmental conference, which began in Turin, Italy, last March and is expected to last for a year.

Mr David Davis, the minister gave details of proposals origi-for Europe, said: "These are nally published in the governnot airy-fairy ideas for armchair philosophers about the shape of Europe. They are hard-headed practical steps to help Britain in Europe and improve the way the EU oper-

At the top of Britain's agenda is a reform of the European Court, to curb what min-isters see as the excessive effects of some court judg-

Yesterday's memorandum

ment's consultation paper on Europe, A Partnership of Nations, last March. They include proposals to limit the retrospective effect of court judgments, to set up an appeals procedure and to speed

tion of EU law. The government has been highly critical of a number of recent European Court judgments, creating a heated atmo-

up hearings in cases where

British courts seek clarifica-

reforms.

"Because of the attitudes from certain sections of the community towards the European Court, there has been a certain amount of suspicion about what our proposals would be like," the Foreign Office admitted. "We think that now they have seen the details, they will agree that they are hard-headed measures to improve things. Whether they attach the same impor-

tance to the reforms as we

Britain is also proposing reforms to the common fisheries policy to outlaw the practice of "quota hopping", where foreign interests buy up boats to operate against another

states' quota. Ministry of agriculture officials admit the measures would not apply retrospectively, so they would have no immediate effect on the mainly Spanish and Dutch owners cent of UK catch capacity.

oppose the UK's proposed protocol to the Treaty of Rome. which must be approved unan imously, but ministers remain hopeful they could be persuaded in wider IGC negotia-

The government also tabled an amendment to the Treaty of Rome to ensure the welfare of animals is taken fully into account when shaping laws. The UK is keen to improve veal calves and battery hens.

# European stylists claim gains in Nissan row over car design

A third car being considered by Nissan for its plant at Sunderland is expected to be the first mainstream model completely styled by its UK and mainland European designers

and engineers, rather than adapted from a Japaness design.

Nissan's European design and engineering staff, at its technology and design centres in England, Belgium and Germany, believe they are windered in the company of the company. ning an internal argument that fully European-conceived styling is needed if Nissan is to take full advantage of its manufacturing potential at

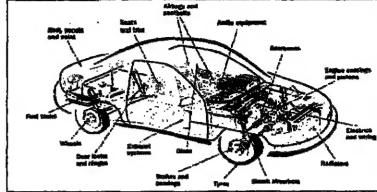
lacklustre sales performance.
Production at Sunderland is run-

ning well below capacity, a situation Nissan hopes to redress with its new Primera model, which was unveiled yesterday and is to go on sale in Europe in September. Sunderland's total output this year is planned to be 215,000 vehicles, the same as 1995,

compared with a capacity of 300,000. The previous Primera was widely praised for its engineering integrity, but equally widely criticised for its bland and overtly "Japanese" style. The smaller Almera model, which Nissan imports from Japan to com-

pete in the important Ford Escort/ Volkswagen sector – and which the proposed third Sunderland car would place - has run into similar criticism since its launch early this year.
Nissan said it had invested a total

of £320m (\$499.2m) in bringing the new Primera into production at Sunderland. Some £250m had been spent on manufacturing facilities, with a further £70m on design and development. The Sunderland plant has the capacity to build 130,000 Primeras a year which will be exported to 58 countries, including Japan. Nissau is to decide early next year whether to go ahead with the pro-



Automotive parts manufacturing in and around Sunderland uses 132 companies

posed third car at Sunderland, which also produces the Micra "supermini", Figures released by Sunderland City Council yesterday showed that the number of companies in and

around Sunderland with automotiverelated products had doubled to 132 since 1978 when the plant was established, providing employment for

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for General Electric, the US industrial group, to bring to market its F-class gas turbine, which now being installed in power stations throughout the world. Its

successor, the H-class gas turbine, will come to market in half the time, even though it incorporates much more new technology, including a revolutionary way of using steam to cool the fast-spinning rotor blades.

The speed with which GE is developing the new turbine is a reflection of the rapid advance of research and development tools, notably computer modelling, and of an overhaul of GE's research efforts ordered five years ago by Jack Welch, the group's chairman and chief executive officer.

Welch, who took over in 1981, has included R&D in his wide-ranging efforts to extract bigger profits from the company's acknowledged technological and industrial prowess. Even the group's legendary research and development centre, home to two Nobel prize-winners, has not been spared from the demands for

"It was a culture shock for some of us," says Gene Kimura, manager of the mechanical systems laboratory, one of 13 units at the R&D centre. "But it was absolutely necessary to ensure that the company got value for money."

The centre, built in wooded hills

in New York state, is GE's equivalent to AT&T's Bell Laboratories Until the 1990s, 75 per cent of its funds came from group beadquarters and most of the rest from US government programmes. Many of its researchers became rather remote from commercial realities. For some the site seemed more like a university campus than a factory - except the salaries were

In the early 1990s, Welch decided this had to change. The group cut its contribution to the central laboratories' budget to 25 per cent, leaving GE's 13 operating divisions to make up the difference - and demand commercially relevant research in return.

Now, they pay 40 per cent of the costs. The remaining 35 per cent is split between the government and Lockheed, the aerospace company which two years ago acquired the former GE aerospace business in a takeover of Martin Marietta, the defence contractor.

GE also laid down rules for how these funds should be spent - 15 per cent on improving current products, 35 per cent on developing successors, 35 per cent on next generation products, and 15 per



The fruits of GE's research and development overhaul are described by Stefan Wagstyl

# Blade runner

cent on blue-sky ideas. The central laboratories have an annual budget of just under \$400m (£250m) a year, about 20 per cent of GE's total R&D spending. They produce about a quarter of the group's patents and about half its scientific papers.

operating divisions. The change was reinforced by a management restructuring at the central laboratories three years ago, which saw the appointment of 13 business managers - one for each division to monitor R&D work done for their The new financing arrangements divisions. They have tried to ensure have given priority to the needs of that the traditional strong links

between technical staff at the laboratories and at the divisions have been matched by an equally tough commercial tie.

At the same time, GE threw out a hierarchical system in which laboratory managers reported to branch managers who in turn were answerable to more senior, executives. In its place, GE introduced a four-man technical council, headed by Lonnie Edefnet, the senior vice president in charge of corporate R&D.

Kimura says that as well as cutting office bureaucracy, the new system created more flexible ways for ideas to be passed between laboratories and discussed among different teams of researchers. "At the top, things are mushy, which is great for communication.

Teamwork, says Kimura, is important in commercial research. It's a culture we have to create. This isn't a university. We can't have people who stay in their labs and come out and give a paper once a year." For example, developing ero engines required expertise in high temperature materials, fluid emissions, dynamics. manufacturing techniques and information technology.

Hand-in-hand with organisational change at the laboratories has come a rapid advance in research technology, particularly in computer modelling. Sophisticated hardware and software enable. researchers to produce ever more accurate computer simulations of

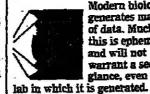
The techniques help virtually all products, but are particularly useful for large items such as power turbines which are very expensive to construct in physical prototype. Kimura says: "IT management is critical to our future."

Yet, even the overhaul of R&D ment and the introduction of the latest R&D tools have not been enough to save GE last year from an embarrassing and expensive technical problem. The group's F-Class turbines developed faults which only became apparent after the first machines went into service with customers. Some turbine sections had to be flown back to Schenectady for repairs while others were put right by roving teams of GE engineers. The problems cost the group at least;

Ironically, the faults were not caused by any high-technology features but by the rotors rubbing against the turbine casing at high temperatures.

Rimura says valuable lessons have been learnt. "We have learnt how to improve the management of launching new products. We put a lot of emphasis on using the latest design tools. We should have paid more attention to traditional fatigue tests." Viewpoint · Adam Hodgkin

# Biological data needs formula for its future



generates masses of data. Much of this is ephemeral and will not warrant a second glance, even in the

But data which has been interpreted, commented on related to other findings and accepted is the keystone of scientific achievement. Genetics and molecular biology are critically reliant on a growing collection of databases, many of which are freely available on the Internet.

The design, scope, size and quality of these databases vary greatly. Little glamour is attached to the task of curating a database and few prizes have been given to the dedicated individuals who have built them. But the growth of these databases will be one of the greatest achievements of

modern biology. Two of the best regarded collect protein data (Swiss Prot and Pro-Site). They have been developed over 10 years under the guidance of Amos Bairoch, a Belgian scientist working at the University of Geneva. About 10 people are now employed on them full-time in Switzerland and at the European Bioinformatics Institute near Cambridge.

Two months ago the world of molecular biology was stunned to learn that the databases would cease to operate from the end of June. A funding request had been rejected at a late stage by a European Union committee of experts. Such was the storm of protest among the international scientific community (reports in cience and Nature, a blizzard of e-mail) that the service has been given a respite while a new bid for funds from the EU is organised. These databases are too useful

to be lightly cast aside (Millennium Pharmacenticals, a US company, offered \$20,000 [£12,800] to the crisis appeal and Glaxo already funds half a post). However, the incident should encourage reflection on the way in: -which databases are developed and distributed in molecular biology. The most obvious lesson

is the insecure nature of government-sourced finance. It is unlikely that the taxpayer will in the long-run provide adequate funds for the maintenance and development of databases which will be the foundation of science and medicine in the next century.

The market innocence of molecular biology databases is exceptional. In other sciences the major reference databases are marketed. There is often a mixture between outright commercial provision and databases which are funded by subscriptions to a non profit-making host institution.

The privatisation of crucial biological databases has already begun. A company such as Incyte based in California, exists to sell genetic databases to companies at prices which could only be met from the R&D budget of a drug

Little glamour is attached to the task of curating a database but the growth of data will be one of the greatest achievements of modern biology

pany. There are high-technology start-ups in the US dedicated to building big proprietary genomic databases (such as the Institute for Genome Research funded by SmithKline Beecham). There will be more. One questions the extent to

which these databases are really in the "public domain". The whole concept of the "public domain" in relation to intellectual property is legally murky. In reality, a database creator will often seek to keep a degree of control over the uses to which the databases are put - control which would not be possible over truly public domain materials.

The World Wide Web server. through which one can reach Swiss-Prot, states: "This server and its associated data and services are for research purpose

only, not for clinical or commercial use. "Yet the importance of these protein databases lies in the fact that they have great potential for clinical and commercial use and they should be used for these purposes. But the "free access" model does not adequately deal with how these users can be accommodated fairly and effectively.

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Biotech users can afford to pay for their biological databases as they pay for chemistry. Perbapa half of the usage comes from university researchers who are largely responsible for creating the databases (through published research and direct submissions) and about half is from pharmaceutical and biotech companies who may not submit

It would seem reasonable to devise a pricing mechanism through which these different types of usage are recognised (i.e. free or very cheap for universities). The received wisdom in

molecular biology is that it is good for so many databases to be available free on the Net. The benefits are obvious, but there is much less widespread

recognition of the costs of this free access. Someone has to pay for these resources. Improvements will not be

lightly funded, and the costs of running free databases fall on the science base and may be at the expense of primary research. It would be a neat and

progressive step if the Swiss Prot crisis led to the creation of a body, possibly attached to the European Bioinformatics Institute, which would publish and commercialise core databases in the public interest and develop them so that they were freely accessible on the Net by universities but commercially licensed for use by

This should become a safer source of funds and it might in the long-term improve information provision in science and medicine.

The author is managing director of Cherwell Scientific Publishing, a company based in Oxford which publishes software for use in

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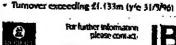
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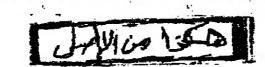
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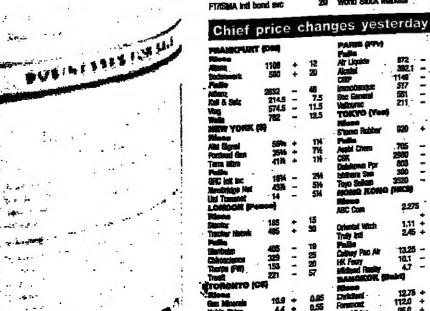
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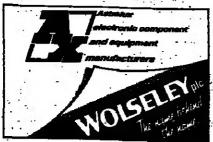
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### IN BRIEF

# AGF sells FFr5.3bn of property assets

Assurances Générales de France, the privatised insurance group, announced property sales totalling FFr5.8bn (\$1.02bn). The board of the insurance group approved the sale of its 99.5 per cent stake in La Pourmi humoblière, which holds a range of property assets, to Sefimeg, a quoted French property group, for FFr3.7bn, as well as several smaller transactions. Page 17

Higher US petrol prices lift oil groups Higher US petrol prices, which caused a storm of controversy recently, boosted US off corporations' returns from domestic refining and marketing in the second quarter, although foreign operations did

AffiedSignal rises 16% in second term AlliedSignal, the diversified US manufacturer, raised second-quarter net income by 16 per cent before special items to \$268m and forecast full year earnings up by 13 to 17 per cent. Page 16

Norsk Hydro growth slows at halfway Norsk Hydro, Norway's biggest quoted company, disappointed the market by reporting slower firsthalf earnings growth because of weak market conditions in its petrochemicals and aluminium divi-sions. Shares in the conglumerate slid NKr7 to

Chinese group poised for Hong Kong bay Shares in Shanghai international were suspended as the Hong Kong arm of Chine's biggest securities company appeared poised to buy part of Sun Hung Kai & Co, one of the territory's oldest financial ser-vices groups, in a deal estimated by some analysis at about HK\$400m (US\$51.7m). Page 18

Commonwealth Bank in A\$1bn buy-back. The Commonwealth Bank of Australia completed the final stage of its privatisation as it bought back 100m shares from the federal government for A\$Ihn (US\$791m) with the stock subsequently being can-

Leesen Lager group considers US listing South China Brewery, the Hong Kong-based company behind Lesson Lager, a special edition brew named after the rogue trader who brought down Barings, said it was considering a listing on the Nasdaq exchange to raise capital for expansion.

EM Music chief could receive £12m Mr Jim Fifield, chief executive of EMI Music and one of the highest-paid executives of a UK company, would be entitled to compensation of about.
£12m (\$18.7m) based on last year's renumeration if he were to leave following a takeover bid, according to documents published for the proposed demerger

of Thorn EML parent of EMI Music. Page 19 Wall Street weakness hurts Spiles Index fall for 25 months as early weakness on Wall Street, troublesome currency developments and a sudden bsence of positive corporate news combined to drive shares lower. The SMI index lost 95.4, or 2.6 per cent, to close at 3,566.1. Page 32

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# Fiat cautious over full-year result

Fiat recorded higher pre-tax profits in the second quarter than in the first three months of this year, according to Mr Cesare Romiti, the chairman, who warned that the Italian automotive and industrial group would have to work hard to match last year's strong performance.
Mr Romiti, who took over from Mr Giovanni Agnelli as chairman in February, said 1996 would be a

tough year for the core automo-

talks have been conducted

secretly, but PolyGram's abortive attempt to buy the MGM film stu-dio was embarrassingly public. PolyGram, the world's largest

music group, was the front-runner in the auction for MGM

which, it hoped, would turn its four-year-old filmed entertain-

ment unit into a fully fledged Hollywood studio. But last week

its was edged out by a \$1.3bn bid from MGM's management and Mr Kirk Kerkorian, the vetaran cor-

The critical question for Poly-

Gram, due to report first-half

results tomorrow, is how its fail-

ure to acquire MGM will affect its

plans to expand its filmed enter-tainment business, in which it

has invested more than \$700m.

Mr Alain Lévy, PolyGram's

chairman, admits that the result of the MGM suction was a set-back. "But we'd reached a point

where we couldn't go any fur-

ther," he says. "I don't intend to

be fired in two years' time for having over-paid for MGM."

The consensus among analysts is that PolyGram took the sensi-

ble course of action in refusing to raise its offer, or to waive the

indemnities against future prob-

lems such as legal suits demanded in its bid. Schroder

Wertheim, the investment bank,

fiduciary responsibility". How-

ever PolyGram now faces the

challenge of finding a new strat-egy to develop its film business.

In four years in Hollywood.

PolyGram has created a film company that contributed

F11.2bn (\$719m) to its 1995 net

MI IL TOOT CLISTS

and to bring it into profit.

tive business, and the profit per vehicle produced was lower than in 1995. Improved results from other sectors meant that 1996 would be "a year which gives satisfaction to the shareholders, but for management it's much harder work

In April, Fiat announced that 1995 group profits had doubled to L2,147bn (£916m) after tax, but the company also revealed that

than 1995", he said in an inter-

per cent in the first three months of 1996, compared with the first to end-June in September.

Mr Romiti said the planned flowers of the planned flowers of the planned flowers.

Mr Romiti said Fiat was hit by in Italy, which is still the group's main market. He declined to quantify the improvement in second quarter of 1995.

Analysts pointed out that the second quarter was normally better than the first for Flat Auto, the carmaking subsidiary. Flat tation of a minority stake in New Holland, the London-based agricultural and construction equipment subsidiary, could take place "before the end of November".

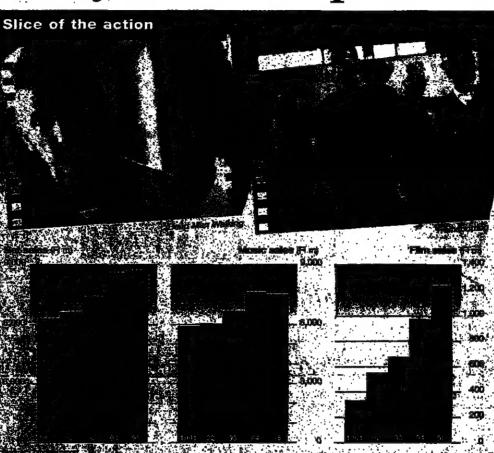
ond-quarter profits, or provide Fiat expects to sell 30-40 per cent Exchange, although Mr Romiti underlined that this would not be the first step towards disposal of

for 1996 will be about 1,200bn lower than last year, but the capital gain on the New Holland flotation should lift net profit.

Flat is also seeking a new stra-tegic partner for Snia BPD, the quoted industrial holding company, in which it has a 48 per new shareholders in a way that greatly reduces our stake, and allows these new shareholders to take part in management [of Snia]," he said.

Failure to acquire MGM leaves entertainment group's film unit short of critical mass hen most companies miss out on an important acquisition, no one hears about it because the

# PolyGram seeks seat at Hollywood's top table



and is so hip that its logo is printed on souvenir T-shirts. PolyGram has a promising slate of pictures in production including Jane Campion's Por-

sales of Fl 8.8bn and now makes 10-12 mainstream films a year. It has produced one blockbuster – 1993's Four Weddings And A trait of a Lady and Sleepers star-ring Brad Pitt and Robert de Funeral which grossed more than \$200m - and has won a reputation for high quality, imagina-tively marketed films. Dead Man Niro. However its efforts to court Hollywood stars could be affected by the news that it is being sued by the actress Jodie Foster Walking took \$77m at the box office and earned a 'best actress' Oscar for Susan Sarandon. Train-(whose Egg production com-

pany is linked to PolyGram) after she was dropped from a movie. However, the crux of Poly-Gram's problems is that although some of its critically acclaimed films are highly profitable -- they do not generate enough box office dollars to counter the flops. Four Weddings apart, the group has yet to crack the lucrative blockbuster market. Moreover, if PolyGram Filmed Enter-

tainment is to become profitable, it must distribute its own films (the most profitable part of the business) in the larger markets. It owns distribution operations in the UK, France, Australia, Spain and Benelux, and will open one in Germany next year. But it does not yet make enough mov-les to justify the cost of a US distribution network, nor is its catalogue of films and television programmes big enough to generate a steady revenue stream to balance the volatile finances of film-making.

Acquiring MGM would have addressed both problems. With-out it, Mr Lévy may take longer to acquire the critical mass he needs. Nonetheless he intends to press ahead, aiming to launch a US network by early 1998 and estimating that PolyGram needs to make at least 15 mainstream films a year to support it.

One option would be to acquire a production company, possibly Castle Rock or New Line if they come up for sale following the takeover of their owner, Turner Broadcasting, by Time Warner. Mr Lévy is also considering investment in a start-up operation, possibly by backing proven "action" film makers. He has already approved a couple of TV productions and may stage an acquisition in that field. However, PolyGram may face

more losses from its film unit for another few years unless, as Mr Lévy says, it has "a couple of big hits". Convinced the future growth of the film market will justify the investment, he is willing to sanction those losses hop-ing that "by the year 2000 we'll have a business that can compete against the major studios". So far the profits from Poly-

Gram's record labels have comfortably balanced its film losses. However, the strain showed last year when a couple of key albums were delayed and Polyof F1741m. Mr Guy Lamming, analyst at SBC Warburg, expects it to announce static first-half net income of about Fl 270m with 12 per cent growth to F1890m pencilled in for the full year.

"There's little doubt that a company with an intelligent, experienced management and a large amount of capital like Poly-Gram can break into the Hollywood studio system," he says. But it will take time and some shareholders might start wondering whether PolyGram would be better off spending its money on

# Washington Mutual pays \$1.2bn for rival

agreed to pay \$1.2bn in stock for fellow West Coast thrift, American Savings, in an acquisition that underlines the consolidation in the US savings and loans industry.

The deal will create a residential mortgage and consumer loans company with assets of

\$42bn, making it the country's third largest S&L behind Ahmanson and Great Western. The transaction is the latest sign of the rapid shrinkage of the thrift industry in the years since its property lending traumas of the late-1980s. Ameri-can Savings, a subsidiary of Fed-

eral Savings, was the most spec-tacular of those busts, prompting a \$1.7bn Federal-backed bail-out, Washington Mutual, based in Seattle with \$22bn of assets, is the largest mortgage lender in the states of Washington and Oregon. American Savings, based in Irvine, California and with assets of \$20bn, is the second biggest originator of mort-gages in California.

The deal gives Washington Mutual a platform in the US's largest state at a time when the regional banking industry has been through a significant round of mergers. BankAmerica, following its merger with Security Pacific, and Wells Fargo, which bought Crocker National and First Interstate, now account for the vast bulk of banking assets

in the state. Mr Kerry Killinger, Washington's chairman, said the acquisition would provide a platform for his company's expansion in both consumer and commercial banking in the region.

Washington Mutual said it would issue 48m shares to Amer-ican's holders, which include the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The FDIC planned to sell would receive, which were val soon after the deal was completed, Washington said. Only 40m of the shares will be transferred to existing holders immediately. The rest will be held in an escrow account to back legal dispute involving American's parent company, Keystone The mathematics of the deal are not founded on a large num-

ber of lay-offs, Instead, Washing-ton said that American's branches would broaden its reach, while the make-up and geographic range of its assets would reduce the risk in Wash-Alice Rawsthorn | ingion's lending portfolio.

# **DBKom** telecoms partners plan to spend up to DM4bn

in DBKom, with an option to go up to just under 74.9 per cent

within the next three years. Man-

Mr Heinz Dürr, chairman of

DB, and Mr Joachim Funk, chair-

man of Mannesmann, refused to

disclose yesterday how much

Mannesmann had agreed to pay for its stake. Analysts believe the

negmann will have managerial

leadership in DBKom.

The new telecoms operation of Deutsche Bahn, the German railway operator, and a consortium headed by Mannesmann, the industrial group, are to invest between DM3hn and DM4hn (\$1.9bn.\$2.6bn) to prepare for the 1998 liberalisation of the German telecoms market.

The companies yesterday detailed their plans for DBKom, which is expected to emerge as the most vigorous challenger to Deutsche Telekom, the national operator, after liberalisation. DB's supervisory board chose Mannesmann as a strategic partner for DBKom this month. Under the deal, Mannesmann and its international partners.

including AT&T of the US, will initially take a 49.8 per cent stake

nesmann's consortium also includes Unisource, a European grouping of telecoms companies.

price is likely to have been Mannesmann will later merge Communications Network International (CNI), its corporate telecoms network, into DBRoom. Man-

Mr Peter Mihatsch, Mannes-mann board member in charge of telecoms, said that the future profitability of DBKom would depend on the regulatory envi-

make a profit in three years. Mr Dürr said DBKom would make losses next year but would operate with a positive cash flow. German analysts praised the industrial logic of the deal. DBKom has a 40,000-km tele

coms network next to railway tracks. Its biggest customer is DB, through a service contract worth DM1bn a year. Mr Dürr said: "In view of the

fast deregulation and the immense dynamics of the market, it was important to realise our concept in the shortest possi-ble time. One thing is clear on January 1 1998 we want to be fully in the market."

DBKom would invest in the fibre network to increase its length from 4,000km to 14,000km within the next two years.

# Tesco opts out of French bid

in London and Andrew Jack

Tesco, the UK supermarket chain, has decided against making a "white knight" intervention for Docks de France, the French retail group which is facing a \$2.1hn (\$3.2hn) hostile bid from

the privately-owned Auchan The UK company banked at paying up to £2.5bn to trump the Auchan terms. It also felt there would be no early enhancement

of shareholder value. The decision came as the board of Docks de France met last night amid speculation that it might be considering - and prepared to accept - a higher offer from Docks de France shares were

share, against Auchan's FFr1,250 offer price, pending an announce-However, the offer was strongly criticised by Docks de France, best known for its Mam-

resterday morning at FFr1,222 a

mouth retail chain. It argued that the two groups were "as similar as fire and ater" and that there was little

logic in the acquisition. Executives stressed they were considering a number of alternative possibilities, but by criticising the offer price as inadequate they left open the opportunity for Auchan to increase its bid.

Tesco was one of a number of retailers mentioned as a possible white knight. The UK group had to move before today if it wished to lamach a counter-bid.

"Tesco believes there are plenty of other opportunities to expand in France and elsewhere in Europe," a company adviser

The UK group looked closely at Docks de France before deciding against a move. A purchase would have given it critical mass in France, following its 1993 pur chase of the Catteau food retail chain. But analysts said the deal was too big for the company and too ambitious, given the disappointing returns from its French Analysts believe Tesco may

still be interested in parts of Docks if Auchan is successful and decides to sell off part of its target's business. Tesco's shares closed down 5p

at 278p in London yesterday.

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Revamp paying off

Axel Springer, one of Germany's largest publishing groups, yesterday reported a 12 per cent increase in net profits for the first half of the year, in spite of a 25 per cent rise in paper costs. The sharp rise in profits follows a two-year

restructuring programme led by Mr Jürgen Richter, chairman who has cut costs and marketed aggressively.

Net profits for the Springer group rose 12 per cent, from DM72m for the first half of 1995 to DM80.5m (\$54.1m) for the

same period this year. The figures indicate Springer may be on course to match last year's profits, which climbed 15 per cent from DM123m in 1994 to DM142m. Sales were ahead from DM3.95bn to DM4.14bn over the same period.

The steady climb in profits and sales coincides with efforts

competition from new publications and commercial television.

Schlumberger meter units weak

chairman and chief executive, blamed the poor second quarter

division on significant technology changes and contained caused by deregulation in the electricity and gas utility businesses in Europe".

The division reported a 2 per cent rise in operating revenues to \$708m. However, strong demand for Schlumberger's smart cards was offset by a 2 per cent fall in revenues for gas.

electricity and water meters. The metering businesses' poor performance contrasted sharply with buoyant conditions in

most of Schlumberger's other operations, especially official

Total net income for the second quarter was \$197m, 18 per

cent up on the same period last year, with operating revenue 15 per cent higher at \$2.150n. Demand for Schlumberger's

with operating revenues up 22 per cent to \$1.4bn, Solid growth was recorded in the Gulf of Mexico, West Africa, the North See

The strong worldwide demand for offshore drilling rigs was

reflected in improved rig utilisation rates, which have risen

from 88 per cent in the second quarter of 1995 to 94 per cent

One-off gains boost Cominco

Cominco, the Vancouver-based metals producer, posted a

attributable to higher refined zinc and cathode copper output.

(US\$83.4m) from the sale of a hydro-electric data and a stake in

offset by C\$29m in net property write-downs and provisions for

Net earnings climbed to C2106.3m, or C21.24 a share, in the

three months to June 30, from C\$17.6m, or 21 cents, a year sarlier. Revenues advanced from C\$352.8m to C\$400.1m.

Earnings before the special items rose from C\$18m, or 21 cents, to C\$21m, or 23 cents. Each one US cent a lb drop in the copper

price costs Cominco C\$1.9m in annual after-tax earnings. But

forward sales and options contracts concluded before the

recent slide in the copper market boosted second-quarter

Recent drilling at the Red Dog mine in Alaska has

US\$1.01 a lb.

sernings by C\$8m. Commoo sold forward 24 per cent of its

share of copper production from mines in North and South America for the period to May 1997 at an average price of

140

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Moving 1

and timely hedging of copper sales. Net earnings, however, were lifted by one-time after-tax gains totalling C\$114m

British Columbia's Snip gold mine. These gains were partly

small increase in second-quarter operating sarnings.

this time. The company expects oilfield services to remain strong because of rising worldwide demand for oil and natural

oilfield services remained strong during the second quarter.

performance of the company's measurement and systems division on "significant technology changes and confusion

by German newspaper groups to attract more advertising.

against sluggish consumer spending and intensifying

Deregulation of Europe's electricity and natural gas industries, and their changing shape, have driven down demand for metering equipment, according to Schlumberger the Franco-US energy services company. Mr Euan Baird,

at Axel Springer

NEWS DIGEST

# By Christopher Parkes

eign operations did less well. The profits improvement came in spite of earlier warn-ings from industry leaders that tough conditions and low margins might continue to depress performance beyond the first

Chevron, which in the past year has had to contend with production cuts and start-up costs associated with new clean-burn fuel manufacturing processes, said net income

Companies announcing results yesterday said chemicals operations had suffered from low prices during the Net earnings at California's

Chevron group rose 15 per cent on a like-for-like basis to \$700m in the three-month period, and were lifted to \$872m by a oneoff gain from the sale of a Jap-

Higher ]	petrol pri	ices	s in	US	lift	oil	groups
By Christopher Parkes	from US refining and market-		US of com	panies - sec	and quarter		Mobil, reporting an 11 per
in Los Angeles	ing improved almost 80 per cent before extraordinary			Revenue Son 96 1995	Net income 1996	per share \$ 1995	cant rise to \$783m in group ne income - after allowing for hefty restructuring and other
Increases in US petrol prices, which caused a controversy	charges. Exxon, reporting a 60 per	Exxon	32.		1,26	1.30	charges in the year-earlier
recently, lifted US oil corpora- tions' returns from domestic	cent increase in this area, blamed a 40 per cent drop in	Mobil Amoco	19. 8.	76 7.71	1.95 1.20	0.42 1.08	period - appeared to have side stepped the problems which
refining and marketing in the	overseas markets on weak eco-	Chevron Texaco	10.		1.34 2.59	0.93 0.99	affected competitors' refining and marketing operations.
second quarter, although for-	HOWIG CONTINUES IN SANSAN STATE		-		8	burce: Agencies	The company said higher

icals income tumble by almost

50 per cent in the quarter, said

it was pleased with a doubling

of oil and gas earnings, which

singled out the "excellent performance of upstream operations, which benefited from improved crude prices and rising volume sales.

Exxon, which announced net earnings down almost 4 per cent at \$1.57bm, also reported a 40 per cent dip in foreign refining and marketing, while worldwide chemicals earnings fell 47 per cent to \$304m

hefty restructuring and other charges in the year-earlier period - appeared to have side-stepped the problems which affected competitors' refining and marketing operations. The company said higher refining margins and product sales worldwide benefited despite record volume sales. Occidental, which saw chemdownstream operations while

an increase in average oil

prices of \$1.50 a barrel and bet-

ter returns from gas, thanks to

harsh weather, had helped

brought total income from this unstream divisions. division to \$305m for the first Texaco, which also reported one-off charges for reorganisation during the quarter, said However, group net profits for the quarter under review fell 3 per cent to \$181m. adjusted net income rose almost 70 per cent to \$465m.

# **AlliedSignal** upbeat for year after

The group reported a charge of \$359m in the quarter, offset

The charge was due in part to reorganisation in the aero-

In the automotive division sales and earnings fell as a result of the brake disposal, with sales down 36 per cent at

On a like-for-like basis, how-

In the engineered materials division, net income rose 12 per cent to \$118m on sales up 10 per cent to \$1.0bn. While margins were higher in fluorine products, such as environmentally safer CFC-free refrigerants, this was more than offset by a margin decline in

the proceeds of the Bosch sale. was up slightly at \$42m. As a result of the sale, the company had \$2.0bn of cash at mid-year. Group sales after the disposal were \$7.1bn, a rise of 1 per cent. Productivity in the marter rose 5.7 per cent.

to \$56% in early trading.

# 16% rise

AlliedSignal, the diversified US manufacturer, raised second-quarter net income by 16 per cent before special items to \$268m, or 93 cents a share, and forecast full-year earnings up by 13-17 per cent.

by a net \$368m profit from the \$1.5bm sale of its brake busi-

space and automotive divisions. This repositioning and realignment would be com-plete by the end of next year, AlliedSignal said. Part of the charge was also due to new accounting policies on envi-ronmental clean-ups.

Net profit in aerospace was a record \$90m, up 25 per cent, on sales 12 per cent higher at \$1.4bn. Sales and services in engines and equipment were higher, but commercial aviouics sales were down because of lower demand and delayed

\$955m and earnings down 23 ner cent at \$50m.

ever, earnings rose 47 per cent on a 4 per cent increase in sales. Sales of airbags in Europe and seat belts in the US were up significantly. A fall in output from the US heavy-duty truck industry affected sales of turbochargers

and truck brake systems. nylon and polyester fibres.

Sales of electronic materials were lower because of a slowdown in production of integrated circuits worldwide. Free cash flow, excluding

The company said this was the 18th consecutive quarter

of earnings growth exceeding

# Slow second quarter for US drug groups

### By Richard Waters in New York

US drug groups Warner-Lambert and Bristol-Myers Squibb turned in lacklustre sales growth for the second quarter, in part due to the stronger dollar. though both met Wall Street's expectations, with growth in earnings per share of 5 per cent and 9 per cent,

The latest results reflected something of a transition for both companies. Year-on-year comparisons at Warner-Lambert were hindered by last year's inclusion of earnings from its generic

since been sold. Bristol-Myers, mean-while, suffered from an expected 35 per cent fall in sales from its biggest-selling product, Capoten, which lost its US patent earlier this year.

At Warner-Lambert, sales for the

quarter were flat at \$1.8bn, in part due to the dollar's rise, which wiped 4 per-centage points from its reported sales growth. Adjusting for the effect of the disposal of the generic drugs business, the period, it said.

The company's growth does not reflect sales of Zantac 95, the over-thecounter version of Glaxo-Wellcome's launched during the quarter. Had these sales - which are accounted for in a ioint-venture company - been consolidated, revenues from Warner-Lambert's mer bealth care division would have risen by 19 per cent from a year

before, the company said.

As it was, sales were up only 1 per cent to \$709m. Pharmaceutical sales fell 3 per cent to \$617m, while confectionery sales rose I per cent to \$465m.

PROFILE:

Warner-Lambert reported a 6 per cent increase in net income to \$212m, while earnings per share rose from 75 cents to

ten's patent expiry was offset by growth in some of the company's newer prod-ucts: Pravachol, a cholesterol-lowering drug, which recorded sales of \$505m, up 38 per cent from a year before; Taxol, a treatment for cancer, which increased 55 per cent to \$400m; and Enfamil, an infant formula, up 27 per cent at \$345m.
These products enabled the company

to record sales growth of 7 per cent overall during the quarter, despite the effects of currency changes. Bristol-Myers' after-tax profits rose by 8 per cent to \$555m, with earnings per share rising from \$1.20 to \$1.31.

# Enron fired up for global deregulation of energy

The merger between Enron and Portland General is a further sign of the growing global convergence of the natural gas and electrical power industries. "This proposed merger with Portland General represents an

outstanding opportunity for us to create the leading energy company of the future in the North American energy markets," said Mr Kenneth Lay, chairman and chief executive officer of Enron.

The Enron/Portland link-up makes particular sense in a mature economy where deregulation is reshaping markets, say analysts. They note that British Gas, Enron's arch-rival in international markets, is also keen to expand into electricity as its domestic gas and electricity markets move to full liberalisation in 1998.

is also evident in emerging ing group.

natural gas as a fuel for combined cycle gas turbines is increasingly seen as the quickest and most viable way of meeting power shortages.

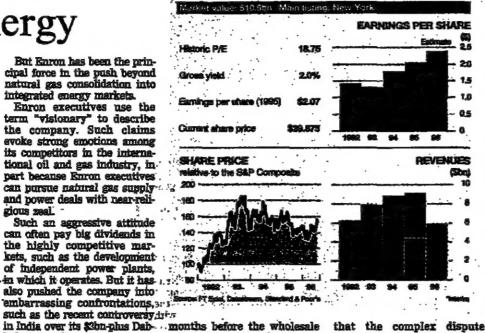
Enron, whose roots are in the Texas natural gas business, has long embraced the notion of all-round energy provision, in contrast to many of the traditional oil majors which have shied away from extending themselves too far into electricity markets.

The consolidation of the US natural gas industry has been moving quickly this year, with El Paso Energy's planned \$4bn acquisition of Tenneco Energy the latest deal. Coming soon after deals linking Mobil with PanEnergy, and Chevron with Natural Gas Clearinghouse (in which British Gas has a substantial stake), the takeover will transform two regional businesses into a single cipal force in the push beyond natural gas consolidation into integrated energy markets. Enron executives use the

term "visionary" to describe the company. Such claims evoke strong emotions among its competitors in the international oil and gas industry, inpart because Enron executives can pursue natural gas supply and power deals with near-reli-Such an aggressive attitude

can often pay big dividends in the highly competitive markets, such as the developmentof independent power plants, in which it operates. But it has also pushed the company into embarrassing confrontations, 3:11 such as the recent controversy dies hol power plant.

- The company's reputation as a savvy reader of industry trends also suffered recently high-price gas in the UK just High Court in London ruled the UK.



zes market collapsed. Enron recently asked a US

involved in the J-Block gas judge to milify the large gas field and the Central Area purchasing contract it has with Transmission System (Cats) Transmission System (Cats)

# Setback for Ebner in UBS battle

uncovered a new deposit with grades of 12 per cent sinc, 4 per

cent lead and two ounces of silver per tonne. The ore-body is deeper than the Aqqaink deposit discovered last year.

Mr Martin Ehner, the Swiss financier, has suffered a legal setback in his long-running battle over the corporate governance of the Union Bank of Switzerland, the country's biggest banking group. The high court of the Canton of Zurich has rejected a request by Mr Ebner's BK Vision, an investment fund and UBS's biggest shareholder, to have a special investigator appointed to examine whether UBS had violated any laws in the execution of its extraordinary general meeting on November 22 1994.

The outcome of this meeting, which agreed the creation of a single class of bearer share, has been one of the main areas of contention between Mr Ebner and UBS's management. Mr Ebner, whose effective voting power was curtailed by the proposed new share structure, is seeking to have the decision of the meeting amnulled in a separate court case, which is still pending before the commercial court in Zurich.

Although the ruling in the latest case will not directly affect the commercial court proceedings, UBS hopes its ruling on the legality of various share transactions at the time of the 1994 egm will put a "rapid end" to BK Vision's lawsuits, which are delaying the modernisation of its share

BK Vision, which has yet to decide whether to appeal the latest decision, is still pressing the Zurich district attorney to launch a criminal investigation into Mr Robert Studer, UBS's new chairman, for allegedly causing wilful damage to the company when he was president of UBS. BK Vision has been ordered to pay the costs of the latest high court case and UES has warned it might seek damages from BK Vision if the commercial court upholds its right to introduce its new share

# Banco di Napoli in labour deal

Unions and management at Banco di Napoli, the troubled Italian bank, yestarday signed an agreement on the reduction of labour costs, one of the conditions for the injection of new capital by the Italian treasury. Banco di Napoli's shareholders - now headed by the treasury itself with 53 per cent of the voting rights - are due to meet on July 30 or 31 to vote on the L2,283bm (\$1.5bm) increase in capital for the loss-making financial institution.

The treasury has agreed to back the rescue plan on a number of conditions, including the participation of other banks. No bank has yet committed itself to converting existing loans into equity in Banco di Napoli, although Mediocredito Centrale, controlled by the treasury, and Banco Ambrosismo Veneto, one of the biggest private sector banks, are understood to be considering whether to take part.

Under the terms of yesterday's agreement, Banco di Napoli will save Lebbn in labour costs this year and Li54bn in 1987.

More importantly, employees will be covered by national negotiations on wages and conditions, ending special treatment for the Neapolitan bank's staff.

# Moulinex in the bathroom

Moulinez, the loss-making French kitchen appliances group, is Moulinex, the loss-making French Ruchen appliances group, a considering branching out into the bathroom. Mr Pierre Blayau, chairman, made the disclosure at the company's annual meeting in Paris yesterday, but offered no further details. He said the company's first-quarter turnover, in the year started April 1 1996, had advanced by more than 5 per cast company with popularity figures.

year started April 1 1996, had advanced by more than 5 per cent compared with year-earlier figures.

His upbeat comments, however, did not prevent Moulinax's shares falling FFr3.50, or 3.7 per cent, to FFr91.70. The moeting came a month after the group announced plans to cut its workforce by more than 20 per cent, and to close two Franch factories, as it reported the biggast loss in its history.

Daniel Owen, Paris

### Higher nickel prices help Inco offset copper weakness claiming a stake in Voisey's Bay. Inco has indicated it will unchanged at US\$61m, or 47 Vancouver-based exploration to drop during the third quarcents a share, in the three 67m lbs. Inco said hedging pro-

By Bernard Simon

Higher nickel prices and lower taxes helped Inco, the western world's biggest producer of nickel, offset a slump in copper prices and higher operating costs in the second quarter. Net earnings were virtually

months to June 30, compared with \$55m, also 47 cents a share, a year earlier. Sales rose Inco said it was still working

company whose main asset is the rich Voisey's Bay nickel, cobalt and copper deposit in eastern Labrador. The deal, which was due to

close almost two months ago, towards completion of its has been delayed by a lawsuit C\$4bm (US\$2.9bn) acquisition of filed by former partners of Diamond Fields' co-chairman

not finalise the deal until the lawsuit is out of the way. Second-quarter nickel output fell to 142m lbs from 150m lbs.

But average prices received climbed to \$3.79 a lb from \$3.65. On the other hand, copper prices slid to \$1.17 from \$1.31 a

copper price of \$1.10 a lb for a "significant portion" planned 1996 sales. Finished nickel inventories

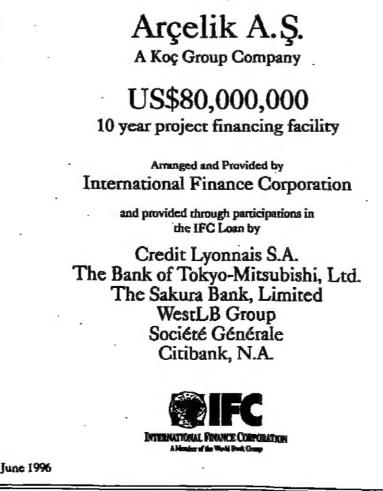
stood at 67m lbs on June 30, up from 60m lbs three months ear-lier. Inventories are expected

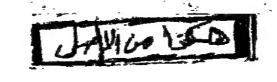
Capital spending more than doubled in the first half of the year, to \$190m, reflecting

expansion at 59 per cent-owned PT Inco in Indonesia, and the development of new mines in Canada.

Diamond Fields Resources, the AHLSTROM A. Ahlstrom Corporation USD 300,000,000 **Multi-Currency Revolving Credit Facility** 

This announcement appears as a matter of record only. Arçelik A.Ş. A Koç Group Company US\$80,000,000 10 year project financing facility Arranged and Provided by International Finance Corporation and provided through participations in the IFC Loan by Credit Lyonnais S.A. The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd. The Sakura Bank, Limited WestLB Group Société Générale Citibank, N.A.





# COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE

# Revamp paving of Axel Springer AGF sells FFr5.3bn of property assets

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Assurances Générales de France, the privatised insurance group, yesterday announced a package of will be used to fund the new

It is the latest in a series of large deals on the troubled Paris market in recent weeks. The board of the insurance group approved the sale of its 99.5 per cent stake in La Fourmi Immobilière, which holds a range of property Fire 2bn and generate a capi-

assets, to Seffmeg, a quoted French property group, for FFr3.7bn, as well several

A significant amount of the cash generated from the deals property sales totalling policy in its life assurance FFT5.3bn (\$1.05bn). portfolio of more "mobile", short-term equity investment management, with an internal target of 10 per cent return a

> After write-downs last year, the sales will provide AGF with an immediate income of

tal gain of FFr339m in the 1996 Paris, another insurer, sold a ings, 24 per cent offices and accounts, as well as a further portfolio of property loans for commercial buildings and 20 FFr30m gain which will be credited directly to the group's

The transactions fulfil AGE's pledge when it was being privatised earlier this year to cut its FFraibn property portfolio by about PFr5km within the next two years.

A series of important deals is under way on the French property market, which has suffered a sharp decline in valnes in recent years.

FF13.2bn last month, and Suez, the holding company, is likely to complete a deal worth up to FFriihn this year.

Senior AGF executives said they expected to increase gradually the proportion of the portiblio of investments held in equities, with more than twothirds coing to stock markets outside France, including

Japan and Latin America. La Fourmi's portfolio is 56 es in recent years.

Dinion des Assurances de mann-style residential build-

per cent recent residential buildings. The transaction is at a 21 per cent discount to net

asset value of FFr5.9bn. In a second deal, AGF is selling a 66 per cent stake in a property company which owns five Paris residential buildings for FFr700m to Immobilière Retilizati.

In addition, AGF has recently sold four properties for FFT150m, and plans to realise another FFr500m this year from sales of individual flats.

# Norsk Hydro growth slows at halfway

Operating profits fell from NKr5.96hn to NKr5.75hn (\$898m) in the first six months, about NKr300m below expecta-tions. Second-quarter profits of NKr2.6bn were 17 per cent down on last time, excluding the effect then of a NKr765m special charge,

Shares in the conglomerate whose activities range from oil, gas and electricity production to fertilisers, metals and chemicals - slid NKr7 to NKr287. Mr Egil Myklebust, Norsk

and the purchase of electricity

He said lower aluminium prices and narrowed margins for extrusion and rolled prod-ucts also had an adverse effect. An 88 per cent profits slide in petrochemicals reflected a com-prehensive maintenance shutdown and lower prices of PVC and vinyl-chloride monomer, a raw material for PVC. At the post-tax level, higher

depressed net income from NKr4.1hn to NKr3.3hn: Turnover was NKr42.9, against NKr41.2hn.

Mr Peter Nicol, oil and gas enalyst at Goldman Sachs in London, cut his full-year Hydro chief executive, attri- earnings forecast from NKr22 a buted the second-quarter share to NKr29. However, he



on a multiple of 10, were at a discount and remained good value in the light of rising oil and gas production and continued progress in

ture, the largest division by sales, advanced from NKr1.5hr to NKr1.76im because of higher fertiliser prices in Europe and slightly higher sales volumes in all markets.

The group said it expected fertiliser consumption in the European Union to grow by up to 2 per cent, following propos als from the European Com-mission to reduce set-aside acreage. Overall, however, market conditions would remain tight due to reduced world grain inventories.

The oil and gas division reported growth in operating profits from NKr1.3hn to NKr2.9bn. The group attributed the incres 14 per cent rise in oil and gas production in the second quarter to 8.8m townes of off equivalents, while the price of crude oil rose by 14 per

over FFr380 to close yesterday

at FFr351.70. But they have nevertheless still performed marginally better this year

than the benchmark CAC-40

index – and markedly better than Elf Aquitaine, its main

As for analysis, it is fair to say they are not all wildly

even though Total has what

better exploration and produc-

tion profiles kicking around".

But their reservations are the

result more of calculations sug-gesting the shares are fully val-

ned compared with other inte-

grated European oil companies, than of worries about adverse political devel-

As one London-based analyst

said: "Twelve months on.

Brent Spar has not affected

Shell much at all, and I expect

Total will be the same, Inturnational investors feel comfort-

able with the company's man-

agement style and commercial

acumen. I am comforted by the

depth of support in Europe

against Senator Alfonse

D'Amato Isponsor of the Iran-

One recent political develop-

ment - last week's acceptance

by Mr Boutros Boutros Chali, UN secretary-general, of Iraq's food-for-oil distribution plan -

may even help the company rather than hinder it. Mr Amir Rasheed, Iraqi oil

minister, has indicated that

French companies would be

given priority in the purchase

of Iraqi oil and the sale to Baghdad of food and medi-

cines. The process will place \$2bn worth of Iraqi oil on

world markets in six months.

that, far from selling their Total shares, investors should

be thinking of buying more if

the price drops much below its

Some analysts even suggest

Libya bill]."

thuniastic about the shares,

described as fone of the

French rival

The project involves the environmental upgrading of power generation facilities and the addition of two new coalfired boilers and a gas-fired combustion turbine at Energy Centrum Kladno, a small generating company. The expan-sion will boost capacity at the plant from 28MW to 385MW. Construction is due to begin

early next year. sales agreement last month with STE to distribute slantcoity from the plant, putting it in direct competition in the central Bohemia region with CEZ, the national statecontrolled generator that supplies STE with nearly 95 per

cent of its electricity. The consortium on Friday also signed a 20-year coal supply contract with Ceskomoravské Doly, a local mining company. Heat from the plant will be sold to the town of

The IFC package comprises a \$45m loan on its own account, a syndicated loan of \$85m. and convertible subordinated debt of \$15m. Czech banks are expected to provide the bulk of the outstanding financing, which Mr Jacques Sicotte, Power, said should be in place in "a few weeks."

The higgest customer of the Kladno plant has been the which is heavily in debt and reeling from bad management. The sales agreement with STE, as well as allowing the distributor to widen its supply base, allows the power plant to David Owen lessen its dependency on the steel company.

# project wins IFC loan agreement By Vincent Boland in Prague

Czech power

A connection of Casch and DS energy companies is planning to develop one of eastern Europe's largest private sector power projects after securing an important loan agreement with the international Finance

The IFC, the private sector arm of the World Bank, agreed last week to lead \$120m to the consortium, to develop the project in the depressed steel town of Kladno, Solom northwest of Prague. The total cost of the project is put at \$350m.

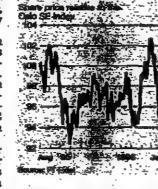
The ECKG team groups independent Power, a unit of ACT of the US, and NRG Energy, a subsidiary of Northern States Power of Minnesota, with Středočeská Rnergetická (STR), the electricity distribution company for the Czech region of central Bohemia. A fourth industry investor is expected to join later this

The consortium partners have already committed some \$100m in equity capital, and half the debt that will be required to complete the proj-ect, from which power deliv-eries are expected to begin at

# generation caused by unsea-sonally low rainfall last winter,

Norsk Hydro, Norway's higgest quoted company, disappointed the market yesterday by reporting slower first-half earnings growth because of weak market conditions in its petrochemicals and aluminium divi-

tax provisions due to greater emphasis on offshore activities



fertilisers.

# Operating profits in agricul-Total shrugs off Burma's politics The French oil group's activities have generated widespread criticism Total's shares have fallen back from recent highs of well



Thierry Desmarest: favours policy of 'economic opening' | |

Total is developing the country's largest foreign investment project to date - a \$1.2bm

venture to produce natural gas for export to Thalland, Partners in the project include Unocal, the US oil company, Thailand's PTT Exploration and Production, and Myanmar Oil and Gas Enterprise of Barres The French group is also

having to keep a weather eye on Washington, where the US Senate last week approved an amendment to toughen proposed laws providing for punitive measures against foreign companies investing in the Libyan and Iranian oil industries. Total has interests in both these countries: it has started

the pilot phase to develop Libya's Mabruk off field and signed an agreement with Iran to develop two fields in the Gulf. It also has substantial US refining and marketing activi-ties, leaving it vulnerable to any US sauctions if the present hill becomes law.

Kommunernes Pensionsfor- rectly. sikring, a Danish pension fund, last week sold its \$10.45m hold-ing in Total because of fears the oil company's Burmese investment might lead to an international boycott of its products. The move raises con-

cern that that Total shares and Gas Enterprise's holding might carry an unacceptable in the project meant that it level of political risk.

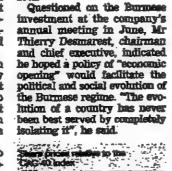
Mr Daniel Valot, Total's

managing director of exploration and production, thinks the political risk attached to Total is "infinitely lower" than it was 20 years ago, when its pro-duction was heavily concentrated in the Middle East and He says the company, which

has insisted it intends to stay in Burma, realised it would not be "the easiest" country to operate in, but did not expect to have to deal with so much "disinformation" about its activities

It was forced last week to issue a statement saying allegations made in a television programme were . "entirely unfounded and contrary to reality". The statement said that it was "contrary to fact to suggest that Total uses forced labour or child labour of any kind, either directly or indi-

In a telephone interview, Mr Suu Kyi, saying he did not see how it could be suggested that the Burns project contributed to the government's financial equilibrium. The Myanmar Oil



was now a source of expendi-

ture for the government rather

than revenues, which would

not start to flow until about





# **Got Derivatives? Moving to Windows 95 or NT?**

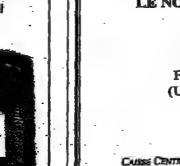
FinancialCAD bundles interest rate swaps & swaptions, caps & floors, structured notes; money market instruments, rate fatures & options; bonds, futures, options & repos; commodity futures, options, swaps & swaptions; equity options, index futures & options; foreign exchange forwards, futures & options; interest rate and exotic options. Huge power at a great price!

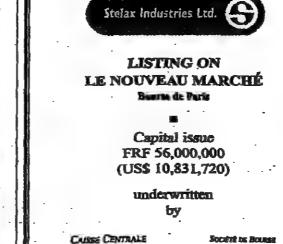
FinancialCAD for Excel £259 If you're a professional and you work with Excel, you need FinancialCAD for is you to a province one you down must be up you make a sent province as Excel. Seamlessly extend Microsoft Excel with more than 290 functions, a Finder and automated speedsheet builder, workbook library and mails reference.

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DES BANQUES POPULAIRES

This information appears us a matter of record only.

AUSTIN FRIARS SECURITIES LTD

Company adviser

P. DE PORTZAMPARC S.A.

# VAL metro funding — consultation

The District of Rennes is an umbrella body encompassing 33 municipal councils, formed to promote the growth and development of the Rennes conurbation.

The construction of the VAL metro is currently its most significant capital project. This fixed-track mass transit system will facilitate travel within the conurbation and stimulate the regional economy.

To that end, the District of Rennes is consulting widely with financial institutions with a view to borrowing a total of FRF 1.8 billion over a period of four years.

Details of the investment will be presented in Rennes, on September 9, in the presence of Edmond Hervé, President of the District.

Terms and conditions of the consultation will be made available on that occasion.

Financial institutions wishing to participate in the consultation are invited to contact the District's financial adviser:

Financière Collectivités Locales (FCL) 107, rue Régumur, F-75002 PARIS Phone: (33-1) 40 28 44 54 Fcpc: (33-1) 40 41 00 95



Gasa No. 96/15479

Apolicant

# MOTICE OF SCHEME MEETING

in the Supreme Court of South Africa (Wineterward Local Division)

In the experie application of

Unicel Cold Mines Limited

Notice is hereby given that, in terms of an Order of Court, dated Tuesday, 9 July 1995, in the above Notice is hereby given that, in terms of an Order of Court, dated Tuesday, 9 July 1995, in the above matter, the Supreme Court of South Africa (Witwatersrand Local Division) ("the Court") has ordered in accordance with the provisions of section 311 of the Companies Act, 1973, that a meeting ("the scheme meeting") of strateholders of the Applicant (other than Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (registration number 05/38232/08) ("Harmony")) registered as such at the close of business on Monday, 19 August 1996 ("the scheme members") be convened under the chalimanship of Miranda Janet Feinstein, or, falling her, an independent person nominated by Bowman Gilffillan Hayman Goldray Inc. for the purpose of considering and, if deemed fit, agreeing to with or without modification, the scheme of arrangement ("the scheme") proposed by Harmony between the Applicant and the holders (other than Harmony) of its issued shares ("the scheme shares").

The scheme meeting will be held at 10:00 (South African time) on Tuesday, 20 August 1996, in the boardroom of Randgold & Exploration Company Limited, 5 Press Avenue, Selby, Johannesburg, 2025.

A copy of the scheme, the explanatory statement in terms of section 312(1) of the Companies Act, 1973 explaining the scheme, the notice concerning the scheme, the proxy form, and the Order of Court convening the scheme meeting are included in the documents sent to scheme members and copies convening the scriptor regularly are flictuded in the occurrents sent to scribb in the interest and copies may, on request by any scheme member during normal working hours, be inspected at or obtained free of charge from the registered office of the Applicant at 5 Press Avenue, Seby, Johannesburg and at the office of the Applicant's secretaries in the United Kingdom, Viaduct Corporate Services Limited, 19 Charamous Service London ECIN 6QP.

Each scheme member may attend, speak and vote in person at the scheme meeting or may appoint any other person or persons (who need not be shareholders of the Applicant) as a proxy or proxies to

The necessary form of proxy (green) is included in the documents sent to acheme members. Additional forms of proxy may be obtained on request from the registered office of the Applicant and its secretaries in the United Kingdom as set out above.

Each signed form of proxy must be lodged with or posted to Optimum Registrars (Proprietary) Limited, 4th Floor, Edura House, 40 Commissioner Street, Johannesburg, 2001 (PO Box 62391, Marshalitown, 2107) or the United Kingdom registrars, transfer and paying agents, Barctays Registrars, Bourne House, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent BRS 4TU, so as to be received by no later than 10:00 (South African time) on Monday, 19 August 1996 or handed to the chalmen of the scheme meeting by no later than ten (10) minutes before the time for which the scheme meeting is convened. Where there are joint holders of scheme shares, any one of such persons may vote at the scheme meeting in respect of such shares as if he was solely entitled thereto, but if more than one of such joint holders be present or represented at the scheme meeting, that one of the said persons whose name stands first in the Applicant's share register in respect of such shares and his proxy, as the case may be, shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.

In terms of the Order of Court dated Tuesday, 9 July 1996, the chairman of the scheme meeting will report the results thereof to the above Honourable Court at 10:00 or so soon thereafter as Coursel may be heard on Tuesday, 3 September 1996. A copy of the chairman's report to the Court will be available on request (free of charge) to any scheme member at the registered office of the Applicant and at the office of the Applicant's secretaries in the United Kingdom at the time and place meritioned above for at least one week before the date fixed by the Court for the chairman to report back to it.

The acheme is subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions precedent stated in the scheme, one of such conditions being its sanction by the above Honourable Court.

Miranda Janet Feinstein Chairman of the scheme meeting

Attorneys to the acteme Bowman Gilblian Hayman Godfrey Inc. 2nd Floor Ten Study Six on Harrison and Pritchard Streets Johannesburg, 2001 (P O Box 2439, Johannesburg, 2000) (Plef: Mr J H Schlosberg/Mr M A Chohan) Rel. (011) 881-9800 or (011) 836-2911

By John Ridding in Hong Kong

Shares in Shanghai International, China's biggest securities company, were suspended in Hong Kong yesterday as its local arm appeared set to buy part of Sun Hung Kai & Co, one of the territory's oldest financial services groups.

Talks between the two companies are believed to centre on the sale of Sun Hung Kai's core securities business, in a deal estimated by some ana(US\$52m). Sun Hung Kai & Co neurs in the 1960s - has said that there had been "significant progress" but no agreement had yet been reached.

The sale would be the latest step in the expansion of main-land Chinese business in Hong Kong. It would also continue a significant restructuring at Sun Hung Kai & Co over recent months.

Sun Hung Kai & Co - which is separate from the large property group of that name, but which emerged from the same lysts at about HK\$400m group of founding entrepre-

recently seen the arrival of a new controlling shareholder. in May, the Allied Group bought a 33 per cent stake in the company for HK\$743m, prompting speculation about further reorganisation.

Allied's move prompted surprise in Hong Kong. It came after a period of controversy around the finance, property and manufacturing concern. its former chairman, Mr Lee Ming-tee, resigned in 1993 following a probe into practices at the group, although his fam-

holder with a 24 per cent stake. The surival of Allied saw the Having established itself as disposal of the bulk of shares held by the Fung family, who

had controlled the company since its foundation in the early 1970s. Mr Fung King-bey had built the group after a trio of Hong Kong's best-known businessmen had established Sun Hung Kai Enterprises as a large property and investment group and gone their separate ways. His associates, Mr Lee

seng, then built two of Hong

The company behind Leeson

hai, and Thalland.

July 1996

fly remains the biggest share. Kong's biggest property its commodities and foreign-

Hong Kong's largest Chineseowned brokerage, Sun Hung Kai has found the going difficult over recent years. Its mar-ket share has eroded in the face of intensifying competition from local and international securities groups. In 1995, net profits fell by 32.5 per cent to HKMILLSom.

Shanghai International is thought to be interested in the core securities business of Sun Hung Kai & Co, and possibly in

Leeson Lager brewer seeks

to draft in US investors

exchange businesses. The mainland-backed group is part of Shanghai International Securities Co, which recently merged with Shangbai Shenyin Securities to form China's big-

gest broker. Shanghai International is involved in loan financing, share dealing, and trading in index futures and options. Industry analysis said it would probably seek to finance any acquisition relating to Sun Hung Kai & Co through a

### NEWS DIGEST

# TNT to realign freight business

TNT, the Australian transportation group, is in effect to exit from the Australian general freight business. Part of its existing general freight operations will be transferred to its logistics division and other activities will be sold off or closed.

The company said that its "full container load" business, along with its Seafast and Country Bulk units, would be aligned with its existing logistics division. Meanwhile, the Ansett Freight Express and the "less than full container load"

operations will be sold or closed. The general freight headquarters will be progressively wound down and eventually shut.

The soft exit from a major portion of the Australian general freight operations represents a substantial change ... given TNT pioneered many developments in the general freight industry in Australia," Mr David Mortimer, managing director, said. But he added the decision was based on a belief that resources should be allocated to areas where TNT had a competitive advantage, and that the aim was to increase the group's focus on time-sensitive freight and logistics. Last year, TNT's general freight revenues stood at A\$822m (US\$650m), although this figure included operations outside Australia. Pre-tax profit, meanwhile, dipped to just A\$16.6m. Two months ago, the group also admitted that the Australian business had made a loss in the first nine months of the current financial year, to and March, because of "lower volumes, pricing pressures, increased fuel costs and some additional restructuring costs".

The company warned it would be several months before any denificant improvement emerged.

TNT shares closed down I cent at A\$1.28 yesterday .The share price has been weak recently - earlier this month, it dropped to its lowest level since the boardroom upheavals of late-1993 - and there have been some calls for a faster rate of

### Filinvest profits soar

Filinvest Development Corp, one of the Philippines' largest property and industrial development companies, yesterday said that not profits had jumped in the first six months of this year to more than double the level achieved for the whole

Reaping the gains of the strong growth in the country's luxury and middle-income real estate sector, Filinvest said net profits rose to 1.84bn pesos (US\$237m) in the first half of the year, most of which was accounted for by strong growth at Filinvest Land, its 70 per cent-owned subsidiary. FDC, whose shares closed 25 centavos down yesterday at 13.50 pesos,

posted net profits of just 908m peacs in 1995. Profits at Filinvest Land, which is the country's second. largest homebuilder (after C&P Homes) with 27 projects around Manile and a landbank of more than 2,000ha, ross to 1.009bn pesos. Filinvest Land's separately listed shares, however, closed marginally lower yesterday at 10.50 pesos after brokers had widely discounted the subsidiary's improved

Analysts said that FDC, which is developing the 240ha Corporate City, one of the country's largest mixed-used development sites, in Alabang, south of Manila, was well-positioned to continue posting record sarnings. Results for the subsidiary, Filinvest Alabang, were not disclosed.

With a minority stake in Fort Bonifacio Land, a 214ha joint venture in the centre of Manila which is billed as the country's largest real estate project, and projections of continuing strong demand for lots in the group's low-income housing sites, broker's say that FDC is best placed to challenge the supremacy of Ayala Land, the Philippines largest property company.

# CBA buys back **A\$1bn** in shares

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

The Commonwealth Bank of Australia, the commercial bank that has just joined the private sector, said that it yesterday bought back 100m investment bank, yesterday shares for cancellation from the federal government at a cost of A\$1bn (US\$790m). The buy-back represents the

final stage in the privatisation of the bank. The federal government disposed of the bulk of its remaining 50.4 per cent holding earlier this month. The shares were sold to investors on a partly-paid basis. The sale price was set at AS6.00, with a further payment of A\$4.45 falling due in November, to raise

around As4hn The associated buy-back plan was approved by Common-wealth's shareholders in May, and will lift the total proceeds to the federal government to AS5bn. The stock was bought back at the first instalment price plus a "time valueadjusted" amount, equivalent to the second instalment. This

Physic Ignoria

price of under AS10.01 a share. Shares in CBA closed 4 cents lower at A\$10.24 yesterday. Macquarle Bank, Australia's only big domestically-owned

moved a step closer to its launch on the stock market as shareholders approved necessary changes to its articles. No new shares will be sold through the listing, which could occur as soon as next week and is likely to value the hank at around A\$1hn. Mr David Clarke, chairman, told the bank's annual meeting

that first-quarter earnings, to

end-June, had been ahead of ago. He said that the bank aimed to pay dividends of 55-60 per cent of after-tax earnings. He declined to speculate on what the UK's Hill Samuel, part of the Lloyds TSB group. might do with its 13.8 per cent holding, although he claimed that Macquarle Bank has "a cordial relationship" with its largest single shareholder.

# Telecom NZ may sell stake in Pacific Star

By Terry Had in Wellington

considering selling all or part of its 51 per cent stake in its biggest unit, Pacific Star, which operates as a value-added service provider for a number of Australian state governments and large

The company said that it was reviewing its involvement in Australia because of changes in the telecommunications environment ahead of deregulation next year. "Like other industry players, we need to ensure we are well positioned," said Mr John Bell, general manager business development, who is also chairman of Pacific Star. He added that Pacific Star

had grown to be a significant unit with a strategic position in Australia, and recent developments at its principal supplier, Telstra, might mean it was no longer a "perfect fit". Mr Bell said it could be worth

### Limited edition beens are a speciality of micro-brewery operators such as South China Brewery South China Brewery may list Lager, a special edition brew named after the rogue trader who brought down Barings on Nasdaq, writes John Ridding

Bank, is set to try its own luck on the international financial beers, have experienced strong ingredients. South China Brewgrowth over recent years, par-South China Brewery, which ticularly in the US, according is based in Hong Kong, said yesterday that it was considerto Mr Mark Wilson, sales director of South China Brewery. ing a listing on the US Nasdaq He points to an expanding marexchange to raise capital for expansion. This could include ket in Hong Kong and strong demand since the brewery the establishment of microopened last year.

"There is an increasingly breweries in Singapore, Shangsophisticated beer market in Micro-breweries, which pro-duce small batches of premium Asia", Mr Wilson says. "We are finding that the community is becoming more and more open to new ideas."

He accepts, however, that the leading international lager brands, with a lower alcohol content, are more suited to the "session drinking" which often accommenies after-hours business in Asia, and that image and status, developed through the advertising budgets of the big brewers, remain an important part of drawing Asian

Another problem facing the brewery is the lack of local

ery imports its barley from southern England, while its hops are flown in from the US and Belgium. They are transformed in Hong Kong into Dragon's Back, an Indian pale ale, and Crooked Island, a

The Leeson lager, labelled with a picture of the infamous dealer under arrest at Frankfurt airport, was ordered by Mr Leeson's friends as a limited The lager was described as

"US\$1.4bn proof", in a reference to the losses chalked up by the Barings trader on his disastrous dealings in Mkhel index futures. The Hong Kong Stock Exchange will only list compa-

nies with a three-year profits This is one reason why the company is looking to Nas-day's Smallesp market rather

# than the HKSE

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

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(An exempt closed-end company incorporated on 25th June 1996 with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands with registered number 66925)

U.S. \$100,000,000

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July 1996.

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All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

18,400,000 Shares



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Common Stock

3,200,000 Shares

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

Furman Selz

Cazenove & Co. Internationale Nederlanden Bank N.V. **Credit Lyonnais Securities** Paribas Capital Markets

Schroders

15,200,000 Shares

The above shares were offered in the United States and Canada by the undersigned.

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Deutsche Morgan Grenfell

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## COMPANIES AND FINANCE: UK

# 'Golden parachute' at EMI

By Alice Rawsthorn

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Mr Jim Fifield, chief executive of EMI Music who is one of the highest-paid executives of a UK company, would be entitled to compensation of about £12m (\$18.7m) based on last year's renumeration if he were to leave following a takeover bid.

The details of Mr Fifteld's "golden parachute", which would be among the largest To the second se contractual pay-offs awarded to a director of a UK company, are included in documents published vesterday for the proposed demerger of Thorn EMI, the parent company of EMI

The approach to Thorn PMT's denerger, scheduled for com-pletion next month, has been clouded by speculation about a takeover bid for EMI Music, the only one of the world's "big

tainment or electronics group. If the US-born Mr Fifield left EMI within a year of a change of control, he would receive three fimes his base salary and average annual bonus (each worth \$1.923m in the year to March 31) plus various fringe benefits. His total benefits were valued at £270,000 during

that period, when he was also

awarded £2.39m in shares and

£869,000 in pension contribu-

Sir Colin Southgate, Thorn EMI's chairman, said that Mr Fifield's compensation agreement was "standard" and had been part of the latter's contract since 1989 when he changed from a rolling con-

tract to a three year one.

The same clause is included in Sir Colin's contract and ortion of his package is

five" record companies not those of Thorn EMTs other two aheady owned by a large enterexecutive directors, Mr Simon Mike Metcall, chief executive of the Thorn retail group. Sir Colin's package was worth £755,000 last year, including £506,000 base salary. Mr Duffy and Mr Metcalf received \$293,000 and \$213,000 respec-

> has long attracted controversy. Dubbed "Lucky Jim" in the City, he has consistently been among the highest paid directors of UK companies in recent years with packages worth 27.58m in the 1995 financial year and £8,04m in 1994. Thom EMI claims that Mr Fifield's remmeration is standard for executives of his cali-

Mr Fifield's renumeration

The bespectacled Mr Fifield, Duffy, finance director, and Mr 54, a mild mannered figure by music business standards, has presided over a significant improvement in EMI Music's performance since joining Thorn RMI in 1987. He is regarded in the industry as concentrating on structural

issues such as costs, leaving

artist relations to Mr Ken

Berry, who joined EMI after its

acquisition of Virgin Music. Thorn EMI saw its shares fall by 42p to £16.93 in a week stock market yesterday after announcing a 13.1 per cent increase in profits before tax and exceptional items to SSRm (260.1m) for the three months to June 30, on turnover up 5.5 per cent to £1.11m (£1.05m). Sir Coltn said the outlook for the



Sir Colin Southeate: Pifield's compensation deal was standard

# Brazilian arm sold by Reckitt

Reckitt & Colman, the UK household products group, has sold its 80 per cent stake in a Brazilian paints and coatings business for £48.1m (\$74.8m).

& Colman

The disposal, which had been flagged for some time, forms part of the group's strat-egy over the last three years of selling non-core businesses and concentrating on retail household products.

The Brazilian company, Globo SA Tintas e Pigmentos, has been bought by Bayer, the German drugs and chemicals company, and The Sherwin-Williams Company of the US for £60.1m. Globo makes synthetic iron oxides in Latin America, and is the fifth largest paint producer in Brazil.

Bayer will retain Globo's iron oxide activities while Sherwin-Williams will operate the coatings business. The two will retain Globo's brand names. In 1995 Globo made pre-tax profits of £8.9m, of which the contribution to Reckitt was £7.1m and earnings of £4m, £8.2m of which went to Beckitt. Globo's net ussets were £15.6m at the yearand, of which Reckitt's share

was 212.5m. The deal means that Reckitt. which retains a large household products business in Brazil, has raised £400m from the sale of non-core businesses in

the past three years. In 1994 when it unveiled the 2980m acquisition of L&F Household, a large US household product supplier, the group announced a series of disposals to reduce debts.

These included the £243m sale in April, 1995 of Colman's of Norwich, its UK food business, to Unilever, and other

# Costain's rescue share issue wins approval

Thorn and EML

Costain shareholders approved a 278.6m (D14.6m) rescue share issue yesterday as the scheme gained last-minute backing from one of the group's largest investors, which had previously opposed the deel.

Raymond International, a Saudi Arabian-based construction company which owns 19 per cent of the group, had pre-viously indicated that they would vote against the pro-

day's extraordinary meeting helped the UK construction company pass its plan by 76.5 per cent of the shareholders

The shares rose 7p to 48p after the group's listing was restored at 3.15pm. Mr Alan Lovell, chief encoutive, said yesterday: "While it is noteworthy that we would have won without (Raymond's support) we are absolutely delighted that they did come in

due to the company's "frankness about the alternative" as well as the positive aspects of the deal. Costain had warned that it would be forced into receivership if shareholders blocked the lesse.

Under the deal Intria, a Malaysian construction company which is underwriting a large part of the issue, is expected to be left with a stake of up to 40 per cent of the enlarged capital. Kharafi, the Kuwaiti indus-

Signet selling two UK chains for £280m

was considering its options while Raymond International was unavailable for comm-

Mr Lovell said Costain wrote to the Kuwaiti group immediately after the meeting and was "endeavouring to continue good trading relations". Cos-tain is currently working with Kharafi on "three or four con-

in spits of the uncertainty over this relationship, Mr Lovdelighted that they did come in with us."

Kharafi, the Kuwaiti industrial conglomerate, voted its 19 pleases me about this is that the company said it we now have substantial shareholders in each of the two principles.

cipal oversees markets". These markets are South East Asia Shareholders who decide to

take up the offer of three new shares at 50p for every one owned will first dent the holding of a number of banks, which are underwriting the rest of the deal with

The open offer closes on Sat-urday and the result should be announced on Monday. After the new issue, net debt which stood at £76m at December 31, will be reduced on a

# Lotus owner agrees to an immediate sale

Mr Romano Artioli, owner of Lotus, the UK sports car and engineering concern, has agreed to an immediate sale of the company and to sever his connections with it, following an ultimatum by the compa-ny's directors that they would otherwise call in receivers. Mr Neeraj Kapur, finance director and effectively chief

executive, and fellow UK directors of Lotus reached the agreement with Mr Artioli after making the receivership threat during a meeting with Mr Artioli at the company's Hethel, Norfolk, headquarters on Friday night.

They told the Italian entrepreneur, whose other car com-pany, Bugatti, is already in receivership, that Lotus is experiencing increasing diffi-culties because of uncertainty over Mr Artioli's intentions towards Lotus.

Major customers of Louis's engineering division, currently by far Lotus' biggest single source of income, have begun witholding new contracts until the ownership issue is settled. Although Lotus recently

year, its income stream is dry ing up at the time that it is spending heavily to bring into full production the Elise, its new aluminium-bodied small sports car launched recently to much motoring press acclaim. Mr Artioli was warned that Lotus' directors had a statu-tory duty to put the interests of creditors before his own, if the situation remained unresolved and Lotus appeared likely to face financial difficul-

Lotus' engineering customers include General Motors, the world's biggest vehicle producer, and other major motor manufacturers. Initially uneasy about the prospects for Lotus' future when Bugatti collapsed, they became alarmed when Mr Artioli began negotiations to sell Lotus to Daewoo, the Korean vehicle maker, for a reputed £60m (\$93.6m). GM, Lotus' former owner, told Lotus it would take its

business elsewhere in the event of a Daewoo takeover. It is understood that at least one group of potential investors acceptable to Lotus engi-neering customers is ready to sign a deal to acquire all or filed accounts showing that it part of Lotus "within a few made substantial profits last days".

# T&N in £41m sale of aerospace arm

T&N has sold its aerospace business, AE Turbine Components, for £41m (\$64m) freeing resources for the further development of its core automotive and engineering operations.

The buyer is Precision Castparts of Portland, Oregon, in

the US. It first expressed interest nine years ago after T&N acquired the business, which makes blades for aircraft engines and power generation turbines, through the takeover of AE in 1987. Sir Colin Hope, the T&N

chairman, said his company had realised a higher price for its nadir," one analyst said. group would aim to convert the business by improving its limiting the company's liabilisterling. Signet's one their shares into ordinaries. management, reducing its ity.

dependence upon Rolls-Royce - once its dominant customer - and waiting for an upturn in

the industry cycle.
"AE Turbine Components, although now a strong business, is not within T&N's mainstream operations," he

Although T&N has virtually

completed its withdrawal from

the asbestos industry, it is still fighting a rearguard action against lawsuits for damages. Sir Colin said T&N was expecting to return to court in the US in October as part of its effort to demonstrate that the outstanding cases there should be treated as a class action,

### Signet, the indebted jewellery group that used to be called Ratners, is to sell its two UK Argos, the catalogue retailer, chains to venture capitalist for more than £200m. However, Apax Partners for £280m

(\$437m) this week. The take-over will be one of the largest in British retail history in recent years.

Apax will then integrate the premium Ernest Jones chain with Goldsmiths, the jeweller in which Apaz may buy a large stake. Goldsmiths' market value was £69.9m yesterday

Four Lloyd's members'

agencies are to merge to form

one of the largest agencies in the insurance market as part

of a continuing trend towards

investors, or Names, select

Members agencies help

By Jim Kelly,

consolidation.

syndicates.

integrated with Goldsmiths. Mr Jurek Plasecki, Goldsmiths' chairman and chief executive, hopes to sell the chain to when Argos tried to buy the chain from Signet this spring it bid well below that figure.

debt after acquisitions made by group founder Mr Gerald Ratner in the 1980s were followed by a collapse in the jewellery market at the start of the

Lloyd's agencies to merge

RFKershaw, Castle Members Agents, Holman Macleod and

Marlborough Underwriting

Agency will form Greenwich

Lloyd's Underwriting for the 1997 year of account. Their combined underwriting capac-

ity in 1996 was £487m (\$760m)

have about 1,000 Names.

and after the merger it will

The move is designed to

make more resources available

Marks & Spencer prawn sand-Signet refused to comment yesterday on the disposal. But

it said that if the chains were sold it "would be using the proceeds to reduce borrowing". The group had net debt of Signet has struggled with \$308.2m at its February 3 year-

It also owes preference drive, Ernest Jones sales were shareholders about £185m in unpaid dividends, while under three months of this redeeming their shares would 1990s. Mr Ratner caused a cost well over £300m. Signet furore in 1991 by calling one of had initially sought close to his decanter sets "total crap". £300m for the chains, while The mass market H Samuel He also said the fashion lewel. Apax and Goldsmiths wanted its nadit," one analyst said. chain may also be initially lary his chains sold was about . to pay £250m. Most analysts

to provide risk analysis of syn-dicates. Separately, four of the seven syndicates managed by

Kiln, the managing agency, are to merge. They are 123 (marine), 510 (non-marine), 603

(motor), and 955 (aviation). The

merged syndicate will have an

underwriting premium income

capacity of about £300m in

1997, making it one of the larg-

est in the market.

as cheap and durable as a believe Signet has achieved a good price, particularly since Apax was thought to be the only remaining bidder.

Signet raised UK operating profits on continuing businesses 12 per cent to £18.1m last year, after group and other costs. Its UK and Ireland turnover was 2536.8m. But after a modernisation

year. H Samuel sales were 2 per cent up, with the chain's modernisation due to start in August. "H Samuel has pes

remaining business based in the US, reported pre-tax profits of £45.9m on sales of £557.9m last year. An analyst said: "Signet is

left with a peculiar structure, because it will have an American business but a London HQ and a shareholder list over here." The group is likely to move its head office to the US. Signet will also resume talks with its preference shareholders to restructure its capital base. The preference holders will probably be asked to ren-ounce some of the dividends they are owed, after which the

# RESULTS

1.									- Dividende -		
	Time	er (tim)		r (Bat)		(a)	Chartest physiosis (s)	Daine of parjument	Corresponding shidend	Total for year	Total leet
Actual Accounts G suffer to the St	-	(-)	0.158L	(0.045 )	1.23	(0.3)	pii		nii	-	nii -
CC: Holdings	1.3	(1.22)	0,115	(0.062)	10.1	(6.5)	-	-	-	-	-
Copyright P'mother Yr to Apr 30th	6.38	(4.12)	0.303	(0,478)	2.46	(3.78 )	1	Oct 1	-	1.5	1.5
line Business	5.50	(3.61)	0.386	(0.0521)	( N	(0.02 )	0.55	0el 70		0.55	-
Leader (I mile to Mar 3)	8.7	(B.47 )	D.127L	D.221L)	11.24	(14L)	nii	-	nü	-	1
Them Bill 1 mire to June 30	1,108	(1,048)	108.8 <b>¥</b>	(63.7♥ )	10.0	(8.4 )	-	-	-	-	35.6
Timmerows Laisure §	7.92	(8.58)	0.088	(1.39 <b>(</b> )	0.04†	(2.86)	THE		nii	në.	110

Sentings shown basic. Divisionals shown hat, Figures in Insalasts are for corresponding period, 4After acceptional charge. Wifter exceptional cradit. 70n Increased capital. (Main atock. SUSM stock. ★ Comparatives for 259 days



SUMMARY ANNOUNCEMENT INTERNATIONAL TENDER FOR THE

NA.VI.PE. FREE ZONE

Of PLATIYIALI, ASTAKOS, AETOLOAKARNANIA (GREECE)

CONSISTING OF THE PORT AND THE MARITIME INDUSTRIAL AREA AT PLATIVIALL. WESTERN GREECE (hereinafter "NA.VI.PE.")

NAVIPE S.A., a subsidiary of the Hetienic inclustrial Development Bank S.A. (ETVA S.A.), established at 87 Syngrou Avenue, Athera 11746 Greece, in its capacity as the agency for the development and management of NA,VLPE, hereby ANNOUNCES

onal Tender with Negotialed Procedure for the establishment of investors - users at NALVLPE, and/or of a Manager for the Port through the

NAVLPE's Strategic Geographical location in the Eastern Mediterranean consists of a total area of about 168 hz., of which 38 hz are configured with the harbour and 65 hz are immediately adjacent. The port has six wharves/ plans of 3,000m total length with depths ranging from 8 to 14 metras, industrial, Processing, Commercial and Service companies may establish themselves at MA,VLPE., which presents an important opportunity to develop productive enterprises, with the persist execution of investment incentives and operating and export facilitations. AVAILABLE INCENTIVES

 NA.VLPE, was founded further to Law 4458/65 and by virtue of Presidential Decree 133/90 is established as a Presidential Decree 133/90 is established as a Presidential Property. EU Customs Legislation and the extendent EU regulations on Free Trace Zones apply, Duly/lbx Free Imports of goods from third countries which, upon undergoing processing, may obtain EU identity.

undergoing processing, may obtain the community.

NA\_VLPE, is treated as an "AREA D" site under Law 1882/90, entailing investment grants up to 45%, interest Subeldies for a residuum period of 6 years, certain Tax allowances of up to 90%, increased Depreciation rates, Training grants of up to 100% to train unsided lebour forces.

Tax incentives regarding the relocation of companies and the purchase of sites. NA.VI.PE. is included in the industrial Enterprise Programme for the financing of supplemental investment in its basic intrastructure with a budget of B. Development GRD 4.2 bitton (about US\$17.5 million), co-tunded by the European Union.

TERMS OF THE ANNOUNCEMENT

This Announcement is addressed to parties interested in establishment at, pertial or exclusive use at NA.VI.PE, and/or management of the Port, has consumed an apply for a copy of the information Memorandum which will be available, together with accompanying documentation, from one of the addresses provided below against payment of GRD 20,000 or of USS 85.00.

accreeses provided brown agencia physicians and business activities at NA\_VLPE, accompanied by a Later of Quarantee the terms of which are indicated in the Information Memorandum, should be submitted between 10:00 and 12:00 hours on Monday 30th September 1996 at NAVIPE SLA is offices. The intermitation recommends and eviduation criteria as well as requirements regarding the language of the Others' validus, elements are included in the information

Interested parties may visit MA.VI.PE, after consultation with NAVIPE S.A. or its Advisor Eurolin S.A.

An information seminar has been arranged for 13 September 1996 in Athens. The date of despetch of the Summery Amouncement to the Oticial Journal of the Buropean Communities is 19 July 1996.

NAVIPE S.A. 87 SYNGROU AVE. 117 45 ATHENS Tel + 30 1 929 4923-5 Fax. +30 1 924 1778/6 Dr. L Apostolopoulois EUROPIN INTERNATIONAL 12 YIA VINCENZO MONTE MILANO 20123 Tel +39 2 435881 Pax +39 2 4902 2943 Dott. L. Barliscopes

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a principal represent of 48,513 per 462,406 Non-paramete to Chance (5b) of the Notes on the interest payment date the july 1996. The principal amount The July 1996. The principal assume manuscring on he August 1996 will therefore by 453,891 per Nose;

ECU 3,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note

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Series Nº 3 Banca Nazionale dei Lavoro S.p.A. - Hong Kong Branch US\$ 100,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate

Depositary Receipts due 1999 In accordance with the terms of the Series N° 3 Depositary Recepts. the "Receipts") described in the Pricing Supplement dated as of July 15, 1994, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Penod.

from July 22, 1996 to October 22, 1996 the Receipts will carry an Interest Rate of 6 00516 % per annum. The Interest Amount payable on the relevant interest Payment Date, October 22, 1996 wit be US\$ 9.25 per

The Calculation Receipt of US\$ 600, US\$ 92.54 per Receipt of US\$ 6,000 and US\$ 925.39 per Receipt of US\$ 60,000



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# Rate cut hopes lift European sector

By Samer Iskandar in London and Lisa Bransten in New York

Bond markets in Europe were supported yesterday by rising hopes of a cut in the Bundesbank's repo rate, to be followed by similar decisions from other central banks.

The speculation was fuelled late last week by comments from Mr Hans Tietmeyer, Bundesbank president, who hinted the German central bank was still in an "easing mood", and reinforced by slightly weaker than expected M3 monetary growth figures.

Julius Baer Investments considers that the subdued business climate in Germany. the latest M3 data and Mr Tietmeyer's comments pave the way for a 5 basis point cut in the repo rate, or a move

UBS in Frankfurt says a "5 basis point reduction this week seems possible", while economists at Credit Lyonnats predict that "there is a 60 per cent chance of seeing a [10 basis point] cut in the repo".

The bund market was buoyed by this speculation. Liffe's September band future settled at 96.85, up 0.08, and reached a high of 96.94 in afterhours trading. In the cash market, the 10-year benchmark bund was 0.09 higher at 98.96. However, Credit Lyonnais warned that the monetary easing had been fully anticipated. Observers also said it was unlikely that the market would

rise much after a rate cut. One futures trader said that if the Bundesbank eased the repo rate, the result "could be a typical case of 'buy the rumour, sell the fact".

steepening trades - selling futures on long-term bunds and buying futures on threemonth euromark rates.

### GOVERNMENT Bonds

Europe's high-yielding markets benefited most from the rate cut speculation. Italian RTPs ended the day sharply higher. Liffe's September BTP future settled at 117.55, up 0.93. In the cash market, the 10-year yield spread of BTPs overbunds tightened to 289 basis points, from around 310 points Economists said preliminary

3.9 per cent last month. Bear Stearns in London said

this gave the Bank of Italy "ammunition to cut rates". It predicted that the 10-year yield spread over bunds would continue to tighten towards the 275 basis point mark.

■ US Treasury prices

rebounded from early weakness as the equity market resumed its downward course. Declines in bond prices overseas carried into US trading in the early part of the session, but prices began to reverse course after shares showed signs of weakness at the 9:30am opening of the market. Near midday, the benchmark inflation data from the largest 30-year Treasury had added %

Meanwhile, traders with direct access to the futures trading pits said large institutions yesterday initiated curve cities indicated a marked slow to 88½ to yield 6.951 per cent, the two-year note was ½ higher growth of consumer prices to at 100½, yielding 6.178 per cent and the September 30-year bond future was up & to 1094. investors were focused on

the volatility in the equity market and on new supply one to come on to the market today and tomorrow when the Treasury Department auctions \$18.75bn of two-year notes and \$12.5bn of five-year notes.

Mr Alan Greenspan, chairman of the Federal Reserve, is to deliver a second round of testimony about the economy today. He was not expected to differ in his comments from what he told the Senate last week, but investors hoped he might clarify those comments. which were interpreted by the markets as reducing the chances of an interest rate

Spread Book-russer to

IBJ Inti/New Japan Secs

# New president for EdP before offer next April

A new president is to take over at Electricidade de Portugal, the national power company, before a global offer of 20 to 25 per cent of the group next April in Portugal's biggest privatisation to date.

Mr Joaquim Silva Correia, who presided over a sweeping restructuring of the group following his appointment as president in 1992, is to step down in October.

EdP, which is 100 per cent state-owned, said yesterday the outgoing president, whose contract officially ends in December, wished to make way for a successor before the privatisa tion process began in earnest.
"There has been no disagree-

ment and no drama," EdP said. Mr Rui Sérgio, a former plan-ning director at EdP, has been tipped as the most likely suc-

Shortly before announcing his decision, Mr Silva Correia

said in an interview that 20 to 25 per cent of EdP, a holding company for 22 companies cov-ering electricity production, transmission, distribution and related services, was expected to be sold in a global offer in the first half of April.

### INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ISSUES

A secondary offering taking private ownership up to 49 per cent is due to be made in 1996, under plans drawn up by the socialist government which took office last November. The state is to retain majority control indefinitely. --Two international consortia

are due to be appointed as independent evaluators of EdP by August 1. One of the two will later be selected as the global co-ordinator for the initial public offering, which is expected to be made in Lisbon,

Mr José Penedos, secretary of state for energy and industry, said recently he expected the group to valued at about Es1,400bn (\$9.1bn). His remarks drew criticism from some analysts, who suggested he was pre-empting the work of the evaluators.

Mr Silva Correia, appointed by the previous centre-right government, led a successful restructuring of EdP that involved dividing a single monolithic enterprise into a group of 22 separate units, co-ordinated by a holding

сипралу. Efficiency improvements from the restructuring helped EdP more than double net consolidated profits to Es66.3bn in 1995. In the same year, the group reduced its accumulated debt by Es91bn.

Over the past four years EdP has also reduced electricity tariffs by 30 per cent and 10 per cent for industrial and domes-

# Strong demand for tightly-priced Slovenia debut

II US COLLARS

D-MANYS

E STERLING

Republic of Slovenial Margan Guernay Trus Krung Thei Bankt

New international bond issues

### By Conner Middelmann

The Republic of Slovenia made a splash yesterday with its euromarket debut, which attracted such demand from investors that it was increased within half an hour of launch. The five-year issue, upped to \$325m from the original \$250m, was the most tightly priced offering to emerge from central

### INTERNATIONAL BONDS

and eastern Europe.

Yielding 58 basis points over US Treasuries at the re-offer price, it beat the Czech Komercni Banka, which recently sold five-year dollar bonds at 78 basis points over Treasuries, and Poland, which two weeks ago priced five-year D-Mark bonds to yield 65 basis points more than the German government's five-year notes. After the bonds were freed to trade, the spread narrowed fur-

ing to an official at lead manager J.P. Morgan. "We would have liked to increase the issue even more, but were limited by Slovenia's foreign-currency borrowing limit," he said. About 42 per cent of the offering went to European accounts, 37 per cent to US accounts under Rule 144a, and

Slovenia boasts the highest credit ratings among Europe's transition economies. A3 from Moody's and A from S&P.

offering for the Republic of the sterling market. The deal was slower to take off, partly because Argentina which has raised some \$50n in the international markets this year and has another \$2bn to do - does not have the same

the remainder to Asia and the Middle East, he said.

Another emerging-market debut was a £100m five-year

Compared with Argentina's outstanding five-year dollar global bonds, which yield around 400 basis points over Treasuries, the 390 basis point spread over gilts was hardly generous, although many dealrarity appeal as Slovenia. Also, ers deemed it fair. Lead manthe disappointing performance ager SBC Warburg said 85-40 per cant was placed with UK institutions and the rest sold to of Brazil's recent sterling issue has made many UK institu-

III LEGISTICOMO HINAS est band) at launch supplied by lead manager, \* Unlisted. coupon, R: fixed re-offer prior; fees shown at re-offer level. fler 6-mth Libor +200bp. Cellable from Aug 2001 at per. oj © Convertible. © With equity warrards. ‡ Florating-rate note. ® Semi-annula) +58bp (WI 5-yr US Treatury, b) 6-min Libor +77bp for years 1-5; then 3-min Libor +16bp, d) 5½% for years 1-3 then 7% Argentina is rumoured to be looking at the D-Mark market again, with Frankfurt dealers

talking of a DM500m-DM750m offering in the three-year to five-year sector.
The D-Mark market is also poised for another asset-backed offering this week, expected to be DM1bn of five-year bonds backed by credit-card receivTrust, the ninth-largest US credit card company. MBNA America Bank and Citibank are also said to be planning credit-card backed deals in the

D-Mark market. Also in the D-Mark sector, Cades, the French social security agency, is thought to be considering a 10-year offering totalling between DM3hn and

# Mexico may increase FRN

Bankers handling Mexico's \$3bn hybrid floating-rate note and loan issue believe heavy demand could virtually double the size.

Lead managers SBC Warburg and J.P. Morgan will announce any change in the amount by Thursday, the deadline for subscriptions.

If they reach agreement to increase the five-year loan to between \$5bn and \$6bn, the decision will result in the biggest single-tranche sovereign

The current record for such a loan was set by the UK gov-10-year FRN issue in 1988 amounting to \$4bn. Any change in the size of the issue, which was announced

two weeks ago, must be agreed between the Mexican government and the lead managers. One banker involved in the deal said yesterday: "We have had such strong demand that

the amount might be Another banker said: "Although nothing is concrete, the Mexicans have made no secret of the fact that they would be happy to increase

[the issue] if there was over-whelming demand." Mexico will use the cash to repay part of the \$10,5bn it still owes to the US Treasury, which provided \$20bn in aid last year in an attempt to

resolve the 1994 financial One principal reason for the unusually heavy interest lies

with Moody's and Standard &

Poor's, the two US credit ratings agencies.

Because the notes receive credit support from exports of crude oil and oil derivatives, both agencies have given them an investment grade rating. That values them more highly than Mexico's foreign currency

The rating is provisional and will not be fully assigned until the issue legally closes in mid-August. Both agencies will also re-examine their ratings in the event of any alteration to the details - such as a change in

Nevertheless, Mr David Bigelow of S&P said a bigger loan would only pose a problem if Mexico were to create a situation of having a potential pledge on more of its export

--- Low coupon yield --- "Mediam coupon yield --- High coupon yield ---Jul 22. Jul 19 Yr. ago Jul 22. Jul 19 Yr. ago Jul 22. Jul 19 Yr. ago

ther to 56 basis points, accord- tions wary of Latin issues.	European investors. ables for Capital One Master	DMSbn later in the summer. issue, which was
WORLD BOND PRICES		
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BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS	Price Aug Sep Cet Dee Aug Sep Cet Dec 196 D-19 1-18 1-11 1-44 0-43 0-59 1-16 1-48 1-72 10-08 0-48 1-14 0-25 1-00 1-52 2-18 108 0 0-23 0-29 0-55 1-18 1-41 2-33 2-98 Est. vol. total, Cells 1121 Russ 721, Previous day's open est, Cells 28381 Puts 2633	Assists 82 00
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# Dollar loses ground on fears of Japanese rate rise

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The dollar yesterday remained under pressure on the foreign exchanges as concern about a near term tightening in Japanese interest rates maintained the bearish sentiment which set in last week.

The Bank of Japan today publishes its quarterly eco-nomic bulletin, and this has provided markets, especially in the Far East, with a convement peg on which to hang their interest rate arguments. The dollar closed in London

at Y107.7, its weakest level in about two months, from Y108.235 on Friday. It was firmer against the D-Mark fol-lowing weekend comments in the German press from Mr Hans Tietmeyer, the Bundesbank president, saying he saw no reason why the dollar should not return to recent highs, or even exceed them. It closed at DM1.4863, from DM1.4885.

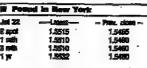
increase FRV

The D-Mark was generally

meyer's comments, which renewed focus on the possibility that the Bundesbank will trim the repo rate when it meets on Thursday ahead of its summer recess. The repo rate has been at 3.30 per cent since February 1. Markets are also anticipating cuts in Italian and Spanish interest rates, and these pushed the lira and peseta to lows around Li.017 and Pta84.57 against the

Sterling traded steadily following its recent sharp losses, with the trade weighted index finishing unchanged at 84.7.

■ The dollar's troubles against the yen appear to be a combi-nation of both interest rate and political factors. Worries about

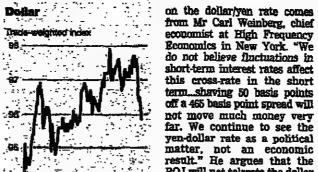


weaker following Mr Tiet- higher interest rates are being Dollar compounded by renewed con-cern about political friction between the US and Japan, with trade talks between the two countries apparently not making much progress. Talk of a weaker dollar is

partially borne out in the monthly survey published by London-based Consensus Economics. Although the panel of 60 forecasters is not forecasting much movement in the year ahead - it is forecasting Y107 in July 1997 (against Y110.3 when the forecast was made) the balance of risk clearly favours a stronger yen. The panel estimates that there is a 38 per cent probability that the yen will appreciate by more than five per cent, compared with only a 20 per cent risk of

Mr Jeremy Hawkins, chief economist at the Bank of America in London, believes that the poor US trade data

a decline of more than five per-



mark a return to the period when "structural imbalances" dogged the dollar. "There is every possibility of returning to the mid-Eighties when if you could call the trade data you could call dollar/D-Mark. Markets will start asking; who will fund the current account deficit if central banks don't want to buy dollars?" One slightly contrarian view

economist at High Frequency Economics in New York. "We do not believe fluctuations in short-term interest rates affect this cross-rate in the short term shaving 50 basis points off a 465 basis point spread will not move much money very far. We continue to see the yen-dollar rate as a political matter, not an economic

result." He argues that the

BOJ will not tolerate the dollar

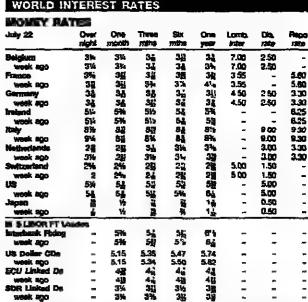
lower than Y108. ■ A key factor for the dollar in the weeks and months ahead will be the performance of US asset markets. In recent weeks the dollar has been pulled lower by weakness in the US stock market. Mr Philippe Jordan, senior vice president at Daiwa Securities in New York, comments: "The dollar is hang-ing on to the price of IRM -

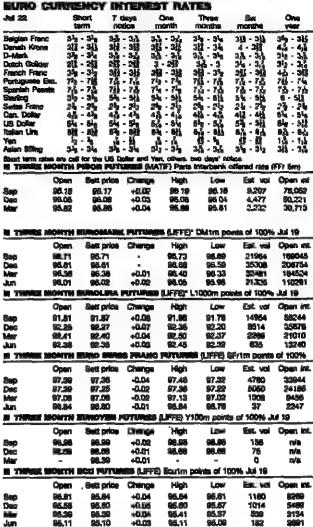
that is not a healthy situation." Mr Jordan notes that a further factor in the dollar's fall has simply been the market joyously capitalising on the first glimmer of momentum of calm.

He believes that further stock-market declines could be very positive for US treasuries. The imbalance in cash inflows, in favour of equities, has recently been so large that even a small shift towards bonds could make a big differ-

A buoyant bond market might well attract foreign cash inflows and support the dollar Against this, Mr Jordan believes that a fall in US stock prices would prove contagious. and that this environment would trigger a rush to quality,

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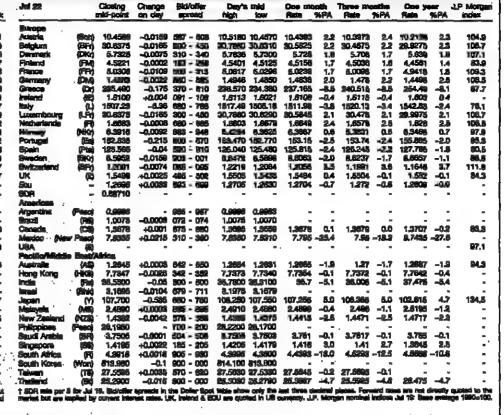
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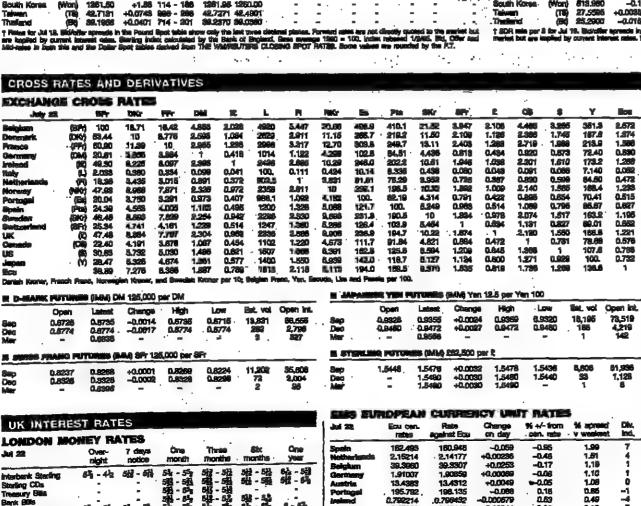
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Nearly \$500 million in customer deposits

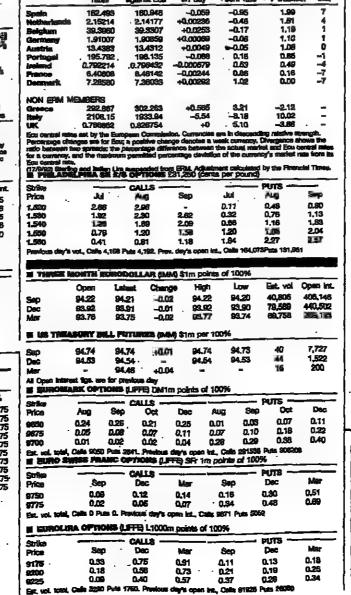
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Consolidated sales of Danone Group amounted to 1941.6 bn in the first half of 1996, 4.1% more than the FF40.0 bn recorded in the same period of 1995.

Figures by business area were as follows :

(FF millions)	1995	1996
WESTERN EUROPE		
Dairy products	10,863	11,141
Grocery products / Pasia	8,036	7,902
Biscuits	5,808	5.866
law.	3,856	3,936
Mineral water	3.727	3,742
Contoiners	3,352	3,335
INTERNATIONAL	5,599	6,945
inica-group fronsactions	(1,280)	(1,276)
GROUP TOTAL	39.961	41,591

The « International » area now includes the eastern European dairy operations that were consolidated for the first time in 1996.

organic growth: + FF1,006 million (+2.5%)

- currency translation effects [including the rise in the exchange rate of the lialian Lira and the Spanish Peseta] : + FF438 million changes in the scope of consolidation (natably the first consolida-

tion of dairy operations in eastern Europe and Argentina, and Bisquits in China) and in the structure of some businesses: +FF187 million. At constant organization, structure and exchange rates, year-on-year changes in sales by business area were as follows:

+1.5% Dairy products +1.0% Grocery products / Posto +0.9% Biscuits +2.1% 40.1% +1.9% ENTERNATIONAL +7.6% **GROUP TOTAL** +2.5%

Group's results for the first half 1996 will be released in early

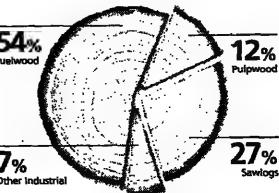
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ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION GROUP

# Change of heart by steel producers boosts nickel

Mining Correspondent

The collapse of an attempt by some central European stainless steel producers to prevent surpluses building up by cutting production is a positive development for the nickel market, says Macquarie Equities, part of the Australian banking group, in its latest commodity report.

Stainless steel production accounts for two-thirds of nickel usage and the change of heart by the steel producers comes at a time when nickel demand is relatively weak, stocks are high and Russian exports of the metal are about to get a seasonal boost, Macquarie points out.

"Stainless steel prices in Europe have remained under pressure and those producers that had made production cuts have realised that their efforts to co-operate to end the over-

Nigeria's

1996 from January to June,

they spent \$451m to import fuel," Mr Sam Aluko, chairman

of the National Economic Intel-

in the presidency, told state

National Petroleum Corpora-

tion needed only \$240m to put

Officials of the NNPC, where

the government recently

sacked 3,000 people in an

attempt to make the corpora-

tion run efficiently, declined to

COMMODITIES PRICES

the four refineries to work,"

ligence Committee, a watchdog

"And yet they [Nigerian

oil bill

supply of the material have failed," say analysts Mr Jim Lennon and Mr Adam Rowley. The emphasis among these producers is now very much on regaining lost market share."

Stainless production figures for the first quarter show that the substantial cuts made by French and German producers at the begining of 1996 (down by 9 per cent and 21 per cent respectively from the same months last year) were offset by a sharp rise in production in Spain - up by 15 per cent.

In addition, output in Asia will also rise rapidly because of increases in melting capacity. Posco in Korea is to double its capacity by the end of August to more than 1m tonnes a year while Yich United is doubling annual capacity to 800,000 tonnes by the year end. "These developments are positive for nickel but are bad news for stainless steel prices. The key

higher stainless steel production will impact on primary nickel demand."

Macquarie suggests that, although London Metal Exchange warehouse stocks of nickel are relatively low, trad-ers report plenty of the metal available elsewhere and nickel scrap plentiful

Demand is also being affected by the seasonally quiet northern hemisphere summer period.

"In this environment, it is difficult to see LME nickel prices staging a sustained raily," the analysts say, " and a fall below \$7,000 a tonne (\$3.18 a pound) appears a strong possibility."

However, low prices already are discouraging scrap collec-tion and, as stainless production rises in the second half of this year, "there is the prospect of a strong recovery in nickel prices from late

# Alcan alumina plant closed by flooding

Oil-rich Nigeria is spending a fortune importing fuel because By Robert Gibbens in Montreel its four oil refineries are ineffi-Alcan Aluminium said that its cient, a top government official Vaudreuil alumina plant. "In 1995, they spent about \$800m to import fuel and in

which produces 1.18m tonnes a year in Saguenay north of Quebec City, has been closed by flooding But its four primary smelters in the area - with 700,000

tonnes per year - are still producing without interrup-At least eight people died

after torrantial rains caused extensive flooding in the region at the weekend. Alcan's own hydro-electric plants were But the pumping station pro-

viding process water to the Vaudreuil alumina plant was submerged and forced the plant closure. A rod mill has LaBaie, the port where overseas raw materials arrive, was extensively damaged by flooding. Because of runtured roads and bridges, Alcan cannot move bauxite to Vaudremi and the flow of imported alumina has been halted.

"The smelters have several days of raw materials in inventory and we expect the Vandreuil plant will be back in operation shortly," said Alcan. Kuwait Industries Co confirmed yesterday it had sought a licence from the commerce and industry ministry to establish a \$1b alumina factory with an annual capacity of 900,000

Mr Nasser Naki, the vicechairman, said that, if approved, the project would be financed by 40 per cent equity and 60 per cent loans and foreigners would be welcome to

# coffee fall to weather changes

By Lauria Morse in Chicago and Alison Maitland in London

Commercial traders continued to liquidate maize and soyabean futures at the Chicago Board of Trade yesterday as it became clear last week's timely rains could bring record harvests of both crops.

Meanwhile, coffee prices plummeted in New York and London as fears evaporated that frost would hit producing areas of Brazil.

In Chicago, July maize futures, which expired yesterday, finished down 18 cents per bushel at \$4.76%, well below the record high of \$5.54 1/2 set less than a month ago. Analysts said grain mer-

chants who had been hoarding feedgrains from last year's harvest began dumping those stocks when drought fears ended a week ago. The liquidation has been most obvious in heavy deliveries against the July contract.

Prices for both maize and soyabeans soared early this month as unseasonal dry weather lingered in growing regions. Since feedgrains stocks are short worldwide, traders reasoned there was no margin for error in producing a new harvest in the US.

Maize for December delivery closed down 9 cents per bushel at \$3.28%. Soyabeans for November delivery were off 51/2 cents per bushel at \$7.40%. Coffee was also driven down by the weather. After expectations of imminent frost, meteorologists reported no sign of it

London robusts futures for September dropped by \$63, or 4 per cent, to close at \$1,588 a tonne. Arabica futures fell to six-month lows in early New York trading. But industry buying helped the September contract pick up, closing off

SOFTS

in Brazil's coffee belt.

# Rich pickings in Peru gold

Producers expanding in response to attractive prospects

By Sally Bowen

Into the bustling midday streets of the small town of Retamas, hard-hatted miners emerge from their tunnels to be greeted by wives and children bearing appetising stews in lunch pails.

In the marketplace, several small traders buy "informal" gold a few grams at a time, weighing the grainy yellow metal on scales that are none-too-accurate and pressing soiled banknotes into waiting

This is Peruvian gold-mining at its most traditional - light years removed from the glam-orous, high-tech leaching operations which attract the

The dazzle of Yanacocha, the fabulously profitable gold deposit belonging to Newmont of the US and Pern's Bueneventura, tends to cast a shadow over other Peruvian precious metal ventures. Operating only since 1993, Yanacocha last year produced 16.6 tornes of 56.5 tonne national output and catapulted Peru into second place among Latin American gold producers.

Yet three underground mines along the remote 80-kilo-metre Pataz gold belt - 200 miles east of the northern All this area needs is work." coastal town of Trujillo - are now producing some 9 tonnes a year, or 15 per cent of 1995 out-put. Combined output from the zone was worth \$90m last year. Pataz province has been put by 1997,

famous for gold since well before the Spanish conquest. Until the early 1960s, most of the area was operated by Sindicato Minero Parcoy: high costs, a low international gold price and the belief that the best veins had been exhausted put

the company out of busines "But look at us now," says Mr Jaime Uranga, president of the mining society's gold committee and co-owner of Consorcio Horizonte, which bought out a large part of Sindicato's Pataz claims. "We're producing close to 200 kilos a month from

990 1971

-15 1358 1340 2,574 24,806 -15 1362 1577 622 17,378 -14 1415 1406 681 15,862

1490 51 286 1522 3,661 16,254 1460 564 9,259 1408 189 3,823 1370 97 2,221 1355 48 316

■ COCOA CBCE (10 tornes; \$/tonnes)

COOCIA (CCCO) (SDR's/some

-65 1810 -62 1880 -53 1465 -87 1445 -70 1398 -80 1370

104.05 -4.85 105.00 101.50 7.200 98.55 -4.20 99.50 98.25 2,190 98.05 -4.15 99.75 94.20 217 95.00 -4.00 97.00 94.50 8 94.75 -2.00 87.00 95.00 8 96.16 -2.56 97.00 96.00 16

-2.5 346.5 344.0 -1.0 342.0 339.0 -0.7 338.0 337.0 -0.4 334.0 333.0

16 254 804 41,880 863 40,918 318 37,145

# Barrick wins exploration and development rights

By Robert Gibbens

Barrick, north America's biggest gold producer now aggressively building reserves in Latin America, has won the right to explore and develop the Quicay gold property 200 miles north-east of Lima, Peru. Barrick, bidding C\$915m

(US\$668m) for Arequipa Resources, owner of the Pierina gold property in Peru, will spend US\$3m to evaluate Quicay over the next two years before deciding on development estimated to cost US\$202m. Quicay now has indicated reserves of one

Barrick is also exploring the El Toro property in northern Peru in a joint venture and is doing a feasibility study on the Cerro Corona property with indicated reserves of three million ounces of gold and one billion pounds of

a mine they said was finished.

Consorcio Horizonte has

spent \$14m over the past two

years on expanding treatment

capacity from 450 to 750 tonnes

per day. Mr Uranga is now

looking at doubling through-

Although several interna-

tional mining companies have

made recent exploratory visits

to the area, Consorcio plans to

hold on to its 100 per cent

with a large international com-

pany," says Mr Uranga. "They want to build up reserves to

improve their current share

price: we want a profitable

Less than an hour - and

another 1,000 metres - up the

mountainside is Minera Auri-

fera Retamas S.A., known as

"I'm not keen on associating

stake - for now at least,

Marsa, Like Consorcio, Marsa, is a privately-owned company, established in the early 1980s. and expanding fast. Unlike Consorcio, it keeps its

The company's Pascua gold property in Chile has doubled

reserves to 6.5 million ounces

and the planned mine may be

larger in scope, raising the

Investor appetite for Peru-

vian gold deposits was evident last week when Barrick best

twelve rivals with the \$202m

offer for the prospect of

just \$5m for the little-ex-

plored, disseminated gold

Mr Ray Threlkeld, general

manager for Barrick Peru, described Quicay as "a very important project" that responds to "Barrick's strat-

egy of becoming the world's number one gold producer".

Barrick's offer, payable in cash on expiry of the two-year option, stunned competitors. It

was two and-a-half times more

than the next best bid - of

\$31m from Inmet Mining of

Base price had been set at

cost estimate of US\$300m.

installations under heavy armed guard (which include Peruvian military) and discoureges visitors. Hermetic Marsa is Peru's

second largest gold producer. The output in 1996 topped 3 tonnes, approximately four times its 1990 level, and the ompany reported sales of \$41m. Thanks to an aggressive reinvestment programme, more than \$18m has been ploughed back in the past four

Cagey about its reserves, Marsa envisages excellent medium- to long-term prospects, or so on-the-spot evidence suggests. Two quality housing blocks - luxurious by

Peruvian mining camp standards - are ready for 1,200 workers and a smart, 50-bed hospital awaits inauguration at the end of the month.

Current throughout around 850 toppes a day, leav. ing some room for expansion at the 1,000-tonne capacity San Andres plant. Grades are similar to those of all the mines in the Pataz batolith: about 12

grams per tonna.

Both Marsa and Consurcio end their on-site treatment with gold precipitates: the remotences of the valley from the coast makes transport of bullion unadvisable. Precipitates are trucked to Lima for

The only Pater mine to do in own smelting is Poderosa, the third of the trio, three bours or so away by rugged road. Owned by the Arias (amily, one of Peru's most prominent mining clans, Poderosa has built and maintains an airstrip at the edge of the Marahon river, from where builton can be safely flown out to Lima. thence to Johnson Matthey in Tondon.

Poderosa plans to expand current 550 torine per day throughput (around 2.5 torines year fine content) to 1,000 tonnes by the year 2000.

It is actively seeking risk capital to finance exploration of its extensive claims area; Scho Bay, Sunshine, Cambior, RTZ and TVX are among recent visitors.

Patez undoubtedly has its oblems. Transport costs for fuel - which takes three days to truck from the coast - are high, and mines have had to install their own satellite communications systems,

But the terrorist activity which plagued the sone for over a decade is now little more than a had memory.

The potential of Pater is imost unlimited," says Mr Uranga. "We're predicting Peruvian gold output will to 100 tonnes a year by the end of the commy, and Patez will be an important element in that expansion."

### comment on Aluko's remarks. Nigeria pumps an average of 2m barrels of oil a day.

Aluko added.

BASE METALS LONDON METAL EXCHANGE E ALIGNMUM, ILL PURTY & per torrel

Cicto	1446-47	7482-83
Previous	1449.5-50.5	1405-88
High/low		1486/1480
AM Official	1445-48	1482-82.5
Kerb pione		1483-84
	000 570	1460-04
Open Int.	238,578	
Total daily turnover	28,428	
E ALUMENIUM ALLO	W & ner torne	à.
	1 fo her	Y
Close	12/15-45	1275-80
Previous	1245-55	1275-85
High/low	STATE OF	1278/1275
AM Official	1287-40	1275-78
Kerts class		1275-78
Open Int.	4,553	
Total daily turnover	457	
E LEAD & per torms	)	
Close	773.54.5	783-4
Previous	785-6	795-6
High/kew		790/782
AM Official	778.5-9.5	788.5-0
	t I deficate	
Karb closs		786-7
Open int.	30,831	
Total delly turnover	7,228	
E MUSICAL PROPERTY.	446	
MICKEL (I per tur	ne)	
		7050-80
Close	6935-46	7050-80 7191-85
Close Previous		7180-85
Close Previous High/low	6935-45 7070-60	7180-85 7180/7030
Class Previous High/low AM Organi	6935-46	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80
Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerty close	6935-46 7070-60 6966-70	7180-85 7180/7030
Class Previous High/low AM Organi	6935-45 7070-60	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80
Close Previous High/low AM Original Kerty close Open Int.	6935-46 7070-60 6966-70 42,301	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80
Close Previous High/low AM Oracial Kerts close Open Int. Total daily turnover	6935-46 7070-60 6966-70	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80
Close Previous High/low AM Original Kerty close Open Int.	6935-46 7070-60 6966-70 42,301	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80
Close Previous High/low Additional Kerb close Open Int. Total daily furnover Et TIM 65 per torme)	6935-48 7070-80 6965-70 42,301 11,037	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-80
Close Previous Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerb close Open Int. Total daily furniover Ef Tith (6 per torine) Close	6985-48 7070-60 6965-70 42,501 11,007	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-80
Close Previous High/now AM Oricial Kerb close Open Int. Total daily tumover El Title (6 per torine) Close Previous	6935-48 7070-80 6965-70 42,301 11,037	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-90 10215-20 6265-75
Close Previous High/low AM Descini Kerb, close Open lat. Total daily furnover EL TEN 65 per tonne) Close Previous High/low	6935-48 7070-60 6965-70 42,301 11,007 6180-70 6215-25	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-90 6215-90 6285-75 6270/6210
Close Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerb close Open Int. Total daily furnious Ef Tith (6 per torine) Close Previous High/low AM Official	6985-48 7070-60 6965-70 42,501 11,007	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-90 18215-30 6265-75 6270/6210 8258-68
Close Previous High/low AM Detain Kerb close Open Int. Total delly tumover IE TIM (6 per torme) Close High/low AM Official Kerb sicas	6935-48 7070-60 6965-70 42,301 11,007 6180-70 6215-25	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-90 6215-90 6285-75 6270/6210
Close Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerb close Open Int. Total daily furnious Ef Tith (6 per torine) Close Previous High/low AM Official	6935-48 7070-60 6965-70 42,301 11,007 6180-70 6215-25	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-90 18215-30 6265-75 6270/6210 8258-68
Close Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerb, close Open lat. Total daily furnover Ef Tan 65 per tonne) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerb, close Open int.	6985-48 7070-80 6965-70 42,301 11,037 6180-70 6215-65 6202-07 16,184	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-90 18215-30 6265-75 6270/6210 8258-68
Close Previous High/low AM Original Kerts close Open Int. Total disaly furnover EL TEM (6 per tonne) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerts close Open Int. Tittal disily tumover	6985-48 7070-90 6966-70 42,301 11,037 6180-70 6215-65 6202-07 16,184 3,578	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-80 10215-20 5295-75 8270/8210 8288-68 8240-45
Close Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerb, close Open lat. Total daily furnover Ef Tan 65 per tonne) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerb, close Open int.	6985-48 7070-90 6966-70 42,301 11,037 6180-70 6215-65 6202-07 16,184 3,578	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-80 10215-20 5295-75 8270/8210 8288-68 8240-45
Close Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerts close Open Int. Total desly tumover Ef TEM (6 per tonne) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerts close Open int. Total desly tumover Ef ZEMC, epecial high	6985-48 7070-90 6965-70 42.301 11,037 6180-70 9215-95 6202-07 16,184 3,578 1 grade (\$ per	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-80 7080-80 8215-30 8270/8210 8258-69 8240-45
Close Previous Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerb close Open Int. Total disily furnover BE TIM (6 per torine) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerb close Open Int. Total daily furnover BE ZINC, special high Close	6985-48 7070-90 6965-70 42,301 11,097 6180-70 6215-25 6202-07 16,184 3,576 1 grade (8 per	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7075-80 7080-80 8285-75 6270/8210 8258-69 8240-45
Close Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerb close Open lat. Total daily tumover E Tan 65 per torine) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerb close Open lat. Total daily tumover III ZINC, special high Close Previous	6985-48 7070-90 6965-70 42,301 11,037 6180-70 6215-45 6202-07 16,184 3,576 1 grade (8 per 986-7 990-1	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-80 10215-20 8265-75 8270/8210 8258-69 8240-45
Close Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerts close Open Int. Total desly tumover Ef TEM (6 per tonne) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerts close Open int. Total desly tumover Ef ZEMC, epecial high Close Previous High/low	6985-48 7070-90 6965-70 42,301 11,037 6180-70 6215-65 6202-07 16,184 3,576 1 grade (8 per 986-7 990-1 180068-5	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-80 7080-80 8270/6210 8270/6210 8240-45
Close Previous High/low AM Delicial Kerb close Open int. Total delly tumover Et TIN 65 per torrne) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerb close Open int. Total delly tumover Et ZINC, special high Close Previous High/low AM Official	6985-48 7070-90 6965-70 42,301 11,037 6180-70 6215-45 6202-07 16,184 3,576 1 grade (8 per 986-7 990-1	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-90 6285-79 6270/6210 6258-69 6240-45 1014-15 1017-8 1020/1018 1015-16
Close Previous High/low AM Oricial Kerts close Open Int. Total desly tumover Ef TEM (6 per tonne) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerts close Open int. Total desly tumover Ef ZEMC, epecial high Close Previous High/low	6985-48 7070-90 6965-70 42,301 11,037 6180-70 6215-65 6202-07 16,184 3,576 1 grade (8 per 986-7 990-1 180068-5	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-80 7080-80 8270/6210 8270/6210 8240-45
Close Previous High/low AM Delicial Kerb close Open int. Total delly tumover Et TIN 65 per torrne) Close Previous High/low AM Official Kerb close Open int. Total delly tumover Et ZINC, special high Close Previous High/low AM Official	6985-48 7070-90 6965-70 42,301 11,037 6180-70 6215-65 6202-07 16,184 3,576 1 grade (8 per 986-7 990-1 180068-5	7180-85 7180/7030 7075-80 7080-90 6285-79 6270/6210 6258-69 6240-45 1014-15 1017-8 1020/1018 1015-16

185,791 52,873 Spot: 1,5511 3 miles: 1,5507 6 miles: 1,5615 9 miles: 1,5524

PRECIOUS METALS

(Prices supplied by N M Rothschild 384,25-384.65 384.50 384.85 248.31

Loco Lein Mean Gold Lending Rates (Vs USS

US ets equiv. 497.25 325.15 329.05 337.65 509.85 523.70 \$ price 382.5-385.5

Precious Metals continued ■ GOLD COMEX (100 Tray cal; \$/tray cal)

7180-85 7180/7090 7075-80 7080-80	Total					10,174	11
		RGY UDE OIL		<u>K (1,000</u>	) berei	r. \$/ba	
6215-20 6265-75			Cay's change	10gb	Lew	Vei	0
6270/6210	ALC:	20.65	-0.35	21.00	20.50	38,861	2
6258-59	Sep	31.54	-0.24	20.86		50,871	
<b>6240-45</b>	Det	20,11	-0.20	20.28	20.01	12,584	4
	Hov	18.74	-0.10	19.78	19.66		2
	Date	19.37	-0.00	10.48	19.30	9.098	3

	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Marine .
02-07	6270/6210 6258-59	A4g Sep
	6240-45	Det
5,184		Hoy
,576		Dec
de (8 per 1	onnei	Jan
		Total
86-7	1014-15	III CRU
90-1	1017-8	
¥988.5	1020/1015	
7.5-8.5	1015-16	
	1018-10	Sup
8,809		Dat
,MCS		Herr
er tonnej		Dec
68-73	1887-88	يعتق
77-82	1081-03	Feb.
975	1891/1875	Tobai
73-74	1888-89	E HEAT
	1988-60	
5 793		

	Sett price	Cprode Dall,2	High	Law	Vol	Open:
	89.30	+1.25	89.80	88.15	543	1,998
	89,40	+1.10	89.50	88,50	215	2,324
•	89.40	+1.20	89.80	<b>98.0</b> 5	3,639	19,507
	89.15	+1.20	_	-	146	1,349
	88.90	+1.20	-	-	3	1,127
	88.50	+1.10	88.60	87.10	954	13,237
4					6.163	57.183

Day's Low 384.10-384.50 Previous close 384.20-384.50

	-	new n		_		
		change	Mgh	1086	Yes	int
200	33.2	+0.2	-	_	10	10
-	385.6	+0.2	186.5	385.0	28,275	68.896
Out	30.2	+0.2	389.3	357.9	302	7,950
Dec	300.6	+0.1	391.7	300.0	7.143	42.526
Police Co.	393.2	+0.1	393.8	393.0	274	
Acr	365.6	+0.1	395.0	395.0	75	6.865
Total						181,164
•	THUM	LVILLEV	ARA TI-			
	1 110000		100 111	J7 UL.,	arety t	
316	326.5	+1.3	395.0	394.0	-	<b>F</b> 0
Oat	100.5	+1.1	400.0	397.5	1.103	20,001
Jan .	402.2	41.3	402.0	400.0	5	
Amer	ADA.II	+1.1	404.0	404.0		2341
AND TO	407.9	+1.1	_	-	4	184
Total					1,120	34,993
E PAL	LANDON	NVME	S MIDO	Trov se	- BAnn	200
_			_		_	_
Sep	136.05			125.00	162	
Dec	137.20		138.60	1.0	34	
	138.30		100	_	-	<b>2</b>
-	温度	+0.75	-	-	-	107
Tetal					186	6,840
<b>811,</b>	MR CO	MEX (6.	DOO The	w cz.; (	Senia/b	'Oy 0Z.)
	435.2	+4.1	494.0	494.0		85
	400.2	10.1	46.71		6	-
~	400.6 101.5	+5.0		496.5	40.00	
Desc.	600.4	+5.1		804.0		25,478
Liber Liber	517.6	+6.2	516.0			7,087
May	822.7	+62	310.0		10	
Timber	444	+0.3	1000	سرراو		
( pigm					16,174	11412
ENE	RGY					
	ide dil		C (1.00	نسيون ا	s. 6/b-	neil .
			- files	-		
	Letest					Open
	price	درست			Yel	let.
ALC:	20.65	-0.35	21.00	20.50	38.B61	25,829

ENE	RGY					
E CRI	JOE OIL	NYME	C (1.000	berei	6. S/ba	mail:
		Day's				_
	Wice	charge	Web	Low	Vol	Open
Aug	20.65	-0.35	21.62	20.50	38,861	
200	27.54	-0.24	20.66	20.40		76.854
Det		-0.20	20.28	20.01		41,228
llov	19.74	-0.10	19.78	19.66		27,276
Dec	19.57	-0.09	18.46	19.30		35,734
Jan	19.07	-0.10	19.10	18.02		25,375
Total					27,343	
III CR	<b>/</b> 0€ 00.	压制	200			
	Latent	Bey's				Open
	price	توسف	High	Low	Wol	int.
Sup	18.98	-0.24	19.28	18.90	14,067	81,441
Oat	18.60	-0.20	18.85	18.57	2,979	26,586
	19 22	_8.12	18 61	19 20	1 150	8 040

	18.33 18.10 17.79 17.57	-0.13 -0.06 -0.10 -0.06	18.51 18.13 17.83 17.60	18.29 18.03 17.79	<b>B12</b>	8,948 14,992 10,555 6,64
	THE D	L WILE	K (42,00	海岸		•
ing op ict ior ioc in		Day's change -0.37 -0.34 -0.39 -0.34 -0.29 -0.19	High 58.15 56.32 56.85 56.85 57.30 57.10	Low 55.40 55.80 56.00 56.40 56.80 56.85	8,177 1,338 1,559 3,585	9,194 23,108

-1,75 179,00 177,2 -2.00 175.00 173.0 172.00 -1.75 173.00 171.75 171.00 -1.75 172.00 170.50 604 3,970 239 2,432 720 9,652 150 2,449 170.00 -1.50 171.00 169.50 MATTURAL GAS HINES (10,000)

2.210 -0.149 2.330 2.180 23.171 22.371 2170 -0.160 2260 2.130 15,354 22,364 2.185 -0.141 2230 2.130 10.096 18,962 2.230 -0.115 2.280 2.200 3,092 13,111

61.65 -0.76 62.40 61.35 15.98 22.902 60.30 -0.52 60.90 99.95 7,425 21,528 57.65 -0.62 58.40 57.80 1,055 65.40 56.30 56.10 368 2.135 95.15 -0.42 55.70 55.00 360 2.360 54.80 -0.22 54.80 54.50 304 1,008

GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS WHEAT LIZE IS DOC TOTAL

5.0	10	10	-	110.25	+0.10	- 110.00	105.66	14	386
	28,275	68,896	No.	112.80	-0.05	112.25	112.00	66	2,030
7.9	502		100	114.60	-0,10	114.40	114,10	13	1,277
0.0 8.0	7,143	12.675		116.60	-0.10	<b>116.20</b>	118.00	8	438
8.0	274	9,377	May	116.80	-0.05	118.18	118,15	12	
6.0	75	8,865	Jel	120.00	-0.25	-	-	_	27
	34,8661	81,184	Total					118	6,326
E : 1	May o	Z.)	# WF	ELAT CET	F 65.000	Xbu min	: cente	/606b bs	usheli
	, .								
4.0		50	-	480.00		475.00		38	499
7.6		20,001	340	480.50	+1,00	464.00	457.50	14,288	29,775
0.0	5	2,537	Dee	486.50	+2.25	463.00	459.60	18,360	
4.0		2,241		462.75	+1.70	485.00	456.00	1,828	5,984
-	. 4	184	-	439.00	+2.50	440.00	433.00	70	225
	1,120	24,992	- Control	401,00	+1100	402.00	364700	361	2,306
Ŷ.	- Prov	- E	Jel Sap Des Her Tiley Jul Total					30,000	00,000
M	162	6.690	2.30	476.50 365.76 385.76 387.25 347.50 346.50	(5,000	DU Mile	COUNTRY	56ED 61	- C
20	34	1,241	244	476.50	-18.00	493.00	449.00	1,585	1,076
	_	62		365.76	-12.00	367.75	355.75	24,238	73,049
_	_	107	Dec	328.75	-0.00	35.2	328.00	64,663	174,171
	196	6,840		337.25	-8.00	343.75	337.00	10,783	32 945
2:0	enia/b	ov oz.)	liker .	344.50	-6.50	386.00	344.25	2,763	8.087
			, <b>H</b>	346.50	-4,00	360,00	346.50	1,492	7,579
4.0	6	85	Total				1	186,364	901,300
	-		III BA	102.10 104.78 108.75 108.76 110.76	E (É 24	r torme	ì		-
6.5	15,346 727	97,30A	-	40040		4 24 42		$\overline{}$	450
4.0 4.0	727	25,476	200	102.10	-0.50	101.50	107.60		170
7.0	95 10	7,087 5,429		104.78	-0.80	104.75	104.35	66 29	679
, Ju	10,1741	5,4408	-	105.79	-0.40	106.76	105.40	24	216
	14/15-0	14,146	No.	110 76	-0.00	110.70	110 70	- 4	66 35
			Total	Head	-60	1 learn	I NAZU		
			E 100	WA THE AM					
			= 50	TABLAN	D 101 6	Phones	ant, can	mount o	Contract of
			366	767.50	-11,50	772.00	762.00	673	503
	L S/bar	meD .	Aug.	767.75	-8.25	774.50	780.00	14,599	28,809
		0	-	752.50	-7.00	758L50	745.00	3,070	10,820
	Voi	iet	100	740.75	-5.50	745.00	730.50	41,207	112,462
			,000	749.00	-6.50	754.00)	740.00	4,199	12,270
Si	38.B61	25,629	Jan Mar Mare	767.50 767.75 767.75 782.50 740.75 749.00 788.60	-6.50 -6.50	754.0h 798.0h	740.00 747. <b>5</b> 0	4,199 813	12,270 5,958
Si	38.B61	25,629	1000					epiper,	192,550
.50 .40 .01	38,861 50,871 12,584	28,629 76,854 41,228	# .5C	749.00 785.60 7.445544				epiper,	192,550
.50 .40 .01	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578	25,629 76,854 41,228 27,276	# 50	7/MEAN 24.20	-0.47			epiper,	192,550
.50 .40 .01 .66	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086	25,629 76,854 41,228 27,276 35,734	# 50	24.20 24.42	OL 5 -0.47 -0.28	17 (EQ.)	24.05 24.10	478 7,871	483
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488	28,629 76,854 41,228 27,276 35,734 26,375	# 50	24.20 24.42 24.69	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26	37 (EQ) 24.55 24.55 24.90	24.05 24.10 24.26	478 7,070 2,048	483 18,550 15,648
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086	28,629 76,854 41,228 27,276 35,734 26,375	# 50	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.87	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26	24.55 24.55 24.90 25.00	24.05 24.10 24.26 24.50	478 7,078 2,048 831	483 16,648 15,648
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488	28,629 76,854 41,228 27,276 35,734 26,375 69,896	# 50	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.87 25.24	-0.47 -0.29 -0.26 -0.23 -0.25	14.5 24.5 24.90 25.00 25.20	24.05 14.10 24.26 24.50 24.82	478 7,871 2,048 931 0,576	483 14,645 15,645 20,854
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 127,343 3	28,629 76,854 41,228 27,276 35,734 26,375 69,896	Jel Jel Aug Sep Oct Den Jeg	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.87	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26	24.55 24.55 24.90 25.00	24.05 24.10 24.26 24.50	478 7,878 2,048 831 9,576 285	483 14,645 15,646 20,654 3,029
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 127,343 S	28,529 76,854 41,226 27,276 35,734 25,375 69,896	Jel Jel Jeg Sup Oct Den Jeg Total	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.87 25.24 28.49	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23	14.5 24.50 24.50 25.00 25.00 25.20 25.40	24.05 24.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 38.07	478 7,878 2,048 931 9,578 285 18,106	483 14,645 15,645 1,645 20,654 3,029 76,965
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30	36,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 27,343 S	28,629 76,854 41,226 27,276 35,734 25,375 169,898 Open lot 81,441	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.87 25.24	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23	14.5 24.50 24.50 25.00 25.00 25.20 25.40	24.05 24.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 38.07	478 7,878 2,048 931 9,578 285 18,106	483 14,645 15,645 1,645 20,654 3,029 76,965
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30 .02	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 227,243 S 407 14,067 2,679	28,529 76,554 41,228 27,276 35,734 25,375 169,898 Open Int 81,441 26,586	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.69 24.67 25.24 25.40 YABSAN	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23	14.5 24.50 24.50 25.00 25.00 25.20 25.40	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 35.07	478 7,871 2,048 931 14,575 285 18,106 5, \$/ton)	463 14,645 15,645 1,645 20,654 3,029 76,965
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30 .02 1	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 227,243 3 Voi 14,067 2,979 1,129	25,529 76,854 41,228 27,276 35,734 25,375 69,868 0,948 61,441 26,586 8,948	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.87 25.24 25.49 YABBAN 244.5 243.8	-0.47 -0.29 -0.26 -0.23 -0.25 -0.23	24.55 24.50 25.00 25.20 25.20 25.20 25.20 25.20	24.05 24.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 38.07	478 7,878 2,048 931 9,578 18,106 5,\$/ton)	483 14,480 15,648 8,846 3,054 3,029 78,986
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30 .02 1	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 127,343 S 14,067 2,979 1,129 524	25,529 76,554 41,228 27,276 35,734 25,373 69,608 0pmi lot 81,441 26,586 8,948 14,962	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.87 25.24 25.49 YABSAN 244.5 243.5	-0.47 -0.28 -0.28 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23	24.55 24.90 25.00 25.22 25.40 CBT (1 248.5 14.7 240.2	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 35.07 00 toris 241.0 237.0	478 7,878 2,048 931 9,578 18,106 5, \$/100) 1,765 11,163 3,967	483 14,848 15,648 8,845 20,554 3,029 79,985
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30 .02 1	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 27,343 \$ 74,067 2,979 1,129 524	25,629 76,854 41,226 27,276 35,734 25,375 169,866 0pont lot 81,441 26,586 8,948 14,952 110,855	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.42 24.87 25.24 25.49 YABSAN 244.5 243.8 243.8 235.2	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23	24.55 24.90 25.30 25.32 25.40 CBT (1) 248.5 248.5	24.05 24.05 24.26 24.50 24.82 26.07 00 tors 241.5 241.0 237.0 232.3	472 7,871 2,948 931 9,571 285 18,106 ; \$/ton; 1,765 11,163 3,967 696	463 11,545 15,645 1,045 20,154 3,029 78,985 617 21,580 12,612 8,303
.50 .40 .01 .66 .30 .02	36,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 27,343 S 74,067 2,979 1,129 524 11,29	25,529 76,854 41,226 27,276 35,734 25,375 189,896 0pmi lot 81,441 26,586 8,948 14,955 6,44	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.42 24.87 25.24 25.24 25.24 24.5 243.8 243.8 252.2 233.3	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23	24.55 24.50 25.00 25.32 25.40 CBT (1 248.5	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 36.07 60 toris 241.5 241.5 241.5 232.3 232.3	472 7,871 2,948 931 9,571 285 18,106 ; \$/ton; 1,765 11,163 3,967 696	463 11,545 15,645 1,045 20,154 3,029 78,985 617 21,580 12,612 8,303
.50 .40 .66 .30 .22 .30 .77 .86	36,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 27,343 14,067 2,879 1,129 524	25,629 76,854 41,228 27,276 25,375 69,898 0pmi lot 81,441 26,586 8,948 14,952 10,655 10,654	Jel Aug Sep Oct Den Juga Total Mil Sep Oct Den Juga Total Mil Sep Oct Den Juga Sep Oct Den	24.20 24.42 24.42 24.87 25.24 25.49 YABSAN 244.5 243.8 243.8 235.2	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23	24.55 24.90 25.30 25.32 25.40 CBT (1) 248.5 248.5	24.05 24.05 24.26 24.50 24.82 26.07 00 tors 241.5 241.0 237.0 232.3	778 7,070 2,048 831 4,570 12,165 12,163 3,967 1,765 11,163 3,967 698 7,076 163	463 14,645 15,648 1,545 3,029 79,965 617 21,580 12,512 6,303 6,303 6,303
.50 .40 .66 .30 .22 .30 .77 .86	36,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 27,343 S 74,067 2,979 1,129 524 11,29	25,629 76,854 41,228 27,276 25,375 69,898 0pmi lot 81,441 26,586 8,948 14,952 10,655 10,654	Jul Sop Oct Days In Sol July Sop Oct Days In Sol July Sop Sop Sop Juny Sop	24.20 24.42 24.00 24.87 25.24 25.40 244.5 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -1.4 -1.4 -1.4 -0.4 -0.4	24.55 24.90 25.90 25.90 25.92 25.40 248.5 248.5 248.2 234.0 234.0 234.8	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 36.07 60 toris 241.5 241.5 241.5 232.3 232.3	472 7,871 2,948 931 9,571 285 18,106 ; \$/ton; 1,765 11,163 3,967 696	463 14,645 15,648 1,545 3,029 79,965 617 21,580 12,512 6,303 6,303 6,303
.50 .40 .66 .30 .22 .30 .77 .86	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 27,343 14,067 2,979 1,129 524 11,129 524 11,129	25,629 76,854 41,226 27,276 35,734 25,375 169,896 161 81,441 26,586 8,942 110,955 14,952	Jel Sep Oct Days Total Mr Sep Oct Days Jen Day	24.20 24.42 24.42 24.87 25.24 25.24 25.24 24.5 243.8 243.8 252.2 233.3	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -1.4 -1.4 -1.4 -0.4 -0.4	24.55 24.90 25.90 25.90 25.92 25.40 248.5 248.5 248.2 234.0 234.0 234.8	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 36.07 60 toris 241.5 241.5 241.5 232.3 232.3	778 7,070 2,048 831 4,570 12,165 12,163 3,967 1,765 11,163 3,967 698 7,076 163	463 14,645 15,648 1,545 3,029 79,965 617 21,580 12,512 6,303 6,303 6,303
.50 .40 .56 .30 .22 .57 .29 .79	36,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 27,343 14,067 2,879 1,129 524	25,629 76,854 41,228 27,276 25,375 69,898 0pmi lot 81,441 26,586 8,948 14,952 10,655 10,654	Jel Sep Oct Len Total Sep Oct	24.20 24.42 24.00 24.87 25.24 25.40 244.5 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8 243.8	-0.47 -0.28 -0.26 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -1.4 -1.4 -1.4 -0.4 -0.4	24.55 24.90 25.90 25.90 25.92 25.40 248.5 248.5 248.2 234.0 234.0 234.8	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 36.07 60 toris 241.5 241.5 241.5 232.3 232.3	778 7,070 2,048 831 4,570 12,165 12,163 3,967 1,765 11,163 3,967 698 7,076 163	463 14,645 15,648 1,545 3,029 79,965 617 21,580 12,512 6,303 6,303 6,303
.50 .40 .56 .30 .22 .57 .29 .79	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 327,243 3 14,067 2,979 1,129 524 112 24 112 112 113 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	25,829 76,854 41,228 27,276 35,734 25,375 89,898 0pen lot 81,441 26,586 8,948 14,962 11,255 1	Jel Sep Oct Len Total Sep Oct	24.20 24.42 24.69 24.57 25.49 24.5 24.5 24.5 24.5 24.5 23.3 23.3 23.7	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.4 -1.40 -0.4 -0.4	24.55 24.50 25.32 25.40 25.32 25.40 268.5 248.5 248.2 234.0 234.1	24.05 34.10 24.50 24.52 24.82 36.07 00 tons 261.5 261.5 261.0 237.0 232.3 230.0 231.8	478 7,071 2,048 831 9,571 285 18,106 1,763 11,163 3,967 598 7,078 183 283,312	463 15,645 1,645 15,645 1,645 20,554 3,029 76,966 617 21,560 12,612 6,303 26,466 3,389 77,019
\$140 K330 T	38,861 50,871 12,584 6,578 8,086 2,488 27,343 3 14,067 2,979 1,129 524 112 255 112 24 112 255 112 24 112 255 112 112	25,829 76,854 41,228 27,276 35,734 25,375 169,808 0pm lat 81,441 26,586 8,948 14,932 10,255 11,255 14,932 10,255 11,255 11,255 11,255 11,255 12,255 11,255 1	Jel Sep Oct Len Total Sep Oct	24.20 24.42 24.49 24.49 25.24 25.24 24.5 243.8 243.8 255.2 233.3 233.7	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.24 -1.40 -0.4 -0.4 -0.4	24.50 25.90 25.90 25.90 25.92 25.40 261 (1 248.5 240.2 234.0 234.0	24.05 24.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 24.82 241.0 261.5 241.0 237.0 237.3 230.0 331.8	472 7,871 2,948 931 1,775 18,166 5,\$/ton) 1,765 11,163 3,997 7,978 163 285,312	463 463 15,645 1,545 20,754 3,029 78,966 617 21,560 12,612 6,303 77,010
\$140 M \$100 M \$1	38,861 50,871 12,587 8,086 2,488 27,343 3 7,343 11,297 11,	25,829 76,854 47,276 35,734 25,375 89,806 0pm lat 26,586 8,948 14,925 10,925 10,925 11,107 0pm lat 25,375 5,24 11,107 6,755	July Support S	24.20 24.42 24.49 24.49 25.24 25.49 24.5 243.5 243.5 243.5 252.2 233.3 233.7 7410.5 110.6 127.3 140.0	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.4 -1.40 -0.4 -0.4	24.55 24.50 25.32 25.40 25.32 25.40 268.5 248.5 248.2 234.0 234.1	24.05 14.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 35.07 60 tons 241.5 241.0 237.0 232.3 230.0 231.8	478 7,071 2,048 831 9,571 285 18,106 1,763 11,163 3,967 598 7,078 183 283,312	463 15,645 1,645 15,645 1,645 20,554 3,029 76,966 617 21,560 12,612 6,303 26,466 3,389 77,019
\$140 M \$100 M \$1	38,861 50,871 12,584 10,587 8,086 2,488 27,343 114,067 2,979 11,129 255 8,177 1,359 1,359	25,829 76,854 47,276 35,734 25,375 69,806 61,416 61,446 61	July Support S	24.20 24.42 24.49 24.49 25.24 25.24 24.5 243.8 243.8 255.2 233.3 233.7	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.23 -0.24 -1.40 -0.4 -0.4 -0.4	24.50 25.90 25.90 25.90 25.92 25.40 261 (1 248.5 240.2 234.0 234.0	24.05 24.10 24.26 24.50 24.82 24.82 241.0 261.5 241.0 237.0 237.3 230.0 331.8	478. 478. 2,048. 831. 5,717. 285. 18,106. 1,765. 11,163. 3,997. 11,163. 3,997. 11,765. 11,163. 3,997. 11,765.	463 14,885 15,645 1,645 20,654 3,029 76,965 6,703 26,486 3,289 77,019
\$140 M \$100 M \$1	38,861 50,871 12,587 12,587 8,086 8,086 827,343 14,067 2,979 14,067 11,129 524 11,25 12,25 13,25 1,553 1,553	25,829 76,854 41,226 35,774 35,774 169,808 0pen let 26,586 8,948 14,992 10,255 10,255 11,107 6,755 9,194	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.00 24.47 25.24 26.40 244.5 244.5 245.2 255.2 233.3 233.7 241.0 255.2 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23	24.55 24.90 25.00 25.00 25.30 25.40 248.5 248.5 234.0 234.0 234.0 130.0	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.55 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.0 237.0 237.0 237.0 237.0	478. 478. 478. 2,048. 831. 4,765. 18,106. 2,540. 1,765. 11,163. 3,967. 638. 7,078. 1,783. 178. 178.	463 15,645 1,545 1,545 25,554 3,029 76,965 617 21,580 12,612 6,303 26,486 3,389 77,019
\$140 1.66 3.02 1 2.03 7.75 1 2	38,861 50,871 6,578 8,988 227,343 14,057 1,129 524 1,129 1,1	28,829 76,854 41,226 35,734 35,734 35,734 36,868 81,441 26,588 14,932 110,564 14,932 110,564 10,564	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.00 24.47 25.24 26.40 244.5 244.5 245.2 255.2 233.3 233.7 241.0 255.2 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23	24.55 24.90 25.00 25.00 25.30 25.40 248.5 248.5 234.0 234.0 234.0 130.0	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.55 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.0 237.0 237.0 237.0 237.0	478. 478. 478. 2,048. 831. 4,765. 18,106. 2,540. 1,765. 11,163. 3,967. 638. 7,078. 1,783. 178. 178.	463 15,645 1,545 1,545 25,554 3,029 76,965 617 21,580 12,612 6,303 26,486 3,389 77,019
\$140 1.66 3.02 1 2.03 7.75 1 2	38,861 50,871 12,587 12,587 8,086 8,086 827,343 14,067 2,979 14,067 11,129 524 11,25 12,25 13,25 1,553 1,553	28,829 76,854 41,226 35,734 35,734 35,734 36,868 81,441 26,588 14,932 110,564 14,932 110,564 10,564	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.00 24.47 25.24 26.40 244.5 244.5 245.2 255.2 233.3 233.7 241.0 255.2 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23	24.55 24.90 25.00 25.00 25.30 25.40 248.5 248.5 234.0 234.0 234.0 130.0	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.55 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.0 237.0 237.0 237.0 237.0	478. 478. 478. 2,048. 831. 4,765. 18,106. 2,540. 1,765. 11,163. 3,967. 638. 7,078. 1,783. 178. 178.	463 15,645 1,545 1,545 25,554 3,029 76,965 617 21,580 12,612 6,303 26,486 3,389 77,019
\$140 1.66 3.02 1 2.03 7.75 1 2	38,861 50,871 6,578 8,988 227,343 14,057 1,129 524 1,129 1,1	28,829 76,854 41,226 35,734 35,734 35,734 36,868 81,441 26,588 14,932 110,584 14,932 110,584 14,932 21,107 9,194 22,198	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.00 24.47 25.24 26.40 244.5 244.5 245.2 255.2 233.3 233.7 241.0 255.2 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23	24.55 24.90 25.00 25.00 25.30 25.40 248.5 248.5 234.0 234.0 234.0 130.0	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.55 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.0 237.0 237.0 237.0 237.0	478. 478. 478. 2,048. 831. 4,765. 18,106. 2,540. 1,765. 11,163. 3,967. 638. 7,078. 1,783. 178. 178.	463 15,645 1,545 1,545 25,554 3,029 76,965 617 21,580 12,612 6,303 26,486 3,389 77,019
\$140 1.66 3.02 1 2.03 7.75 1 2	38,861 50,871 6,578 8,988 227,343 14,057 1,129 524 1,129 1,1	28, E29 76, 254 47, 276 53, 734 53, 735 689, 896 681, 441 14, 952 10, 165 9, 164 28, 362 21, 167 9, 164 22, 165 9, 164 13, 571	Jel	24.20 24.42 24.00 24.47 25.24 26.40 244.5 244.5 245.2 255.2 233.3 233.7 241.0 255.2 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7 253.3 253.7	-0.47 -0.28 -0.23	24.55 24.90 25.00 25.00 25.30 25.40 248.5 248.5 234.0 234.0 234.0 130.0	24.05 34.10 24.26 24.50 24.55 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.5 241.0 237.0 237.0 237.0 237.0	478. 478. 478. 2,048. 831. 4,765. 18,106. 2,540. 1,765. 11,163. 3,967. 638. 7,078. 1,783. 178. 178.	463 15,645 1,545 1,545 25,554 3,029 76,965 617 21,580 12,612 6,303 26,486 3,389 77,019
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Tes
There was fair but more general demend this week reports the Tea Brokers Association. Landed: Brightest East Africans met strong competition and prices were often dearer following quality. Others showed an easter tenderal with Mediums general. It is proceed to Offshore: Good demand at Asy firm rates. Quotations: Best available 151 p/log. Good 110p/log. Good Medium 104p/log. Good 110p/log. Good Medium 104p/log. Medium 33p/log. Low Medium 30p/log non. The highest price realised this week was 151p/log.

11.51 -0.14 11.85 11.50 17.238 72.518 11.22 -0.07 11.31 11.22 7.319 52.445 10.96 -0.05 11.02 10.95 1.421 10.02 10.72 -0.06 10.78 10.71 503 12.234 10.55 -0.05 10.81 10.58 106 5.481 10.44 -0.02 10.44 10.44 1 534 28,747 145,372 74.25 +0.73 74.70 73.70 1.417 8,053 74.40 +0.38 75.00 74.21 7,061 33,948 75.56 -25 77.57 75.70 558 7,386 7,650 +0.25 77.45 77.00 26 4,066 77.55 77.45 77.00 26 4,066

**VOLUME DATA** Open Interest and Volume data shown for contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CST, NYOE, CME, CSCE and IPE Grude Oil are one day in anears. Volume & Open Inte INDICES 나네 19 month ago year ago 1980.2 2003.9 2232.9

GSCI Spot (Base: 1970-100)

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK

patras,

	Price change light Law this last	
-	88.275 -4.559 67.575 66.150 1,995 30,5	
Out	68.528 -0.100 BB.630 88.400 2,827 38,5	
Sec	65.750 -0.075 65.475 65.675 1,726 14,4	
Tub:	61.990 -0.825 64.475 69.325 851 12,5	
ALC:	66.125 -0.075 66.650 65.250 618 · 4,5	
_	95,000 -0.200 65,000 64,000 106 1,7	
Tetal	1,546 <b>05,</b> 5	
DV.	HOGS CHE HOLDOORS CHENTON	_
1	82.275 +0.325 62.500 BT.800 556 7	*
74	57,775 -0.190 50,000 57,475 3,346 12,3	
Set		
No.	M.735 -0.225 65.050 54.350 1,196 8,2	
766	75.625 -0.575 78.100 75.290 180 2	
7-		
	. 7,807 37,1	90
SK PO	K BELLIES CIME (40,000bs; cente/bs)	_
-	85,400 +2,000 95,400 93,400 925 4	86
Ang	90.625 +0.425 91.350 88.290 2,888 1,8	
Tea.	80.375 -0.825 81.700 79.500 , 1,080 1,8	
		53
May		80
Trees		
-		_

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

trilice price \$ tonne	— <b>Q</b>	<b>—</b>	P1	_	:
ALIMANAMA 2.7%) LIME	500	Dec	Sep	De	:
500	61 22	126 66	8 48	22 69	
600	8	9	128	1.20	
COPPER Stade A) LME	Sep	Dec	Sep	Dec	
800	151	162	20	72	
060	85 41	110	88 108	118 177	
COFFEE	3	Nov	5	Nov	
700	<del>40</del> 41	80 49	160	227 267	
750		40	245	306	
GOCEA LOE	500	Dec	Sap	Dec	
75	42 27	80 67	54 24	44 68	
025	17	56	33	70	
BO	Aùg	Зер	Aug	Sep	
900	84	51	94 51	80	
960	31	36	80	-	
ONDON SPO	T N	ARI	KET	8	
CRUDE OIL FOR (pa				-OF-	

Aubel Work Electi (Sect)	\$17.35-7.48 \$19.20-9.27	-0.15 -0.356
Prent Bland (Sup) Y.T.L B. O.S. BROODLYTTS NIVE	\$19.02-0.04 \$20.60-0.62x	-0.20 -0.21
OIL PRODUCTS NWE	brouthr centrals C	F (tonne)
remium Gesofre	\$211-212	-2
ias Cij	\$190-181	-2.5
leavy Fuel Oil	\$88-90	
april na	\$188-190	
et fuel	\$205-207	-0.0
Xesel	\$189-184	-1.8
NATURAL GAS (Pence	(therra)	
lecton (Aug)	13.00-13 <u>.2</u> 0	-0.25
etrologo Argus. Tel. Liandos	(0171) 359 8792	
OTHER		

Gold (per troy dz) \$ -0.01 291.50

Unq Unq Unq 91.25p 91.25p 935.00m 780.00 +10.0 -2.5 \$467.5 \$506.0± 215.0₩ Paim QI (Makey.)§

Lead (US prod.) Tin (Kusta Lumpus) Tin (New York) Cattle (tive weight) Sheep (tive weight) Pigs (tive weight)† 112.81 104.97 Lon. day sugar (rew) Lon. day sugar (wte) Barley (Eng. feed) Malze (US No3 Yellow Rubber (Aug)♥ Rubber (Sep)♥ Rubber (KLRSS No1)

		Day's		Lest		Open	
_			-	_			
-				66.150			
Oct				86,400			
Des				65.675			
Pair				69.826			
生				85.950 84.850			
		-0.250		F-650			
						06,091	
S CA	E HOGS	CHE	40,000	Z (25)			
<u> </u>	2 275	+0.325	62,500	BT.800	555	786	
-	57.775	-0.100	58,000	37.475	3.340	12.205	
Oct	53.625	-0.175	53 900	53,475	1,894	11,423	
Personal Property livers	54,735	-0.225	85,050	54,350	1,198	8,220	
Tok				75.250			
No.	73.660	-0.800	73,800	73.200	70	886	
Telephone 1					7,807	27,108	
SE PORK BELLIES CHE (40,000/be; cente/fbs)							
		+2 000	95,400	93,406	225	486	
Ang	90.625	+0.425	91,350	88,250	2,093	3,895	
Table 1	80.375	-0.825	81,700	79.500	1,080	1,006	
_	70 600	_4 550c	DD 707	70 (0)0	84	469	

price \$ tonne UnionUni					:
Q LIME	300		Sép		•
	61	128	· a	22	
	22	86	48	69	
<u> </u>	8	9	122	1.20	
OPPER					
A) LIME	Sec	Dec	500	Dec	
	151	162	20	72	
	85	110	88	118	
	41	12	108	177	
FRE LCE	3	Nov		New	
	40	30	-		
		49	180 202	227 267	
	34	40	245	306	
COALCE					
	500	Dec	Sec	Dec	
	42	80	54	44	
	27	67	24	68	
	17	56	3	70	•
BIT CHUDE IFE	Aùg	<b>Bup</b>	Aug	Sep	
	-	-	34	80	
	2	51	51	-	
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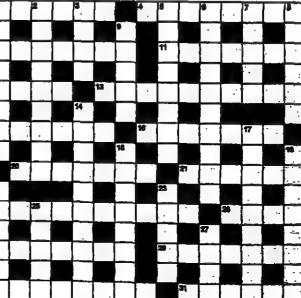
bel lad	\$17.35-7,48	-0.15	`
rt Berd (reco	\$19.20-9.27	-0.356	
nt Bland (Sup)	\$19.02-8.04	-0.20	
T.L	\$20.60-0.62x	-0.21	÷
OIL PRODUCTS N	Eprompt delivery C	F (bonne)	•
mkm Gesofre	\$211-212	-2	•
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avy Fuel Oil	\$88-90	-2.0	ì
	\$188-190		
fuel	\$205-207	12	
sal	\$183-184		•
NATURAL GAS (Pa	3103-184 hmethan	-1.5	
oton (Aug)	13.00-13.20	-0.25	
ologo Argus. Tel. Lina OTHERS	doa (0171) 359 8792		
d (per troy dz)	\$384.85	10.50	•

FT BOOKSHOP To order any book reviewed or referred to in the FL or indeed any other book, call Prespinese 0500 418 419, or 181 964 1254 outside the UK, for the FT Booksh

Prec peop in UK, £1.50 in Besope, £7.50 Rest of World. The clue to 24 across in Saturday's puzzle should 24 Release, say? (6)

# CROSSWORD

No.9,127 Set by ARMONIE



1 Half portion of eels eaten by

six-footer with fatal conseuences (8) be given lines (?)

11 Protective coating is to fade away without a bit of repair

12 Trees largely smell awful (4) That attracts an argument (4,6)

15 A snooze? For Tom that's a

certainty (6)

16 For Tom that's a

17 Survive the syllabus for what

could be a syllabus (4,6)

file coarse (7)

21 Land that's part of a mogul's

territory (6)

15 Noted writer and peacemaker? (8)

Material newspaper's to long
for (8) 24 Mug's after a means of com-munication (6,4) 25 Pin's follows:

ing star? (7)
29 Student deserved to become academic (7)
30 Heartlessly hustled ostler in the pub (8)
31 Abraham's nephew appeared
in revolutionary attire (5)

Soldier supports sweetham! in the dance (8) ing up relationship (4) Energetic person is to pass the finishing line (4.4)

6 Fairy's to prise out a plant 7 One-time clergyman (5) 8 Woman picked up remains for new disposition (6) 16 Knitter repaired a knick- 17 I meet Stan dancing in the 20 Finger inflammation is a tri- 18 Noted writer and peece file coarse (7)

26 Pip's follower in novel (4)
28 Are social workers surrounding star? (7)

27 Nobleman almost losing her 23 In the afternoon Sarah gives a

(and foot) (4)

Solution to Saturday's prize puzzle on Saturday August 3. Solution to yesterday's prize puzzle on Monday August 5.

CROSSOO	n Peru	FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY JULY 23.1996 ★	23
Sploration of the property of	e to automa 80	FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE  • FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (+44 171) 873 4876 for more details.	Offshore Funds
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### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

# Weak Wall Street showing unnerves FT-SE 100

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By Steve Thompson, LIK Stock Market Bolton

A poor showing by Wall Street on Friday and again at the outset of trading yesterday afternoon put paid to the London equity market's strong recovery at the end of last week and saw share prices under pressure yesterday.

There was no help to equities from the gilts market, which never showed any signs of rallying from an early decline ahead of this week's auctions of £3.5bn-worth of gilts; £2bn today and £1.5bn on

The FT-SE 100 index moved decisively below the 3,700 level, ending

an acutely disappointing trading per cent rise in sales during the session a net 29.2 off at 3,681.3 and month and lifting the annual rise to session a net 29.2 off at 3,681.3 and ending three successive days of big gains in equities.

Second line issues fared just as badly as the leaders, with the FT-SE Mid 250 index finally 19.0 off at 4.23L.0.

There was nothing really simister behind the market's slide, dealers said, simply the fall-out from New York and the general lack of enthusiasm among fund managers in London ahead of some important economic data on both sides of the

Tomorrow brings crucial details of UK retail sales in June, expected by some observers to show a one

around 2.5 per cent. And Friday sees the second quarter gross domestic product figure released, with strategists pencilling in a 0.7 per cent rise during the quarter, or

2.2 per cent up on the year. Tomover in London was a serious disappointment to brokers and marketmakers; at the 6pm reading turnover in equities was a miserly 547.7m, with non-FT-SE 100 accounting for 60 per cent of the total figure. Customer trading last Friday was valued at £1.67bn.

The turnover figure was even more disappointing, traders said, given that one of the big marketmakers executed a sizeable programme trade during the late afternoon. The programme, priced earlier in the day, was said to have been evenly weighted.

Senior marketmakers were dismayed with Wall Street's most recent performances and the response of European markets, and forward a difficult few weeks shead for the London market.

"I can see the Footsie slipping back to 3,600 in the short term." said the head of marketmaking at one securities house. "There seems to be a total lack of support around and the institutions are simply not interested; the market has to go lower," he said.

take the combined group pri-

vate and leave Mr Jurek

Plasecki, Goldsmith's chair-

man and chief executive, in

Profit-taking was the order of the day in many of the

financial stocks yesterday. Lloyds TSB which reports

interim figures on Friday relin-

quished 7 to 330p in trade of

2.4m. NatWest Securities is predicting profits of £1.15bn.

Selling was also seen in

National Westminster, 8 off at

619p, and Royal Bank of Scot-

land where the shares gave up

Among insurance issues,

Commercial Union was in

demand and the shares put on 6½ to 584½p. London & Man-

chester Group fell 10 to 348p, after the market was disap-

pointed by half-year new busi-

ness figures, L & M's new

annual premiums were up two

per cent and it new single pre-miums up 22 per cent. Life

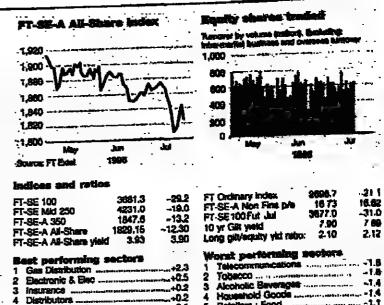
6 to 485% p.

charge of the group.

The consensus among dealers was that the odds favoured a US rate increase during August, a move which would ultimately undermine sentiment on Wall Street and in lon-

British Gas, so often a laggard in the FT-SE 100, topped the performance league yesterday, with the gas regulator said by one analyst to be in "disarray" and backtracking on its draconian proposals for Transco, the pipelines division of the company.

Composite insurance stocks were well to the fore, as investors sought. the stocks ahead of the interim season which commences at the end of



# Broker boost for BTR

Top conglomerate BTR moved higher after a note from Nat-West Securities advised client's to "add" on the stock following recent severe underperform-

Taking an unequivocable stand, the broker declares that the shares are too low. They have lagged the market as a whole by more than a fifth gince April.

According to NatWest analyst Mr Bruce MacDonald, all the had news is now in the price. The market is valuing BTR's "quality core manufacturing businesses on a 10 per cent discount to the market for

1997", he says. This year BTR has sold operations with sales of 2600m. Mr MacDonald argues that a further £2.3bn of sales disposals are in the pipeline and that the increased group focus will generate improved returns on

The NatWest analyst expects BTR to cut its dividend by 38 per cent to 10p this year. Shorn of underperforming assets and with the pay-out streamlined, BTR is capable of "supporting above-market earnings growth". The shares, 5 better at one stage, ended up 1½ at 287%p in 5m traded, keeping the stock at the top of the FT-SE 100 performance table throughout the trading session. They stood at 340p in March.

Recommendations from at

least two brokers saw British Gas move firmly ahead against the poor market trend, as the industry regulator announced a delay in price proposals for TransCo, the group's pipeline business. The shares closed 4%

ahead at 190%p, after trade of

The shares were firm from the outset after ABN Amro was reported to have reiterated its buy stance on the stock and to have set a 215p a share price target for sum of the parts val-

The TransCo announcement during the session was followed by a statement from British Gas indicating its disappointment at the delay. However, one analyst dismissed the British Gas stance as "nothing but a political game to ensure it benefits in the end."

Analysts at SGST reitarated their positive stance on the shares following the regulator's announcement. They said: The decision by Ofgas to delay publication of its final proposals for the TransCo review until mid-August strongly implies a negotiated settlement can be reached with British Gas thereby validating our buy stance."

Thorn EMI fell 42 to 16930 with some analysts said to be slightly disappointed by first quarter results from EMI Music. This provoked some selling in the US where the EMI Music is followed closely. Other analysts pointed out that they were unconcerned, because EMI Music was a seasonal business

Rank fell 8 to 468p, with Nat-West Securities reiterating its "reduce" recommendation. NatWest said the forthcomine announcement of the results of an internal strategic review was likely to be the most important development at Rank for many years.

UNO, the furniture retailer. made a promising start on the AIM market, closing at 147p compared with a placing price

### M & S falls

There was some profit-taking at Marks & Spencer which fell 41/2 to 4791/2p. One analyst ggested that media reports of directors selling shares was responsible for some of the selling pressure.

Carpetright fell 7 to 524p with reports of some switching ahead of the Allied Carpets flotation which takes place today. Goldsmiths Group rose 8 to 815p on market rumours that Signet was about to sell its UK chains to Apax, the venture capitalist. One option was that

Apex would buy Goldsmiths,

PUNANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES

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This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of London Stock Exchange Limited (the "London Stock Exchange"). It does not constitute an offer or invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase any shares or stock of Thorn plc ("Thorn"). Application has been made to the London Stock Exchange for all the issued ordinary shares of 25p each in Thorn ("shares") to be admitted to Official List of the London Stock Exchange. It is expected that listing will become effective and dealings in the shares will commence on 19 August 1996.

# THORN plc

(Incorporated and registered in England and Wales with registered no. 3182775)

Introduction to the Official List

Sponsored

by

# SBC Warburg

A DIVISION OF SWISS BANK CORPORATION

Expected share capital on admission

Authorised Issued and fully paid of up to Number Amount Number\* Amount\* 700,000,000 £175,000,000 Ordinary shares of 25p each 434,500,000 £108,625,000

The issued and fully paid share capital of Thorn is based on an estimate of the maximum number of shares which will be in issue at 8.30am on 19 August 1996, as further detailed in the Listing Particulars.

Copies of the Listing Particulars published by Thorn in connection with the Introduction to the Official List of the London Stock Exchange may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) (for collection only) from the date of this notice up to and including 24 July 1996 from the Company Announcements Office of the London Stock Exchange, Capel Court Entrance, off Bartholomew Lane, London, EC2N 1HP, and from the date of this notice up to and including 16 August 1996 from:

Thom plc 20 Black Friars Lane London EC4V 6HD

SBC Warburg 2 Finsbury Avenue London EC2M 2PP

23 July 1996

stocks raced higher last week in the weak of excellent new business numbers from Prudential, Legal & General and Britannic

Tentative takeover talk continued to underpin contract distribution group Christian Salvesen, lifting the shares 2 to to 284p in above average turn-

Held back by poor trading in Germany and margin pres-sures in the US, the shares have lagged the sector by more than 25 per cent on a 12-month view. But they have been active lately, rising from 248p since the end of last month. Some City traders suggested that rival distributor Hays, off 6 at 439p, might be behind the price action. But one support services analyst reported that Hays had denied it was

Electronics giant GEC moved up against the market trend on exend press reports that it is to join the British Aerospace and Boeing consortium which is bidding for a £2bn Ministry of Defence contract. The stock added 3% to 374%p in 6.6m traded. BAe gained 2 to 944p. Construction group Costain

moved up sharply after share-holders approved the group's The stock, suspended at the end of June at 39p, closed 7 higher at 48p after the restart

of dealings. Among building materials groups, RMC lost 7 to 1041p on the news that the group had increased its stake in aggregates company Ennemix to 4.7 per cent. Ennemix, unchanged at 60p, has agreed to a 52.5p a share bid from French building

giant, Lafarga.

A note from Goldman Sachs highlighting the impact of a Labour government windfall tax on the profits of one-time state corporations was said to have hit BT and airports grow BAA.

The former shed 5 to 354; and BAA ended off 4 at 496p Cable and Wireless, off 14 at 413p, was the day's worst performing Pootsie component.

Tate & Lyle fell 2% to 456% following an explosion at its sugar beet facility in Nebraska. The incident is expected to knock about £10m off pre-tax profits this year.

Tesco fell 5 to 278p on the eve of the supermarket group having to decide whether it was going to make a counterhid for Docks de France. Under French stock market rules a counter bid to that made by Auchan may be made no later that today.

However, talk in the market suggested that it was most unlikely that Tesco would pur-sue a bid. Docks de France was suspended yesterday, pending

FUTURES AND OPTIONS Coon MI FT-SE 100 BYDEK FUTURES (LIFFE) \$25 per full index point LON 17472 81763 3735.0 3708.0 3728.0 3740.0 +18.0 +18.0 +18.0 3705.0 E FT-SE MED 250 INDEX PUTURES (LIFFE) \$10 per full index point 4249.0 +25.0 IN FT-SE 180 INDEX OFTION (LIFFE) (1875 ) 210 per full index point

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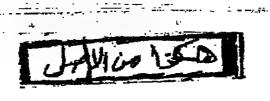
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FT-8E 100	3691.3	-0.6	3710.6	1600	3858.2	3421.5	4.71	2.11	14.39	104.38	1513.01
FT-SE Mid 280	4231 D	-0.4	4250.0				3.58	1.62			1700.68
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PT-86-A 350	1847.8	-0.7	1860.8	1851.8	1836.2	1708.4	3.00	3.02			1859.55
FT-SS-A 200 Higher Yeld	1777.9	-0.5			1764.9		5.33	1.05	12.46	66.00	1253.33
FT-SE-A 350 Lower Yeld	1924,3				1914.7		2.77	2.25	20,04	38,91	1835.01
FI'-SE SmallCap	2104.16				2002.61		3.13	1.72	23.25		1733.49
FT-SE SmallCap ex law Trusts	2103A1				2092.16		3.35	1,80	20.76		1744.21
FT-ME-A ALL-SHARE	1829.15	-0.7	1841.45	1822.41	1818.05	1667.82	3.99	2.00	15.93	50.47	1550.72
FT-SU Actouries AD-	Sizere										
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	Jul 22	chgeff	Jul 19	Jul 18	Jul 17	190	ylek/%	COVE	redio	ytti	Flebum
10 MINERAL EXTRACTIONIZES	3471.15	-0.7	3497.26	3522 47	3489.45	2915.50	3.86	1.83	17.71	79.25	1495.67
12 Edractive industries	3973.18				3967.97		4.04	2.82			1109.18
15 Oil, Integrated(3)	3567.56				3597.13		4.01	1.72	18.09		1576.48
16 Oil Exploration & Prod(16)	2493.64				2441.32		2.11	1,50	37.58	34.94	1501.88
20 GEN INDUSTRIALS(276)	1978.50	-04	1986 69	1077 88	1965.32	1004 07	4.26	1.88	15.24		1089.21
21 Building & Construction(34)	1145.02				1195.47		3.81	1.68	20 56		000 40

12 Edractive industries(5)	3973.18	-0.4 3989.52 3982.42 3987.97 4000.00	4,04	2.62	12.29 109.19 1169.18
15 Oil, integrated(3)	3567.56	-0.8 3596.11 3834,82 3597.13 2904.59	4.01	1.72	18.09 81,84 1576.48
16 CB Exploration & Prod(16)	2493.64	-0.3 2501.66 2485.08 2441.32 2021.88	2.11	_1,50	37.58 34.94 1501.88
20 GEN INDUSTRIALS(276)	1978.50	-0.4 1986.69 1977.66 1965.32 1984.97	4.36	1.88	15.24 51.95 1089.21
21 Building & Construction(34)	1145.02	-0.1 1146.21 1141.26 1135.47 993.67	3.61	1.68	20.56 23.05 982.30
22 Suilding Matis & Marcha(26)	1855.30	-0.8 1870.19 1861.98 1826.55 1829.98	4.13	1.72	17,57 47,17 943,78
25 Chemicate(25)	2393.35	-0.6 2406.64 2392.24 2399.83 2444.77	4.17	1,96	
24 Diversified industrials(19)	1488.58	-0.6 1497.56 1490.86 1479.55 1843.50	6.00	1.69	
25 Bectronic & Bect Equip(\$7)	2285.67	+0.5 2273.25 2290.67 2249.44 2017,56	3.41	1.61	10,57 56.29 840.34 22.85 55.84 1201.19
25 Engineering(71)	2408.62	-0.4 2418.14 2408.96 2399.08 2058.73	3.21	2.44	15.44 48.78 1471.04
27 Engineering, Vehicles(14)	2930.60	-1.0 2960.91 2949.00 2937.35 2411.37	8.69	1.95	
28 Paper, Poky & Printing(25)	2584.12	-0.4 2594.62 2567.80 2558.88 3127.53	3.99	1.00	
_29 Textiles & Apparel(19)	1304.09	-0.5 1310.28 1308.73 1312.53 1688.68	5.42	1.59	15.78 59.35 1083.54
					14.53 42.36 805.13
30 CONSUMER GOODS(81)	3520.72	-0.6 3542.03 3516.37 3493.20 3251.07	3.96	1.87	16.76 95,77 1309.30
32 Alcoholic Beverages(8)	2702.81	-1.4 2741.79 2707.95 2686.78 2807.56	4.67	1,62	16.50 91.04 pss.00
33 Food Producers(24)	2460.37	-0.6 2474.07 2473.90 2458.40 2538.61	4.23	1.85	15.96 68.20 1120.31
34 Household Goods(18)	2506.44	-1.4 2541.30 2584.74 2533.08 2704.07	3.97	2,15	14.67 58,43 981.80
36 Heelth Care(20)	2051.43	-0.4 2080.21 2049.82 2037.92 1902.70	2.63	2.16	22.00 35.96 1253.79
57 Phermaceuticals(13)	5158.78	-0.1 5162.03 5095.30 5056.70 4132.31	3.27	1.66	20.48 91.18 1755.63
_38 Tobecco(1)	4121.08	-1.6 4188.85 4231.21 4218.50 4201.58	6.17	2.12	9.56 158.18 1035.19
40 SERVICES(265)	2450.17	-0.8 2488.88 2454.88 2438.98 2119.60	2.93	1.67	22.87 53.39 1283.44
41 Distributors(31)	2775,18	+0.2 2769.63 2762.44 2777.59 2600.38	3.13	1.70	23.46 51.03 1028.70
42 Leisure & Hotela(24)	3033,30	-0.5 3048.06 3048.98 3041.27 2403.90	2.02	1.89	22.66 153.23 1639.38
43 Media(46)	4064,13	-1.0 4105.97 4070.06 4034.03 3177,55	2.24	1.88	29.65 54,14 1474,60
44 Retailers, Food(14)	1925.83	-1.1 1947.60 1943.25 1933.53 2147.22	3.98	2.32	13.56 48.71 1235.91
45 Retailers, General(43)	2039.03	-0.7 2053.75 2039.35 2016.04 1728.13	3.09	2.12	18.06 47.09 1176.32
47 Breweries, Pubs & Rest.(24)	3082.26	-0.7 3104.59 3082.89 3083.39 2593.28	3.33	1.95	
48 Support Services(49)	2381.53	-0.5 2394,48 2382,96 2359,09 1670,77	1.95	2.26	19.25 52.87 1487.15 28.47 32.90 1520.39
_49_Transport(22)	2342.07	-0.6 2356.37 2345.72 2333.84 2336.59	3.47	0.62	
60 UTILITIES(33)	2236.47	-0.9 2257.23 2237.04 2224.06 2496.50			
62 Electricity(11)	2349.55	-0.4 2359.87 2347.37 2336.48 2491.83	5.71	2.01	10.88 129.10 983.12
64 Gas Distribution(2)	1276.80	+2.3 1248.00 1241.35 1250.95 1932.91	6.91	2.48	7.30 404,44 1259,38
66 Telecommunications(5)	1889.84	-1.8 1925.16 1905.37 1889.90 2151.04	9.39	1.36	9.81 65.67 669.69
68 Water(12) .	2139.43	-0.7 2153.62 2127.47 2109.92 2033.71	4.28	1.79	18.33 12.56 860.70
			6.18	2.33	8.66 88.50 1208.56
69 NON-FINANCIALS(967)	1940.35	-0.7 1953.36 1944.31 1931.30 1817,19	3.95	1.89	16.73 54.54 1486.69
70 FINANCIALS(104)	2879.59	-0.7 2898.79 2890.74 2842.17 2458.62	4.19	2.55	
71 Sanks, Retail(5)	4037.04	-0.9 4073.86 4046.24 3976.33 3301.68	3.86	2.00	11.70 79.91 1250.18
72 Banks, Merchant(6)	3479.24	-0.4 3494.52 3483.32 3470.01 3613.28	2.84		11.21 110.04 1329.47
73 insurance(22)	1409.81	+0.2 1406.41 1394.42 1386.04 1298.39	5.86	2.50	17.57 63.39 1110.36
74 Life Assurance(5)	3419.28	-1.0 3454.64 3449.23 3387.99 2765.18		2.70	7.88 48.97 1069.55
77 Other Financial(21)	2502.05	-0.2 2507.78 2479.34 2467,46 2128.93	4.37	2.24	12.78 100.72 1433 38
79 Property(41)	1500.01	0.0 1004 51 1000 40 4404 60 2128,93	4.18	1.61	16,55 62,05 1438.41
		-0.3 1504.51 1500.40 1496.85 1481.00	4.27	1.26	23.25 39.34 933.65
80 BYVESTMENT TRUSTS(126)	3035.03	-0.7 3057.55 3042.81 3022.01 2885.85	2.31	1.12	10.00
89 FT-SE-A ALL-SHARE(807)	1829,15	-0.7 1841.45 1832.41 1818.05 1887.82			
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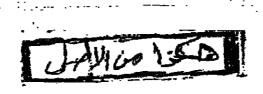
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# as Microsoft Q2 awaited

Jittery trading continued in technology shares as the Nasdaq composite, which is weighted toward that sector, gave back some of the gains made in the second half of last week, writes Lisa Bransten in New York.

In early afternoon trading the Nasdaq was off 14.78 at 1,082.90 on a decline of \$2 at \$119 in Microsoft, the biggest company on the index Investors were particularly focused on shares in the software giant because it was due to report second quarter earnings after

Although the next three largest companies on the Nasdac \$% at \$72% and Cisco Systems fell \$1% at \$50% - the biggest declines came in tech stocks,

Iomega lost \$2 at \$20%, Cybercash shed \$3% at \$38 and Netscape Communications fell \$5 to \$48.

Weakness in the technology sector initially spilled over on to the broader market, sending the Dow Jones Industrial Average more than 57 points lower. But by early afternoon the blue chip index was off its lowest levels of the session; by 1 pm the benchmark was 30.33 ker at 5,396.49. The Standard & Poor's 500 fell 4.90 at 633.83 and the American Stock Exchange composite shed 6.43 at 542.33. NYSE volume was light at 198m shares.

Several Dow components

### managed to buck the falling market and gain \$1 at \$56% after reporting operating income of 98 cents a share, 2 cents ahead of analysts' estimates. Union Carbide added \$22 at \$37 after reporting earnings in line with expectations.

reported results: Allied Signal

Big oil companies in the Dow did not fare as well although Chevron and Texaco beat earnings estimates and Exxon's results matched the consensus forecast. Chevron fell \$% at \$57% Texaco lost \$'4 at \$86% and Exxon was \$% weaker at

Portland General jumped \$7% at \$35% after Enron agreed to buy the company in a deal valued at \$2bn. Enron shares slipped \$1% at \$39%.

Toronto was unable to remain immune to the depressed condition of other markets and the TSE-300 composite index was 34.40 down by noon at 4,970.60. in weak volume of 24.6m

### SOUTH AFFIICA

Johannesburg was weak in trading that was cut short to puter failure. The overall index lost 86.5 to 6.752.6. and golds eased 3.7 to 1,785.4. One analyst noted, however, that the declines did not reflect weakness that might have been expected in response to the performances of London and Wall Street.

# Mexico weaker at noon

midsession in response to weakness on Wall Street. where some large Mexican stocks are traded. The IPC

index fell 24.71 to 3,085.37. Analysis noted that much of the early volume was in Grupo Carso, due to a shuffling of shares between some of its brokerage subsidiaries. The Carso shares fell 0.6 per cent to 50.7

Among the biggest falling stocks Televisa CPO lost 2.70 pesos to 99,30 pesos.

midsession, following falling markets abroad and on some profit-taking. The Bovespa index was 508

weaker at 63,609. Analysts believed that investors were awaiting tomorrow's debate in congress, which was expected to hold a final vote on a 0.2% financial movement ter. to be charged on all financial transactions in banks. They warned that the tax would boost inflation and discourage

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_	T Mingle	4 1700	1 Year	Start of 1966	Start of 1990	1000 1000
Austria	-2.75	-6.48	2.69	+6.60	+2.83	+2.49
Belgium	-0.41	-0.81	+14.77	+5.04	+1.18	+0.85
Derumark	0.50	+0.37	+16.70	+10.95	+7.47	+7.12
Finisad	-2.07	-2.98	-18.84	40,69	+3.07	+2.73
France	-2.60	-3.A0	+6.13	+9.52	+6.58	+6.23
Germany	-0.99	-0.54	+13.46	+9.97	+6.09	+5.75
reland	-1.69	-6.21	+17.11	+7,41	+7.96	+7.61
Hady	-2.82	-7.02	-5.38	+1.53	+6.78	+8.43
Netherlands	-2.73	-3.63	+20.44	+10.71	+6.68	+6.30
Norway	-2.35	-3.09	+8.71	•9,98	+8.79	+8.44
Spain	-1.32	-4.63	+22,48	+11.58	+8.13	+7.78
Sweden	-1.01	-3.87	+11.52	+10.48	+11,11	+10.75
Switzerland	-3.14	-0.67	+27.34	+10.25	+4.62	+4,28
UK	0.36	-0.25	49.06	+1.27	+1.27	+0.94
EUROPE	-1.48	-1.91	+11.45	+6.28	+4.48	64,14
Australia	+0.52	-4.11	+2.81	-3.25	+3.21	+2.88
Hèng Kang	+0.26	-0.82	÷14.04	+6.05	+9.13	+8.77
Japan	-1.15	-5.02	+23.51	+2.02	-2,45	
Malaysia	-1.00	-1,41	+3.65	+12.70	+15.35	+14.98
New Zeaband	-0.82	-0.71	-5.42	-4.51	+1.56	+1,24
Singapore	+0.67	-4.90	+4.64	-1.47	-1.34	-1.66
Canada	-0.65	-0.73	-8.28	+7.11	+7.23	+8.88
USA	-1.03	-4.24	+15.58	+3.42	+3.76	
Mexico	+1,49	-2.41	+25 59	+11.31	+13.04	+12.87
South Africa	-0.06	-2.07	+20.86	-9.78	-8.54	-8.84
WORLD INDEX	-1.11	-3.59	+15.90	+4.14	+2.86	153

MARKETS IN PERSPECTIVE

# Nasdaq down Zurich posts largest one day fall for 25 months

Early weakness on Wall Street, troublesome currency developments, and a sudden absence of positive corporate news combined to drive ZURICH 2.6 per cent lower, its largest one day fall for 35 months. The SMI index lost 95.4 to 3.566.1.

An already weak market was tipped sharply lower by Wall Street's early performance and dollar weakness while, at the same time, the Swiss franc strengthened against other European currencies.

One analyst also attributed the day's fall to the void left in a market suddenly bereft of news and rumours of mergers and restructurings.

Among sharply lower pharcouricule, Roche certificates tumbled SFr270 to SFr9,040. Sandoz and Ciba, strong recent performers on their plans to merge into Novartis, fell SFr46 SFr1,356, and SFr56 to SFr1,437 respectively. Nestlé, back in focus in

recent sessions after a long

time in the wilderness, was SFr45 down at SFr1.381. Attisholz, the paper group, mbled 12.1 per cent in reaction to a large weekend fire at its Tela subsidiary in which three firefighters died. The shares dropped SF170 to SF1510 in spite of the company's assurance that the SFr130m-SFr150m cost of the damage

Hourly changes Open 10.36 11.09 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 Glose FT-SE Eurobruck 100 1633\_36 1628\_22 1828\_29 1827\_32 1828\_03 1628\_74 1618\_58 1618\_08 FT-SE Eurobruck 200 1674\_68 1898\_71 1888\_83 1668\_38 1668\_18 1668\_50 1861\_59 1661\_56 Jul 18

FRANKFURT saw German stock market turnover fall from DM9.11bn to DM6.6bn as the Dax index fell 30.03, or 1.2 per cent, to an Ibis-indicated

The dollar was weak, and bunds flat, but cyclicals and defensive stocks fell alike: in chemicals, BASF and Hoechst were both DM1.06 lower, at DM40.48 and DM48.94 and in carmakers, Volkswagen shed DM8.70 at DM518.10; in financials, Deutsche Bank lost DM1.25 at DM73.25 and Allianz DM44.20 at DM2.608 and in utilities, where traders said that the sector was overbought, RWE, Veba and Viag dropped DM1.23 to DM52.83, DM1.77 to DM75.08 and DM8.70 to

DM571\_50 respectively. AMSTERDAM reported very of its average size, as the AEX index fell 8.43, or 1.6 per cent to 525.62. Philips underperformed, losing FI 1.70at FI 49.70 ahead of Thursday's second quarter figures. STOCKHOLM, similarly, had

a very light day's trading, turnover coming in at just SKrl.3bn as the Affarsvärlden General index dropped 23.3, or 1.2 per cent to 1,891.8. Volvo B had a bad day, los-

ing SKr4, or 2.9 per cent, at

SKr135.50. Mr Bob Barber at

James Capel said that the group's car sales were weak in June and that they had put up a poor performance over the first six months of this year. PARIS gossips seemed more interested in a stock which was suspended pending a statement, the retail takeover target, Docks de France, than in the broad murket which fall 1.6

per cent with the CAC-40 index turnover of FFr3.42bn. Another supermarket group, Casino, fell FFr8.20, or 4.1 per cent, to FFr198.50 although

France had subsided. Another faller was the household appliance maker, Moulinex, down FFr3.50, or 3.7 per cent, at FFr91.70 on disappointment with an estimated 5 per cent rise in first quarter sales, and with the lack of detail on the company's restructuring plans.

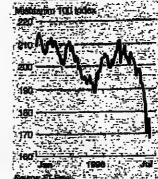
MILAN picked up from the day's worst levels on optimism that July inflation forecasts, due from a number of cities after the market closed, could open the way for a longawaited cut in interest rates. The Comit index fell 7.89 to 616.72 while the Mibtel index picked up from 9,784 to finish 74 down at 9.839.

Analysts noted that the day's akness was exacerbated by a number of leading stocks trad-ing ex-dividend, which depressed the Mibtel by about

Mediaset, which made its market debut just a week ear lier, continued to give back some of the gains seen in its first three days of trade. The shares slipped L74 to L7,281. ENL the state controlled energy group, fell L33 to L7,014 after the market watchdog, Consob, authorised the Trea sury to carry out a market

second tranche of shares in

that it might come in as a OSLO featured a 2.5 per cent white knight for Docks de fall in Norsk Hydro after the oil based industrial complex. Norway's largest quoted company, reported a 20 per cent fall in six month profits. The shares fell NKr7.50 to NKr287 as the total index gave up 4.00



Kvaerner, the offshore enginear and shipbuilder, dropped NKr8 to NKr262, taking its losses to about 10 per cent over the last 10 sessions on profittaking and worries about first half results, due next month, which have prompted some analysts to downgrade their

IFTANBUL rebounded after last week's 8.4 per cent plunge, the composite index closing at 66,342.91 after the deputy prime minister, Mrs Tansu Ciller, reiterated last week's government comment that interest rates would be lowered \_\_\_\_\_

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within free market conditions. TEL AVIV, which dropped 3.5 per cent on Sunday as big provident funds actively sold stocks across the board because of heavy redemptions, had a roller coaster day before the Mishtanim index shed another 2.20, or 1.3 per cent at

Traders said yesterday that falling bond prices were pushing up yields, enticing investors out of equities and into fixed interest instruments. VIENNA sagged to a new six-

month low on nagging dollar 4

worries. The ATX index lost

10.85 at 1,014.63 with the day's worst performer, VA Stahl, losing Sch20, or 5.9 per cent, at Sch320 on technical selling. WARSAW fell for the fifth ecutive session and analysts declared that the market would continue its correction, having surged by some 90 per cent this year by July 5. The main market's all-share Wig index shed 203.8, or 1.6 per cent, at 12,466.8 as turnover fell

Written and edited by William Cochrane and Michael Morgan

on both markets.

15.9 per cent to 104.2m zlotys

# Trading sluggish as Nikkei falls 2.2%, region follows

Sluggish trading combined with foreign profit-taking and domestic technical selling, and the Nikkel average posted its second largest fall of the year, writes Emiko Terazono in

or 2.2 per cent, to 21,005.68, its low for the day. After opening at 21,476.19, the day's high, equities lost ground on foreign lling. This triggered selling of the futures contract by domestic institutions looking to hedge their cash positions, which in turn prompted arbitrage linked selling.

Volume totalled 320m shares against 319m as most investors retreated to the sidelines. The Topix index of all first section stocks fell 27.37 to 1,603.28, while the capital weighted Nikkei 300 closed down 5.19 at 295.85, below 300

advances by 1.005 to 105, with In London, the ISE/Nikkel 50

Declines overwhelmed

With the yen appreciating against the dollar and lingering fears of a rise in interest rates, market participants kept an eye on technical resistance levels. The Nikkei's breach of the 21,406 line, the closing level for the last business year in March, hit investor confidence and a further fall below 21,281, last Wednesday's intraday low, caused investors to take profits or to sell in the futures market.

Interest rate worries hit financials. Industrial Bank of Japan fell Y50 to Y2,440, and Dui-Ichi Kangyo Bank by Y20 to Y1,800; in brokers, Nomura Securities retreated Y60 to Y1,890, and Daiwa Securities Y50 to Y1,250.

Overseas investors sold automobile, high-technology, and large capital steels and shipbuilders. Although small lot bargain hunting supported the shares initially, stocks with

Y2.530; Hitachi dropped Y6 to Y968 and NEC Y20 to Y1.110. Steels were actively sold. Kobe Steel, the most active

issue of the day, fell Y4 to Y287. Mitsubishi Heavy Industries declined Y10 to Y900. Individuals and dealers sold peculative stocks. Kyowa Hakko Kogyo, the chemical company, fell Y57 to Y973 and Ishihara Sangyo, a leading producer of titanium oxide, lost Y35 at Y390. In Osaka, the OSE average

fell 338.22 to 22,355.70 in volume of 13.3m shares.

### Roundup

Foreign selling of blue-chip banking and finance issues and falls elsewhere took BANGKOK to a new 15-month low. The SET index fell 18.19. or 1.5 per cent to 1,164.19 in turnover of Bt4.1bn.

Brokers said that there were worries that second quarter financial sector earnings would be disappointing and that, in addition, tight liquidity in the night interbank at a seven month high of 15.50-16.00 per cent in the morning, region

contributed to the sell-off. HONG KONG's weakness was accentuated by Tokyo, the Hang Seng index losing 47.01 to 10,798.29 as turnover dipped to HK\$3.70n. However, ABC Communications, the paging services operator, jumped 15 cents to HK\$2.275 on rumours that it was in talks to sell its interest in SmarTone Mobile Communi

Banks, due to release interim results in coming days, were in focus. Shares in HSBC Holdings rose 50 cents to HK\$121.50 and Ka Wah Bank was 25 cents up at HK\$2.750.

Sun Hung Kai rose 7.5 cents to HK\$2.725 as the company with Shanghai International about the sale of part of its interests in certain financial China United (Holdings) lost

pany said that it was in talks with a leading European investment fund for the "strategic disposal" of interests in a

BOMBAY suffered an attack of nerves on budget day, with shares initially moving ahead, falling sharply as details began to to be unveiled, and finally bouncing back as investors came to the conclusion that the package was, after all, better than expected. The BSE-30 index recovered from a low of 3,748.77 to finish 9,75 higher at

SEOUL drifted lower lthough selective demand was seen for smaller-cap shares. The composite index lost 1.30 to 838.75

Shin Kwang rose Won800 to

its upper limit of Won15,400 for ulate the local economy, and the weighted index sank 51.53 to 6,159.08 and turnover fell to expectations of better earnings. Youngpoong Mine also went limit up, adding Won2,200, or T\$30bn from Friday's SYDNEY ended weaker, but 5.9 per cent, to Won39,700 on

news that the company had off its lows as bargain hunters spotted value among the resource leaders in the afterfound more gold reserves in a mine in Mali. Samsung Electronics which spearheaded blue chip gains finished at their highs as the All Ordinaries index essed 5.2 last week, fell Won1,700 to Won75.000. Samsung Fine to 2.152.4. Chemical went limit down; los-Centaur, a nickel hopeful

ing Won4,700 to Won73,700, on and one of the mining entrenews that the Securities Superprensur, Mr Joseph Gutnick's stable of companies, topped visory Board was investigating suspicions of manipulation in turnover in 11.4m shares as it the company's share prices. rose 4 cents to A\$1.74. Industri-TAIPEI was not impressed als remained handicapped by News Corp which fell 18 cents by reports that the central bank might lower reserve to A\$6.45 after last week's requirements during its US\$2.48hm acquisition of New World Communications. August board meeting to stim-

as the market was depressed by Saturday's report of a 6.1 per cent drop in June's non-oil exports. The Straits Times Industrials index fell 28.78 to 2.174.06, led down by banks KUALA LUMPUR fell 1.8 per cent on position trimming by

fund managers and forced sell ing of second board speculative issues, particularly issues ect after their strong run last week. The composite index fell 14.43 to 1,111.97, and the Sec. ond Board by 12.70 to 491.37.

SHENZHEN'S bard currency shares rose 3.5 per cent on demand for companies that healthy interim profits. The index gained 3.08 to 92.32.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only



# Bank of Bahrain & Kuwait B.S.C.

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Lead Managers:

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Managers:

The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd

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Chang Hwa Commercial Bank,

(Europe) N.V.

Commercial Bank of Oman (S.A.O.G.)

International Bank of Asia Limited

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June 1996

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(In Administrative Receivership)

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W 2.5 acre site Dukerier Industrial Estate, Worksop, Nottinghamblire. \* Purpose-built grain handling facility with 12 main hoppers to handle

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The Joint Administrative Receivers offer for sale the business and assets of this high quality servery counter and display unit manufacturer based at Greetland, Halifax, West Yorkshire.

The principle features include:

- Market leader; quality standard ISO 9002 registered.
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- Turnover of circs £3.5m pe.

Turnover this year R16,000,000

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For further information contact the Joint Administrative Receiver, Geoff Adams. KPMG, 1 The Embankment, Neville Street, Leads LS1 4DW. Telephone 0113 231 3000. Fanc 0173 231 3183.

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The Joint Administrators offer for sale the assets and goodwill of Fairham Packaging Limited, a manufacturer of flexible packaging products located in Nottingham.

The principal features include:

- Manufacturers of a wide range of paper and polythene packaging products for retail, pharmaceutical and
- industrial customers. Leasahold premises.
- Experienced workforce.
- Tumover of £2m per annum.

For further information, contact the Joint Administrator, Mick McLouglin, KPMG. St Nicholas House, Park Row, Nottingham NG1 8FQ. Tel: (0115) 935 3635. Fax: (0115) 935 3500.

**KPMG Corporate Recovery** 

### THE COALITION LIMITED TRADING AS "THE REPUBLIC"

IN ADMINISTRATIVE RECEIVERSHIP AND LIQUIDATION

The Joint Administrative Receivers, Stephen Mark Quinn FCA and Alan John Sutton FCA, offer for sale as a going concern the assets of The Conlition Limited, a nightclub and cafe bar, trading as "The Republic" in Sheffield, Yorkshire. Principal

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  Freehold property near to University campus

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For further details contact Stephen Quinn or Richard Walker Baker Tilly, Brusennose House, Lincoln Square, Manchester M2 584. Tel: 0161 E14 5777. Fam 9161 603 1342.



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# CONTRACTS & TENDERS

# PAKISTAN HABIBULLAH COASTAL POWER (Pvt) COMPANY SPECIFIC PROCUREMENT NOTICE

### INVITATION TO BIDDERS FOR

# SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF HV GENERATORS

The Habibullah Coastal Power (Pvt) Company (HCPL) will build, own and operate (BOO) a 140 MW ISO output natural gas fired combined cycle power plant to be located near the city of Quetta in northwest Pakistan in the province of Baluchistan. FiatAvio S.p.A. of Italy has been selected as the EPC/Turnkey Contractor for this private sector power project.

HCPL has applied a loan from the Long Term Credit Fund (previously Private Sector Energy Development Fund), of the Government of Pakistan (GOP), sourced from the World Bank and administrated by the National Development Finance Corporation (NDFC) in various currencies towards the cost of the Habibullah Coastal Power project in Pakistan, and it is intended that part of the proceeds of this loan will be applied to eligible payments under various procurement contracts.

FiatAvio S.p.A. now invites sealed bids from qualified suppliers from eligible member countries of the World Bank, and Taiwan, China for the supply of FOUR (4) HIGH VOLTAGE GENERATORS which will be financed by this loan, and for which procurement will be managed directly by FiatAvio S.p.A., using World Bank procurement procedures for International Competitive Bidding (ICB) as specified in the World Bank's Guidelines: Procurement under IBRD Loans and IDA Credits and is open to bidders from eligible source countries as defined in the guidelines.

Minimum Bidder qualifications include: i) proof of the successful operation for 10 years of similar HV generators manufactured by the bidder, and ii) successful operation of at least five (5) similar HV generators coupled to aeroderivative gas turbines.

A complete set of bidding documents will be available for purchase on July 23, 1996 by interested eligible bidders upon submission of written application and payment of a nonrefundable fee of US \$200 by wire transfer to the below address.

Bids must be delivered to the below address on or before 12:00 noon (local time) on September 10, 1996 and must be accompanied by a security of a minimum of 2% of the Contract Price in a form as detailed in the Section VIII, Sample Forms/ Bids will be opened in the presence of bidders' representatives who choose to attend at 12:00 noon (local time) on September 10, 1996 at the below address. In order to be considered qualified, bids must include a detailed capability statement whose requirements will be included in the Instructions to Bidders.

Please direct all inquires and submissions to:

Please direct the payment of a nonrefundable fee to:

Mr. Raffaello Miotto **Purchasing Department** FiatAvio S.p.A. C.so Ferrucci, 112; 10138 Torino, Italy Tel. +39.11.6858429 - Fax: +39.11.6858216 Telex: 221320

CREDITO ITALIANO Via Arsenale, 23; 10121 Torino, Italy ABI: 02008 - CAB: 01000 Account nº: 18010/00 - Beneficiary: FintAvio S.p.A. Wire Transfer Subject: Habibullah Coastal Power Project Logn nº 3812-PAK, IFB nº 01-FA

# TENDER INVITATION

The Municipality of the City of Budapest with Kossuth Holding Trustee Co. Ltd. acting as advisor announces the first round of an open, two round, international privatisation tender

of the Waterworks of Budapest Company Limited by Shares, for the pre-qualification of Bidders

The winner of the tender will be entitled after the conclusion of a Syndicate Agreement to purchase a minority stake from the SSI.478 shares, each of a nominal value of HUF 100.000 and 22 shares each of a nominal value of HUF 10.000 held by the Municipality of the City of Budapest representing 99.23% of the registered capital of HUF 58.600.310.000 of the Waterworks of Budapest Co. Ltd. and from the shares held by the muncipalities of Halásztelek, Szigetszentmiklós, Budaheszi and Szigetmonostor. Bids are expected to be submitted by strategic investors - by consortia of strategic and financial investors - having references in water supply of a city similar in size to that of Budapest.

The objectives of the first round of the tender are to examine Bidders' professional eligibility and to select Bidders to be invited to the second round. Basic terms for bidding and the information memorandum introducing the Waterworks are contained in the tender documentation which was prepared in the Rungarian and English languages and whose purchase is a prerequisite for participation in the tender. The purchase price of the tender documentation is HUF 750,000, VAT included. The purchase price is to be transferred to the bank account of the advisor with Magyar Takarékszövetkezeti Bank Rt. under bank account number 11500102/10013508 or to be paid in cash at the counter of the bank. Checks for payment are available between 9 am and 4 pm on weekdays at the address of advisor (1065, Budapest, VL District, Bajesy-Zailinszky út 37. 1st floor) or by mail. The tender documentation is available at the above given date and place against the presentation of the receipt certifying the payment of the purchase price and after the signing of the

The language of the tender procedure and of the documents prepared in the course of and as a result of the tender procedure is Hungarian, Hungarian law shall apply. Bids for the first round are to be submitted in 8 identical Hungarian copies, in a closed envelope, until 11 a.m. Budapest time on September 23, 1996, at the address of advisor. One copy out of the eight copies - amexes included - shall be marked "Eredeti" (Original) which copy shall be initialled on each page. Additionally to the Hungarian copies of the bid, an English copy may be enclosed, however, the Hungarian copies shall be held controlling. Bids will be opened on the headquarters of the Waterworks of Budapest Co. Ltd. (Budapest, XIII, District, Váci út 23-27), at 11.30 a.m. on the day of submission, in the presence of a public notary. One representative of each bidder having purchased the tender documentation and submitted a bid may participate in the opening. Representatives shall certify their right to participation.

The first round shall be evaluated within 30 days of the date for submission and Bidders who may submit a detailed inclinical and financial bid in the second round will be selected. Bidders will be notified about their invitation to the second round and the terms and conditions of participation - or their exclusion from further bidding - within 8 days of the deadlines for the evaluation of the first round. Terms for bidding in the second round will be delivered to Bidders invited to the second round, free of charge.

Bids for the first round will be evaluated by an evaluating committee; the decision on the result of the first round will be made by the Ownership Committee of the Municipality of the City of Budapest, which may declare the tender as unsuccessful without giving a reason.

Mr Thuris Barát, the Deputy General Manager of Advisor is ready to be at your disposal in providing any further information concerning the tender procedure (mailing address: H-1399, Budapest, Pf. 701/438, phone number: (00-36-1) - 1120650, fax number: (00-36-1)-111-3443).

(The present announcement is the English language re-print of the original announcement published in the Hungarian press on July 22, 1996)

& Kuwait B.S.C Euroloan Facility

# TV sport deal ruled unlawful



A decision by the Commission to exempt from EC Treaty competition rules the European Broad-European Broad-EUROPEAN casting Union agreement permitting exclusivity of

rights to transmit sports events was unlawful and had to be annulled, the Court of First Instance has ruled.

The ruling arose out of proceedings brought against the Commission by a number of commercial television companies who were not members of the EBU. They sought to annul the Commission's decision exempting the EBU Eurovision system which accorded members favourable and priority rights to sporting events. The Commission was supported before the court by the EBU and by some public-sector broadcasters who were members of the EBU.

The Commission had found that the object and effect of the internal provisions and other regulations of the EBU governing the joint negotiation, acquisition and sharing of television rights to sports events was greatly to restrict, if not to eliminate, competition between its members contrary to competition rules. However, the Commission decided to grant the Eurovision system an individual exemption on the basis that the rules provided for a number of countervailing benefits. The exemption was subject to several conditions imposed upon the KBU and its members in relation to the way in which they acquired television rights to sports events.

By way of preliminary submission, the Commission sought to argue that some of the applicants were not directly and individually concerned by the decision because they had not availed themselves of the opportunity to make written or oral observations during the Commission's administrative procedure. The court rejected these submissions and held that the fact that an applicant had not participated in the Commission's administrative procedure prior to the adoption of the decision did not affect its capacity to bring pro-ceedings at a later stage by way of udicial review.

The court then considered two main aspects of the applicants' arguments. First they submitted that the discriminatory nature of

the EBU's membership rules should have precluded the exemption granted by the Commission. The court observed that where Community institutions had a power of appraisal in order to be able to fulfil their tasks, respect of the rights guaranteed by the Community legal order in administrative procedures was of fundamen tal importance.

Those guarantees included the duty to examine carefully and impartially all the relevant aspects in the individual case. The court found that the Commission failed to examine whether the EBU membership rules were objective and sufficiently determinate so as to enable them to be applied uniformly and in a nondiscriminatory manner. The court held that the Commission should have concluded that it was not even in a position to assess whether the corresponding restrictions were indispensable so as to justify exemption, and that there-fore it should have held that the

agreement could not be exempted. Second, the court considered the submission that it was wrong to take into account the concept of particular public mission which according to the decision. EBU members had to fulfil. Here also the court found that the Commission had erred in law and that this was likely to have distorted the assessment which it made of the indispensable nature of the restrictions of competition for

which it had granted exemption.
The court held that the Commis sion would not have been justified in taking into account, for the purposes of exemption, the burdens and obligations which arose for the members of the EBU as a result of a public mission, unless it had also examined, carefully and impartially, the other relevant aspects of the case, such as the possible existence of a system of financial compensation for those burdens and obligations.

The court therefore annulled the Commission decision which had exempted the EBU Eurovision system from the application of the EC

competition rules.

Joined Cases T-528/93, T-543/93 and T-546/93: Metropole Television SA and others v Commission, CFI (1st Chamber, extended composi-tion), 11th July 1996.

BRICK COURT CHAMBERS

### n the murky waters of sexual harassment one thing is clear. the tentative response of many companies to this complex problem is becoming increasingly inadequate. The result is a chilling of the workplace and a threat to the bottom line.

A few decisive, relatively simple measures can help reverse this. But many companies continue to derive a false sense of security from simply having a written sexual harassment policy, sandwiched safely between the dress code and the vacation policy.

The idea of breathing life into the policy with a proactive education and enforcement programme seems risky to many executives, who fear that greater awareness will encourage complaints and lawsuits.

But a can of worms is easier to handle when you open it yourself and the lid is coming off this one.

Earlier this year 29 women brought a lawsuit against Mitsubishi Motor Manufacturing of America and investigators for the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-sion have alleged that as many as 500 female employees at a Mitsubi-shi plant in Normal, Illinois, may have been harassed.

Sexual harassment claims filed with the commission and affiliated state agencies have nearly tripled over the past six years to almost 16,000 in 1995. The value of awards against companies nearly quadru-pled to \$22m over the same period and, at this rate, will pose a \$100m. problem in another five years.

And because available statistics exclude payments made privately by corporations - whether to comensate victims or to avoid publicity and legal expenses - this reprets just a fraction of the total.

Cases that go to court further drive up the costs. The price of defending a company from one claim - whether justified or not now averages \$50,000. If the victim wins, the company must also pay his or her legal expenses.
Out-of-court settlements and

court awards must also must be tallied. Punitive damages imposed by juries to penalise the employer for failing to take the issue seriously are increasingly added to compensation for economic loss and emotional distress.

A recent jury award included not only \$35,000 (£22,727) in compensatory damages, but also \$50m in punitive damages (later reduced to \$5m). A survey last year indicated that the average cost per sexual harassment case to a Fortune 500 company, win or lose, is \$500.000. And another recent study estimates that the average annual cost of lost productivity, absenteeism, turnover and severance incurred in connection with sexual harassment is

The problem also involves costs

# When the line is crossed

Companies should be tougher on sexual harassment, says Henry Blackiston

WE NEED A FAIR YET FIRM. POLICY ON SEXUAL HARASSMENT CLEARLY STATING THE COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY AND COMMITMENT ...



which are hard to quantify, including the impact on employee moral, productivity and turnover, adverse publicity and its effect on hiring, and the diversion of corporate resources to handle complaint

Another negative impact is the effect on the work environment. Vague or unknown guidelines fail to deter the predatory while leaving the well-intentioned without guidance, no longer sure about how to socialise with co-workers.

Despite greater awareness, many executives would be hard-pressed to define sexual harassment accurately, much less explain the fine line between innocent friendliness and illegal behaviour. Take for example the company which discovered through a complaint to the commission that its male chief executive was having an affair with a female subordinate. The woman. who never filed an internal complaint, admits she was a consenting participant for two years. Is the company liable? Probably yes, if the oman can show the relationship

The US courts now recognise three types of sexual harassment The most common is also the most nebulous - hostile environment. Someone - including a nonemployee, such as a client subjects an employee to unwelcome sexual conduct that is either egregious or constant enough to create a hostile or offensive work environment. The conduct can be verbal, physical or visual, for example, being in earshot of frequent sexual conversations or being regularly greeted by a client in an inappropri-

The second type is "quid pro quo", when a superior makes sexual ndvances to a subordinate, linking the advances - explicitly or implicitly - to the subordinate's job. Penalising a subordinate for refusing an invitation, even if work was never mentioned, is another example. in these cases the company is almost always liable to the victim, even if no one else in the organisa tion knew about it until the charge was filed. The third type is retaliation against an employee for making a complaint or expressing opposition to harassment.

In this environment, the best defence for companies that wish to protect employees and reduce the risk of being sued is a proactive policy that is rigorously enforced. To achieve this, companies should: Ensure their policies are comprehensive, stating the company's philosophy and commitment to deal swiftly and forcefully with sexual harassment. The policy should include clear definitions of sexual harassment, covering subtle and blatant behaviour, it should delineate the procedures for making complaints and the company's internal investigation process. It should also spell out explicitly the consequences for harassment as well as those for making false and malicious complaints.

Conduct mandatory seminars

and the company's policy. They should make clear that sexually suggestive conduct, including tensing and joking, is inappropriate. These seminars should also train management and supervisors on their responsibilities and the consequences of failing to meet them. Win employee confidence in internal procedures by ensuring these are fair, accessible and confidential. This may obviate the need for an employee to file an external public claim. Establish formal and

which should drive home the law

informal channels for making complaints. Investigate all complaints thoroughly and swiftly, and protect victims and witnesses against retal-Treat the accused equitably

failure to do so may result in a lawsuit. Promptly inform the accused individual of the complaint and that an investigation is under way. Assure him or her there is no presumption of guilt.

 Punish harassers with appropri-ate, prompt action. This limits lia-bility, especially if the case ends up in court. Assess the effectiveness of sanctions with periodic follow-up. • Be consistent. Enforce the policy and apply disciplinary sanctions consistently, regardless of the harasser's position in the company.

• Ensure the victim is back where he or she would have been - financially and professionally - if the harassment had never occurred. This includes compensation for any costs related to the harassment such as counselling fees or unpaid time away from the job.

The right policy is critical, but the most effective managerial tool is to foster a culture of respect that extends to every member of the organisation. Respect discourages harassment and encourages productivity. It saves money too.

The author is a partner in Shear-man & Sterling, the New York-based international law firm.



# Firms report rising profits and tighter margins

ore than 70 per cent of the top 1,000 UK law firms increased profits on last year, but margins continue to be squeezed, a survey or ccountants Coopers & Lybrand has concluded.

The survey, commissioned by The Lawyer, shows the best-performing firms came from both ends of the size spectrum. Nearly 90 per cent of the larger firms reported increased profits and 94 per cent increased billing per partner. Of firms with four or fewer partners, 93 per cent reported increased billing per

The trend of increasing mergers to produce larger firms continues, the survey said. However, being small does not necessarily mean unprofitable. Small niche firms can be extremely profitable and often tend to be very well run.

However, with 10 per cent of firms reporting profits down by 10 per cent or more, there is still a group experiencing real financial difficulties. "The number of law firm failures continues to be a feature of the profession which firms ignore at their cost," the survey warned.

The best-performing firms came from central London and north-west England.

# Croatian link

tephenson Harwood, the iondon law firm, has signed an association with Croation firm Zuric and Partners. The link developed from the shipping-related work carried out in Crostia by the London firm.

Partner switches ent Rowey, a US lawyer. specialising in project finance, has joined Presbfields, the City law firm. He was previously a partner with Perkins Cole in London.

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# Sony movies hire cost-effective star

The capture of the genial Robert Cooper from HBO Pictures by Sony's film division is a com for its Japanese owners, who have seen quite enough big spenders in charge of its movies in the not-so-distant past.

Cooper comes with a fine reputation as a maker of low-budget films for television. As president of TriStar, he is expected to play the lynch-pin role in carving out distinctive roles for SPE's production companies.

Columbia will be the blockbuster brand, TriStar will probably generate more thoughtful material, while Castle Rock Entertainment, the subject of purchase negotiations between Sony and its current owner, Turner Broadcasting System, could fit comfortably somewhere in the middle. Cooper said last week he expected

to have considerable freedom within a range of budgets, and was not keen to become "one-dimensional" man on the TriStar lot. He said he particularly liked TriStar's previous efforts such as Sleepless in Seattle - "small physically [with] great size emotion-

HBO has blossomed under the 51year-old Cooper into a leading pro-

vider of material for pay-TV programmes. He has helped upgrade the genre by collaborating successfully with class acts such as director, John Frankenheimer.

The company has amassed an impressive tally of television's versions of the Oscars and nominations. and has won 30 Emmys over the past eight years.

Known as a man of a collaborative rather than confrontational bent, and nassionate about film but lacking any affection for froth. Cooper's mettle is about to be tested as he picks up the threads of TriStar's current list of films in development or early produc-

These include an effort by the renowned prima donna of Hollywood. Barbra Streisand, whose ego has recently been inflated further by the opening of a museum in her honour in one of San Francisco's more colourful quartiers, Christopher Parkes

Senior move at KPMG KPMG, the Big Six global accountancy and business advice group, has

appointed the chairman of its New Zealand firm as its first non-US/European chief executive. Don Christiansen will spend half his time on long-haul flights as he

works to bring together KPMG's various national firms into a more coherent international network.

INTERNATIONAL PEOPLE

In April this year Jon Madonna stepped down as chairman and chief executive of the US firm to concentrate on being chairman of the global firm. Christiansen will be based in Amsterdam and operate as a global 'general manager".

Both moves reflect the increasing investment by KPMG in the global network. Christiansen joined KPMG's founding firm Gilfillan Gentles and Steen from Auckland University. He spent eight years in London from 1966 initially with Peat Marwick but later as UK marketing manager for Black and Decker. He rejoined Gilfillan in 1973. Jim Kelly

**Escape from New York** Michel Kruse, a German-born banker who has made it into the top echelons of US finance, professes little affection for the city that has been his adopted

home for the past 15 years. "I don't really like New York," says Kruse, who lives in a nearby Westchester County suburb. "I just got stuck here." He now has the perfect chance to escape. Last week the 52-year-old executive quit abruptly from Chase Manhattan, which became the US's

biggest bank on its merger with crosstown rival Chemical earlier this year. Kruse's departure provides further evidence of how power in the bank has gravitated to Chemical executives. An exodus of talented staff from what was once known as the Rocks feller Bank has left only Tom Labreque, Chase's former chairman, with a

Kruse, formerly in charge of commercial and investment banking, was one of the most highly regarded Chase bankers. At the time of the merger with Chemical, much was made of his decision to accept a job overseeing risk management and finance - an indication, Chemical executives said, of how both sides would have a say in the running of the new bank.

seat at the top table.

Kruse does not seem likely to rush back into banking. In recent months, his name has been linked fleetingly with other institutions - such as Bankers Trust, which has just overhauled its top management team. But he says that, after several years

of long working days, he is ready for a change. The intellectual challenge of teaching at a university appeals. So does giving over more time playing the flute - something he has had little chance to do in recent years. "I have no experience of being set

free," says the former banker, who only last year obtained a US passport. He muses: "I may get totally bored." Richard Waters

# Investment bunkers

John Howland-Jackson, one of three deputy chief executives at NatWest Markets, the investment banking arm of NatWest, is moving to Hong Kong with the additional role of chairman of its Asia Pacific region. Philip Deer, currently Asia Pacific regional managing director, meanwhile returns to London with a new role as senior managing director, international busi-

Howland-Jackson, 47, says that Nat-West is building a "very different" management team in London, partly as a result of the Gartmore and Greenwich Capital acquisitions, and that everyone is being reassigned to "play to their strengths". In his case, those include having spent about half his 24-year City career on Asian business. Before joining NatWest in 1993, be worked at Nomura International. where he rose to be co-president. He retains the title of deputy chief executive but relinquishes his responsibilities for corporate finance and client coverage. A successor has not yet been named. Katharine Compbell

# ON THE MOVE

■ James Hutchin has been appointed by INTERNATIONAL RISK MANAGEMENT GROUP (IRMG) - an affiliate of Swiss Re - as managing director, global risk management consulting. Hutchin joins from Willis Coroon International.

Stephen Schroeder has been. appointed director of regulatory affairs at COOKSON AMERICA; be joins from Goodwin, Procter & Hoar, a Boston law firm. Jennifer Laing, chairman of Saatchi & Saatchi UK, has been appointed to the executive board of SAATCHI & SAATCHI ADVERTISING

WORLDWIDE.

David Plumer has been appointed by Mailfast, a division of TNT EXPRESS WORLDWIDE, as its new regional vice-president Europe, based in Amsterdam. Plumer has been general manager for the east European region since 1995. Laurence Shuter becomes regional manager for Northern Europe replacing Larry Klimczyk, who joins Mailfast Australia as general manager.

Luigi Mencarelli has been

appointed director of strategy,

business planning and marketing for Integris, GROUPE BULL's outsourcing business. He was most recently orincipal at Gemini Consulting ■ Georg Kellinghusen is

retiring from the executive hoard of VARTA from August He is succeeded by Georg Prilhofer, currently general manager of the Varta subsidiaries in Austria and head of the automotive battery

 Charles Jamieson has been appointed managing director of the AUSTRALIAN TRADE COMMISSION, taking over from Ralph Evans, who is retiring. Jamieson began his career as a trade commissioner in 1971 and is currently responsible for South Asia, the Middle East and Sub-Saharan

■ Irish Food group GOLDEN VALE announced that Jim O'Mahony had resigned as chief executive of Golden Vale Food Products Limited. He has also resigned from the board of Golden Vale. ■ Gary Maude and Derek White have been appointed to the board of HRC

Development, the exploration

CORPORATION, which earlier

this year announced a c\$150m

offshoot of ELDORADO

asset swap with Gencor.

Maude is an executive director of Gencor, White is finance coordinator (Gold Business) of Billiton International Metals, a subsidiary of Gencor. Gary Maude, Derek White and David Hottman join the board of Eldorado Gold. Hotiman is a founding member of the company and director of corporate development, Arthur Jones has resigned as a director of the company. ■ Mark Speizer becomes chairman and chief executive OF NATIONAL INSURANCE GROUP, a provider of information and risk management services to financial institutions. Bruce Cole becomes president and

acting general counsel. John Gaulding, chief executive and other senior management have resigned. Gaulding will remain as a consultant for two years. ■ GOLDEN BOOKS FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT, the publisher, has named three vice-presidents as sales and marketing directors within its children's publishing group. Doug Guendel in charge of mass market and independent distributors: Josalyn Moran ioins from Scholastic to oversee special and educational markets, custom publishing and Lisa Tomasello joins from Simon & Schuster to look after bookstores and

specialty retail. ■ FANNIE MAE, the US Federal National Mortgage Association, has appointed Theodore Chandler as vice-president for housing impact in the company's western regional office. Chandler was director of the Boston Parnership office. Kurt Ruttum has been appointed as vice-president and general counsel at PHOENIX GOLD INTERNATIONAL with effect from October 1. The Philippines' NATIONAL STREL CORPORATION chairman Luis Mirasol has resigned. Two government representatives on the company's board - Jesli Lapus president of Land Bank of the Philippines and Alfredo Antonio, president of the Development Bank of the Philippines – have also resigned. More resignations are expected after Wing Tick Holdings, a Malaysian company, has completed the purchase of 54.5 percent of the company, ■ Jeffrey Harris, currently assistant to the director of the Central Intelligence Agency, has been appointed president of SPACE IMAGING, the

provider of commercial

satellite photos. The company

will launch its first satellite in

Greenawalt, senior Legal Publishing. retiring. equities at AMP

■ WEST INFORMATION PUBLISHING GROUP, the completing team since the merger of West Publishing and Thornton legal publishing interests, have announced several new management positions. They are James vice-president of human resources; Sandy Flynn executive assistant to the president; Ruth Stanoch, vice-president of corporate communications: David Oliveiri, vice-president, business development; and George Taylor, executive vice-president and chief operating officer, Thomson ■ Judith Craven has been elected to the board of SYSCO, the American food service company. Carolyn Mitchell has been elected secretary of the corporation, from September 1. She replaces La Dee Riker, one of the original six employees when the company was founded in 1969, who is ■ Stephen Walker has been appointed head of New Zealand

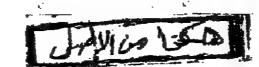
INVESTMENTS, Australia's largest pension fund manager. He will be responsible for the management of New Zealand's

largest equity portfolio, valued

■ David Roche has been appointed senior vice-president of GENETECH's sales and marketing, Judy Heyboer becomes senior vice-president of its human resources division. Roche was previously vice-president of sales and marketing for Janssen Pharmaceutica USA. Heyboer was senior vice-president at Acuson Corp. Tom Kalinske has resigned as president and chief executive of Segn of America to take a position with EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY. a start-up company backed by Laurence Ellison and Michael Milkin. Shoichiro Irimajiri, executive vice-president of Sega Enterprises replaces Kalinske as chief executive and has also been named chairman. Kalinske will retain his seat on the boards of Sega Enterprises and Sega Holdings.

### International appointments

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# Colourful statements of intent

Abstracts from a small gallery make a splash at the Barbican, writes William Packer

change is as good as a rest and, like most of us, a gailery sometimes needs to get away for a bit to get a good look at itself. The Reed's Wharf is not the first gallery to do just that, nor the first to take advantage of the ample if awkward spaces of the Barbican's carving Concourse Gallery.

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But the exercise is interesting and worthwhile nevertheless, surprising us, and no doubt the gallery itself, by the evident strength and variety of the Reed's Wharf stable of painters. For a comparatively new gal-lery that has only a constricted, albeit spectacular, space to have established itself so quickly is no small thing

To make a show of current British abstract painting in the present critical climate is to make a statement of a most positive kind. To interest the more recondite and influential of our art world masters. Turner Prize jurors, for example, such work may have to satisfy certain criteria of avant-garde orthodoxy - it must bear a conceptual

gloss of some sort, "investigate the ing in itself, but it will always be language of paint" perhaps, "address the issues of perception" or "break down the structure of image and process". But the truth is that, in terms of both interest and practise, the work springs from a wider, more general and intuitively established base.

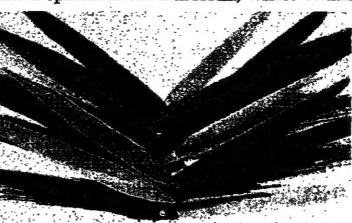
All painting, of whatever kind. has always investigated the lan-guage of paint, deconstructed process and image, addressed the issues of perception and intention, to a lesser or greater extent. But it is done naturally, intuitively and unselfconsciously. That, in great part, is what painting is about

And with abstract painting especially, with no external reference to accommodate, the work is inevita-bly about the act of painting, the nature of the mark or gesture, the quality of touch and surface, by all or any of which the image will be achieved. Such solipsism is interest-

the quality and distinction of what is done, in the way that it is done, that will distinguish the interesting from the banal, the good from the bad. The problem is only that the ory and concept are too easily the last refuge of the inept or meretricious, and work that stands too selfconsciously upon them is too likely to have little else to justify

There is nothing of that sort at the Barbican, but only work to represent a broad range of serious engagement, by some 16 artists old and young from the hard-edge dazzle systems of Nick Gammon to the lush and atmospheric expressionism of Diane Howse.

The senior and more established artists are, it must be said, the more immediately impressive, with John Copnall in particular bolding centre-stage with his large canvases and strong clean colour. He does, indeed, make the point very clear,



'Radiance X. Black' by John Copnall at the Barbican

that there can be no painting with-out structure and order. In his case the structure and hence the picto-rial space are direct functions of his ordering of the broad overlaid

image itself, which structure and process merely serve. Bach canvas is an adventure

Barrie Cook is less obviously exuberant, with his systems of columns, discs and stripes sprayed into a state of judicious imprecision to hold an ambiguous space, like ectoplasm or the filament of a bulb. One system will invade another, either by intrusion from one side or another or by superimposition. making the space even more amblenous. They are delicate, discreet

and very beautiful things.

Trevor Sutton is the most discreet, a painter of extraordinary subtlety, discretion and refinement, whose work gives the lie to the belief that minimalism is necessar-ily empty and sterile. He shows a number of fairly small canvases of which the surface, which is to say the image, is divided by a single line, straight or gently curved -half and half, side by side, above or a simple abutment of a cool, light green to a darker olive, or a brown above grey, could be so richly and imaginatively seductive.
Erica Lansley shows new paint-

ings done in Ireland, in which an organic or calligraphic figure is either laid pattern-like across the surface, or selectively obscured by a simplifying veil or screen. Jason Gathorne-Hardy lays an ochre ground of mud, warm or cool, which he then smears, scrapes or otherwise modifies into a rhythmi-cal and freely calligraphic cursive all-over image, like a pattern of paper streamers or a bag of ribbons thicket of leaves.

Solipsistic as ever, the image comes out of the process of making and marking and so goes round and back again. It is the character of everything in this intriguing

Cross Currents: Concourse Gallery, Barbican Centre, Silk Street EC2, until September 1. Also at Reed's Wharf Gallery, Mill Street SE1. until August 29,

# The Proms/Richard Fairman

# Sun shines on the classics

The weather forecast for the classical music busi-I ness is doom and gloom. Professional observers of the industry predict ever dwindling audiences, orchestras and opera houses in the UK going to the wall for lack of funding - in short, a permanent depres-

Then the BBC Proms start and the sun comes out again. At the weekend the Proms embarked on their second century with every sign of being fitter and intellectually more emergetic than any festival balf their age. The sight of a Royal Albert Hall filled night after night with young people must be enough to turn the rest of the country's concert halls green with envy.

Part of the secret lies in

accessibility and now Nicholas Kenyon, the Proms' new director, is looking to play his trump card to a still wider audience. He will hold the Last Night of the Proms simultaneously in Hyde Park, partly as a relay from the Royal Albert Hall. Weather permitting (remember Pavarotti in the park and the biggest downnour for vests?), up to 40,000 people are expected to attend. It may not have much impact on the rest of the season, but as a symbol of the Proms' desire to reach out to the pubing as one can get.
With live television and radio broadcasts, the opening night on Friday will have had a big audience too.

What we had this year was decent performance of Haydn's The Creation, or in this case Die Schögfung. I imagine that in the early years of the Proms any oratorio that could be sung in English was. But fashions change and this performance settled for a compromise, which combined the Victorian sized choir and conventional orchestra of old with more recent tastes, such as the German text and "authentic" early timpani and fortepiano (though not, as far as one could tell. any other instruments)

The BBC Symphony Orchestra had been scrupulously rehearsed by Andrew Davis and played to an appropriately festival standard; every trilling bird was cleanly articulated, and Adam and Eve were accompanied by an aura of cool, classical poise. Davis kept the orchestra down so that the three German soloists - the sweet-voiced Juliane Banse, tenor Hans Peter Blochwitz and baritone Wolfgang Schöne could make themselves heard with ease. The BBC Symphony Chorus sounded equally well prepared. All that

lic at large, this is as eye-catching as one can get.

was missing was the sense of Margison, who gave very good ing as one can get.

was missing was the sense of Margison, who gave very good value with his strong, bright go - but that "all" was the difference between precise music-making and an artistic experience.

The really uplifting start to the season came on the second night with a rare Proms outing for an Italian grand opera.

A fter the Royal Opera's production of Don Carlos (in French) for this summer's Verdi festival, it must have looked like inspired programming to follow up with a concert performance of the opera in its more familiar guise as Don Carlo (the 1886 five-act version in Italian); but there were also commercial reasons in the background. Philips Classics had just been recording the opera in London. Hence the high standard of musical preparation and the casting of three of the company's star

Russian singers. In the event, however, only two turned up. Galina Gor-chakova withdrew and her place was taken by Sylvie Valayre, a young French soprano with a voice which goes into overdrive above the in the end. Here is to the next stave, where she has the technique to deliver top notes either blazingly loud or quietly floated on demand.

value with his strong bright-ness at the top apart) and clear words. Dmitry Hvorostovsky's Rodrigo lacked weight, but rose to an eloquent account of "Per me giunto", which might have been written for his lyri-cal baritone with its remarkable breath control. Robert Lloyd was a formidable Grand Inquisitor, Sorin Coliban a coarse Monk.

From my seat Olga Borodina was obscured on the other side of the conductor, but her Eboli received an ecstatic reception from the audience. Roberto Scandiuzzi is a promising Italian basso cantante, but as yet without the force of personality for Philip II. Despite the strength of the

cast, the performance took two or three acts to catch fire. Bernard Haitink is too much the Northern European to be a natural conductor of Verdi. where emotions must drive the music headlong, but his careful moulding of the Royal Opera House orchestra's playing and command of the long span delivered a grandeur of its own century of Proms evenings like

The 1996 BBC Proms continue Her Don Carlo was Richard until September 14.

# Triumphant return for Weill music

Prom no. 3 offered a wonderful revival, Kurt ing performers too. And he Weill's 1933 Der Silbersee, "The Silver Lake": wonderful not only for the music, but for the triumphant ingenuity of the revival itself. For Der Silbersee is a "play with music", plenty of music (16 numbers) - but not an opera; too much spoken text for the Albert Hall, and yet we need to know what's going on to appreciate the music fully.

The solution here was to have the score sung in German, where it sounds best, and to let Jeremy Sams take care of the rest in English. That he did by entrusting the story to three deft actor-narrators, who could drop into impersonating a character from time to time,

gave them a consistently witty script - not quite arch, but ele-gantly tongue-in-cheek - that brought out Süberses's comic

While the performance lasted, we seemed to miss nothing essential to Georg Kaiser's half-ironic, half-idealistic drama. The story is odd and thought-provoking. In a hunger-ridden land, poor, rebel-lious Severin deres to steal a pineapple from a posh place, but is shot in the behind by policeman Olim. Severin is crippled, and Olim conscience-stricken. Suddenly Olim wins the lottery, and resolves forthwith to devote his life to mak-ing luxurious amends to Sev-

erin; but eventually Severin discovers who his benefactor really is ... Markus Stenz conducted the

London Sinfonietta with abrasive, inspiriting verve: I doubt he could be bettered, nor the band either. Heinz Kruse sang Severin with angry ardour. (David Drew's notes remarked the Verdian spirit of his revenge-aria; and many listeners, especially after the previ-ous Prom's Don Carlos, will have heard Verdi's Grand Inquisitor in Weill's gravediggers - Paul Whelen and Gidon Saks – at the start.) Peter Sidhom was a solid, gen-tle Olim, and Juanita Lascarro a lovely sub-heroine, expressively liquid in her "Lied der Fennimore".

The secondary roles were cast from strength: Helga Dernesch and Heinz Zednik – a Brünnhilde and a Mime! – as the comic-sinister older plotters, and Graham Clark (another famous Mime) doing one of his great manic turns as the lottery agent, and a deli-cious pair of shop-girls in Teresa Shaw and Katarina Karneus. The London Sinfonietta Chorus sang Weill's disembodied voices, whose commentary is a significant part of the musical fabric, to fine, grave effect. The BBC, or somebody owes this performance a CD release, with all the same art-

**David Murray** 

ists and Jeremy Sams's script

kept intact.



Out of tune with the 1960s: 'Promis

What do you get when you waith this show? — A screen-play rewritten by Neil Simon, Half-polished tunes and

laboured ringmin': | I-I-III never watch this show aga-a-ain.

Sunset Boulevard is hardly the first movie to be turned into a stage

musical; in fact, it is not even

the first Billy Wilder movie to

be so treated. Promises, Prom-

ises is based on Wilder and

I.A.I. Diamond's screenplay

for The Apartment; you know,

the one where insurance clerk

Jack Lemmon angles for pro-

motion by letting executives

use his flat for assignations, only to find that his boss Fred MacMurray is stringing along

Lemmon's unrequited inamo-

based so closely upon the screenplay that virtually all

the main gags are Wilder and

Diamond's rather than origi-

nals by the stage writer - sur-

prising, given that the book is by Neil Simon. Even the

mighty songwriting team of Burt Bacharach and Hal David

Indeed, this 1968 show is

rata Shirley MacLaine.

# AMSTERDAM

EXHIBITION Stedelijk Museum Tel: 31-20-5732911 August Sander: exhibition devoted to the work of the German photographer August Sander (1876-1964). The display includes documents and more than 200 photographs, including photographs

# **ATLANTA**

Century); to Aug 15

Symphony Hall Tel: 1-404-892 9800 International Opera Gala: featuring soprano Dame Gwyneth Jones, mezzo-soprano Agnes Baltsa, tenor Vladimir Popov, the Atlanta Opera and the Atlanta Symphony Orchestra with conductor William Fred Scott. Part of the 1996 Olympic Arts Festival; 8pm; Jul 27

for his life-work Menschen des 20

Jahrhunderts (People of the 20th

BARCELONA EXHIBITION

Fundació Joan Miró Tel: 34-9-3291908 European Architecture 1984-1994; exhibition comprising the wirming projects for the European Architecture Awards together with a selection of finalists. In addition, the exhibition includes a selection of candidates from the first four editions and, like the Award itself, has been designed to offer a representative sample of the best architecture produced in Europe during the last decade and to reveal some of the creative processes involved. The material on display consists of models, sketches, plans, drawings; to Sep 8

CONCERT Cour des Hospices Tel: 33-80 26

**BEAUNE** 

 Orlando: by Handel. Concert performance by the Gabrieli Consort and Players with conductor Paul Mc Creesh. Soloists include Ruby Philogene, Catrin Win Davies, Julia Gooding, Jonathan Peter Kenny and Neel Davies, Part of the Festival International de Musique Baroque Beaune; 9pm; Jul 27

# BERLIN

EXHIBITION Bröhan-Museum Tel: 49-30-3214029 Wasserweiten. Das Motiv des . Wassers in der Kunst des Jugendstils: exhibition devoted to water as a source of inspiration for the artists of the Art Nouveau movement. At the turn of the

of waves, see, fish, nymphs and sea animals as elements of decoration. The display includes paintings, porcelain, and works in metal and alass; to Sep 15

### BONN EXHIBITION

mises' tries to swing but fails to come to grips with it

literally so on the press night, with a doorknob and a tele-

phone lead making breaks for freedom, props not set on stage or dropped with a crash

behind the scenes, and hesi-

tant lighting changes. The

(mysteriously uncredited) set

design is over-fussy at the hest

of times, leading to long and

sometimes botched scene

Fatally, Sheehan attempts to

make the show go with a 1960s

swing, but either he or his cast

are unable to get to grips with period camp. His female cho-rus, frugging in poorly drilled

near-unison, even achieves the almost impossible feat of fudg-

ing a party-time parody of girl

Marcus: Allen Cooper as

singing groups.

Broken

promises

come frequent croppers, indulging in ill-advised experi-

ments in switching time signa-

Introductions to numbers

repeatedly promise Bacharach gems - specifically, under

Sinari Pedlar's musical direc-

tion, those jaunty plano rhythms lead us at least half a

dozen times to expect an immi-

nent inquiry as to whether we

know the way to San Jose - only to subside into run-

of the mill stage-musical fare;

the 22-carat exception, "TII

halfway through the second

John J.D. Sheehan's production for The Manhattan Proj-

ect falls down in every impor-

tant respect ... almost

Never Fall in Love Again"

act, is too little, too late.

tures and/or metre.

Theatre/Ian Shuttleworth Chuck grins a lot at the audi-

ence, overplaying every laugh

line with dire consequences; Vanessa Cross makes an ano-dyne Fran, and Murray Wood-

field is cold and detached even

by the standards of his charac-

ter, the cold, detached J.D. Sheldrake. Consistent comic skills are shown only by a cou-

ple of supporting actors, Joyce

Springer as bur-room pick-up

Marge MacDongall and an

enjoyably grumpy Harry Dick-man as Chuck's acerbic neigh-

The show's title is an apt

one: seldom does a production

promise so much and deliver

so little. It may even stop the

Burt Bacharach revival dead

watch this show? - Some over-played gags and self-conscious prancin'; You can't call it

actin', can't call it dancing': | 1-1-

I'll never watch this show aga-

At the Bridewell Theatre, Lon-

don EC4, until August 11

Aug 28

CONCERT

bour Dr Dreyfuss.

in its tracks.

(0171-936 3456).

Kunst- und Austellungshalle der Bundearepublik Deutschland Tel: 19-228-9171200

The Great Collections IV: Moderna Museet, Stockholm: this exhibition features approximately 200 works of modern art from the collection of the Moderna Museet in Stockholm, beginning with examples of early modern art up to contemporary art; to Jan 12

### BOSTON CONCERT

Tanglewood Music Festival Tel: 1-817-2681492

 Kirey Orchestra and Chorus: with conductor Valery Gargiev, soprano Marina Shaguch, tenor Yuri Alexsev and baritons Nikolai Putilin perform Rachmaninov's The Bells, a choral symphony after Edgar Allan Poe, and Tchalkovsky's Symphony No.6 (Pathétique); 8.30pm; Jul 27

# COPENHAGEN

EXHIBITION Statens Museum for Kunst - Royal Museum of Fine Arts Tel: 45-33 91

 Erlk Mortensen, Classic Art: exhibition combining the museum's collection of renaissance, baroque and rococo art with 120 haute couture models by the Danish fashion designer Erik Mortensen; to

### DUBLIN EXHIBITION

353-1-8615133 Joan Miró (1893-1983); this Picasso and Portraiture. exhibition brings together 100 of Miro's graphic works from the collection of the Museo Nacional of Pablo Picasso (1881-1973). Centro Reina Sofia of Madrid; to Jul LONDON his childhood friend and leter Wagmore Hall Tel: 44-171-9352141 Alexander Melnikov: the pianist performs Beethoven's Sonata No.27 in E minor, Op.90, R. Schumann's Eludes symphoniques, Op.13 and Chopin's 24 Pretudes, Op.28; 7.30pm; Jul 23

### EXHIBITION **Dulwich Picture Gallery Tel:**

National Gallery of Ireland Tel:

44-181-6935254 Dutch Flower Paintings, 1600-1750: this exhibition includes works by Ambrosius Bosschaert,

Van Huysum, Rachel Ruysch, Jan Davidsz de Heem and Balthasar van der Ast and are from private 50 50 collections; to Sep 29

# **MUNICH**

**OPERA** Nationaltheater Tel: 49-89-21851920

 Der Rosenkavaller: by R. Strauss.
 Conducted by Peter Schneider and performed by the Bayerische Staatsoper. Soloists include Felicity Lott, Jan-Hendrik Rootering, Susanne Mentzer and Eike Wilm

# Schulte; 6pm; Jul 25

NEW YORK EXHIBITION MOMA - Museum of Modern Art,

New York Tel: 1-212-708-9400 Representation and Transformation: exhibition surveying the portrait work Beginning with early studies from the artist's years in Barcelona, the exhibition moves through Picasso's life via intimate portrayals of his family, lovers and friends, including secretary Jaime Sabartés, the poet Max Jacob, Picasso's first great love Fernande Olivier, Olga Picasso, the artist's wife in the 1920s, and his last wife, Jacqueline. The display comprises more than 130 paintings, approximately 100 drawings and prints, and one sculpture. Photographs and brief biographical notes on the sitters accompany the portraits; to Sep 17

# PARIS

EXHIBITION Musée du Louvre Tel: 33-1 40 20

Pisanello (1395-1455). Le Peintre aux Sept Vertus: exhibition devoted to the 15th century Italian court painter and medallist Pisanello. The display features \$20 works by the artist, his contemporaries and followers from the collection of the Musée du Louvre and other museums; to Aug 5

SYDNEY

CONCERT

Concert Hall Tel: 61-2-250-7111 Sydney Symphony Orchestra: with conductor Edo de Waart and planist Nikolai Demidenko perform works by Mozart, Chopin and R. Schumann; 8pm; Jul 26, 27 (2.30pm)

### TOKYO EXHIBITION

Hera Museum of Contemporary Art Tel: 81-3-34450651 Shiro Kuramata 1934-1991: the first major exhibition devoted to this Jeognese designer. Although he died five years ago, his work is still nfluencing the work of new designers. The exhibition captures Japanese design from the 1960s and onwards; to Sep 23

### **■ WASHINGTON** EXHIBITION National Gallery of Art Tel:

1-202-7374215 In the Light of Italy: Corot and Early Open-Air Painting: the achievements of the international group of painters who assembled in Rome and southern Italy at the end of the 18th century and the early years of the 19th century are presented through approximatel 120 paintings. An Important feature of the exhibition is a selection of 20 of the finest Italian sketches and small finished view paintings by Corot in the context of plein-air

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painting in the early 19th century; to

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European Money Wheel

Financial Times Business Tonight



Martin Wolf

was from 2.4 to 3.3.

done worse in generating

employment, although the

OECD itself is sceptical about

Between 1974 and 1992, net

employment creation in west-

ern Europe's private sector

was approximately 3m. In

North America, it was ten

times as large. The proportion

of men between 15 and 64 in

employment has remained

roughly constant in North

America, at 82.7 per cent in

1973, 81.6 per cent in 1979 and

81.5 per cent in 1994. In the

European Union, however, it

bas fallen sharply, from 86.5

per cent, to 80.7 per cent in 1979 and 70.1 per cent in 1994.

The proportion of the male

population not in employment

has more than doubled in Europe, to 30 per cent. And a

high proportion of the unem-

ployed has been jobless for

over a year. In the big Euro-

pean economies, long-term

male unemployment varied

between 46 per cent of the

unemployed in Germany in

1995 and 62 per cent in Italy.

# The dilemma of inequality

Rising unemployment and the widening gap between rich and poor provide a challenge for those who believe in both democracy and the free market

"Globally and nationally, we shall sooner or later have to choose between the free market and the free society," writes David Marquand, a leftof-centre British academic, in the July issue of the magazine, Prospect\*. The dilemma he raises is - now that communism has collapsed - the greatest of our time.

At first glance, this seems a strange concern. Universal suffrage was a child of the market economy. This was no accident. Democracy shares with the market the value of procedural equality. It rests on the premise that every adult individual has a right to a say in public affairs, even though not all may be able to take an equal advantage of that right. Similarly, the market economy allows each individual to participate as buyer and seller, though people are again unable to take equal advan-tage of their opportunity.

Suppose, however, that a market economy generates increasing inequality of results? This is no idle supposition. Two-thirds of the increase in US national income during the 1980s accrued to the top 1 per cent, according to Daniel Feenberg and James Poterba (in Income Inequality and the Incomes of Very High Income Taxpayers, National Bureau of Economic Research Working Paper No. 4229. December 1992).

The social and political strife initially created by industrialisation was eased by the combination of rising real wages with the emergence of powerful trade unions, stable employment, universal suffrage, welfare states and a commitment to full employ ment. All these pillars of polit-

ical stability are crumbling. The average US wage has fallen over the past two decades, while wage inequality has risen markedly, as the chart shows. According to the Employment Outlook published last week by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development. the ratio of the weekly earnings of a man 10 per cent from

30

In the US it was 11 per cent. the top of the earnings distribution to one 10 per cent from the bottom has risen from 3.2 Many young men now see no future as productive members of society. Either they in 1979 to 4.3 in 1995. The equivalent increase in the UK have little chance of employment or their potential earn-The rise in inequality of ings are too low. It is little wonder that so many women earnings has not been universal, as the Employment Outare voluntary single parents. look points out. But countries Their potential mates are not merely figuratively, but often that have contained the change in inequality have literally outcasts: 2 per cent of

US men are in prison. These changes have shattered the presumptions of social and economic advance on which the politics of industrial democracies were based. This has not gone unnoticed. "The global economy is leaving millions of disaffected workers in its train. Inequal-

ity, unemployment and endemic poverty have become its handmaidens." So writes Ethan Kapstein, director of studies at the Council on Foreign Relations in New York (Foreign Affairs, May/June 1996). In similar vein, Edward Luttwak of the Centre for Strategic and International Studies in Washington protests in the London Review of Books (of May 9 1996) against the "humiliation and material impoverishment that unemployment has brought to one of 15 (US, UK) or one out of ten (France, Germany) fellow

Protectionism is returning, most strongly in countries with relatively long histories

of it - the US and France. Messrs Ross Perot and Patrick Buchanan in the former country and Sir James Goldsmith in the latter are busily calling for closed borders against disruptive competition from lowcost suppliers, such as China. As John Lloyd, formerly of the FT, notes in another essay in the July issue of Prospect, the protectionist cause also cuts across distinctions between "left" and "right".

How should those who believe in both democracy and the free market confront the challenge? tough-minded people will argue that they need not do so: let the chips fall where they may - and build more prisons - would be their response. This is almost as mistaken as the economic for-

It would be practically wrong, for two reasons. First, a politician will, sooner or later, persuasively promise the unsuccessful what they lack prosperity - in return for what they have - the vote. Second, the US may be big enough to allow the rich to escape from the poor. That is far less feasible in more crowded countries.

It would also be morally wrong because shared citizenship imposes obligations. These do not end at the frontier, which is why it would be wicked for the rich to solve

their problems at the expense of the poor. But they do not end with the individual either. To develop a sensible response, one must first eliminate the bogus arguments for protection. Under any plausi-ble assumption, protection would not increase the size of the manufacturing sector. The most it could achieve would be to increase its labour content, while reducing effi-

ciency. In every advanced country, the share of jobs in industry is in decline, as it has long been in agriculture. In the US and UK, more than 70 per cent of jobs are in services and only a quarter in industry. Given manufacturing's modest - and declining - role in generating jobs, protection would contribute little, if anything, to employment. Unlike manufacturing, sertress promoted by Sir James.

vices are largely non-traded: in 1994 the gross exports and imports of commercial services from the UK were only 9 per cent and 8 per cent of value added, respectively, the corresponding ratios for manufacturing being 89 per cent and 97 per cent. What will determine the ability of services to generate needed jobs is not trade policy, therefore, but domestic opportunities.

Protection cannot resolve the jobs dilemma of the rich countries. They must seek solutions elsewhere. One element of the answer

is a compromise between the approaches of the Europeans and the Americans. The former should reduce regulation of jobs and economic activity. The latter should raise social spending and investment. Another element lies in things both need to do: greater subsidisation of employment rather than idleness; and far more spending on education.

Not least, big gainers must be prepared to assist the losers - and their children. If they refuse to do so, they will fail to bequeath the peaceful and prosperous democracies they inherited from their parents.

\*Prospect, 4 Bedford Square, London WC1B 3RA

Technology · Andrew Baxter

# Timing is everything at the Olympic Games

The latest digital photography and image processing technology is in use in Atlanta

It would be a dull Olympic Games where new records were not established and old ones swept away. At the centennial games in Atlanta, Swatch Timing believes it has set the event off to a sparkling start by setting several new records in its role as official The Swiss company has

installed 300km of cabling equivalent to the entire width of Switzerland. And it has brought in 100 tonnes of equipment to install 40 timing and scoring systems, 20 starting systems and 180 scoreboards. "It's dramatically higger than anything that's been done before in sports events," says-Mr Tim Colman, head of the development team at sister company Omega Electronics. Both are part of Switzerland's

SMH Group.

But behind the statistical offensive there are some real technology achievements in timing and scoring at the Games, says Mr Colman. "Every Olympic sport will be touched by these new techno-logical advances, along with athletes, officials, spectators and the media."

The timing system at Atlanta brings together for the first time two of the big recent trends in information and related technologies: the use of the personal computer for reliable, cost-effective numbercrunching; and advances in digital photography and image processing to record events. Swatch has developed an integrated system in collaboration with International Business Machines to enable each event to be handled individually but at the same time linked to all the other sports. The Swiss company is responsible for the timing and scoring, as well as real-time display of information for competitors

and spectators. IBM handles

transmitting of the data. Despite complaints about the delays in getting results from IBM's Info 96 system, the timing and scoring system appears to be working well. Underpin-ning this new approach are some innovations at the poolside and by the track. At the four aquatics sports - swimming, diving, water polo and synchronised swimming -Swatch is introducing its ARES 21 (Advance Results

Entry Station) electronic timerprinter, which represents a marriage of timekeeping and information technology, or chronomatics". For the first time, says Swatch, one device will be able to collect and retain all the timing data from the start

blocks and the touch pads at each end of the pool. It will be linked through shared software to a PC from which a technician will get an overall picture of the competition in real time. On the track, the most important innovation is Scan-O-Vision Colour, which uses digital photography to provide real-time colour photo-finishes. Using film would take 30 seconds even for a black and white picture and five minutes

for colour, says Mr Colman. "The technology for true col-our photo-finishes did not exist four years ago," he says. "We knew how to do it but were waiting for a component to ecome available" - a chip that arranges the pixels for a sufficiently precise picture to

Every Olympic sport will be touched by these new technological advances, along with athletes, officials, spectators and the media'

be produced. The pictures will still have to be assessed by human judges, but colour

should make their job easier. Cycling, in contrast, will become the first non-aquatic Olympic sport to be timed entirely automatically. The velodrome's race timer will be linked to a robotic starting block which will prevent ruses such as lifting the front wheel so that only the back wheel trips the starting mechanism.

A further novel use of technology is being introduced in the Soling yachting category. Using a network of radio beacons on land and sea trans, mitting to synchronised transponders on each boat, a virtual representation of the position of every boat in time and space can be created onscreen and broadc

In basketbail, a high-speed video camera will be used to record the time taken for the shooter to leave the floor and touch down again. This kind of video imaging and analysis could have applications in laboratories, Colman suggests, whenever there is a need to time an event happening in three dimensions.

Innovations such as that will produce a heavier flow of data than ever before at a sporting event, but Mr Colman does not believe this will lead to information overload. Viewers at home will receive a filtered version, but among coaches and competitors there is an "enormous thirst" for performance data, he says. Some of this, such as start reaction times in swimming and stroke rates for each boat in rowing, will be available for the first

And will it all work? Swatch is confident both in the individual technologies, which have been tested at recent events, and the integration of hardware, software and humans. The reliability of PCs is phenomenal, says Mr Colman, and no longer an issue. All primary timing systems are duplicated, and Swatch can call on a depth of knowledge that comes from SMH companies' experience of 25 Olympic

# inequality rises or employment falls - or, worse, both

# LETTERS FOR HELEDINGR.

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SET 9HL We are keen to encourage latters from readers around the world. Letters may be lated to 144 171 873 5938 (please set in to fine ), a mail letters editored come Translation may be stallable for letters written in the triain international languages.

# on the board

From Mr Bric C. Elstob, Sir, It is possible that Philip Stephens, in his article on Emu ("Conspiracy of stlence", July 12), has also dodged the real question. This is not whether the euro will be used in the UK, but whether there will be a British director on the board of the European Central Bank.

All the evidence is that, when a weak currency exists next to a large strong one, progressively more transactions in the weak currency country are done in the strong currency. In Lima for example the prices of houses in the estate agents windows are quoted in US dollars: and in the Bolivian newspapers advertisements for big ticket items like cars are in dollars. The local currency is for postage stamps and drinks. The German Mark is an alternative transaction

currency throughout eastern Europe as is the dollar in Russia. It would be most unusual if the euro did not become widely used in the UK. Indeed a Conservative-Nationalist

government, that is serious about retaining the use of sterling, would ultimately have to reimpose exchange control If the UK joins Emu at the

member of the board. Otherwise, we shall all eventually be using euros with no vote on monetary policy.

Eric C. Elstob, London E1 6QE

# Dollar decides

From Mr Gregory Garramone Sir, Curious the US should use constructive engagement to bring China, Burma and Nigeria in line on the issue of human rights while attempting to force the world into sanctions with regard to Cuba, Libya and Iran. A cynic would suggest dollars are involved.

Gregory Garramone, 893 Linwood Avenue, St Paul. Minnesota 55105, US

# Need for seat | More to win by offering special concessions to poor nations

Sir, I refer to your report "US cool on WTO chief's plan for trade help to poor nations" (July 9). We are concerned that the US finds the proposal of the director general of the World Trade Organisation for special concessions to the 48 least developed countries to be (nearly) unacceptable. As it is, these countries are becoming marginalised in this process of globalisation and liberalisation. Their debt slone is a millstone around their necks, and whatever little that they export is consumed in

One of the reasons advanced

by the US is that it is not

Preferential Trade Arrangement (Sapta) to extend zero tariff levels by India to the LDCs of the region, ie Nepal, Bangladesh and Bhutan. The other members of the errangement – Pakistan and Sri Lanka - are also ready to extend the same privileges to The proposal may not yet

developing countries would be

countries. I cannot speak about others, but there is already a proposal under the South Asia

ready to contribute to such a

scheme, or that it would

genuinely help the poorest

have come to anything but our organisation - working with other leading consum environment and development

NGOs of the South Asia region under the name and style of the South Asia Watch on Trade, Economics and Environment - is pressing India to declare these concessions unilaterally. As consumers of the region, both we, and the environment, have more to gain than lose. If only there could be a reversal of tariff escalation, it would attract investment and

eneral secretary. Consumer Unity & Trust Society (CUTS). Calcutta 700 016.

create new jobs.

# Good reasons to give Russia helping hand

From Mr Friedrich R. Bluse Sir, Richard Layard's Personal View (July 15) is a very thoughtful analysis of the western attitude towards Russia. Undoubtedly, one can tern attitude towards agree with the factors held responsible for the west's failure to open up for the Commonwealth of Independent States countries. However, I feel Mr Layard has omitted a very important point the historical development of the eastern Slavonic core regions, which now make up the Russian state

Poland, The Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Slovenia and Croatia have continuously played a part in the western European progress since the 10th century. Furthermore, Poland, Bohemia and Hungary were great powers in the Middle Ages and were thus

considered to be fundamental pillars of European culture. Whatever the political changes in the following years, their radical break from democracy and rule of law did not occur until the second world

How different was the Russian course. Its basis was formed by a Byzantine culture partly influenced from Bulgaria. In circa 1237 the Mongolian rule over the Russian people commenced and lasted for 200 years. The subsequent rise of Moscow, which led to the Russian empire in the 17th century, was conducted under the influence of Byzantine autocracy and self-determined isolation from the west. Since then the Russian development has been dominated by a mixture of reform and reaction and by the conflict between the "westerners" and the "slavophile".

A real chance was offered in 1917 for it to turn to a modern constitutional state. However, the intensification from an authoritarian to a totalitarian dictatorship in the 70 years of Soviet history has allowed for a widening of the gap to the western free democratic

Such a different historical bearing should merely strengthen the western institutional effort to lend the Russians a helping hand. Europeans did so for Germany in 1945, as Mr Layard points out: this is what Europeans must now do for Russia.

Friedrich R. Blase, 481-49 Munster, Germany

# Key factor in 'balance sheet' on Zionism

From Mr Sol W. Sanders. Sir, Mr David Pryce Jones, in his review of Mr Geoffrey Wheatcroft's book on Zionism ("Zionism: profit and loss", July 13) neglects to mention Britain's role in closing immigration to Palestine in the 1930s and the plot of the Colonial Office to subvert the commitment to a National

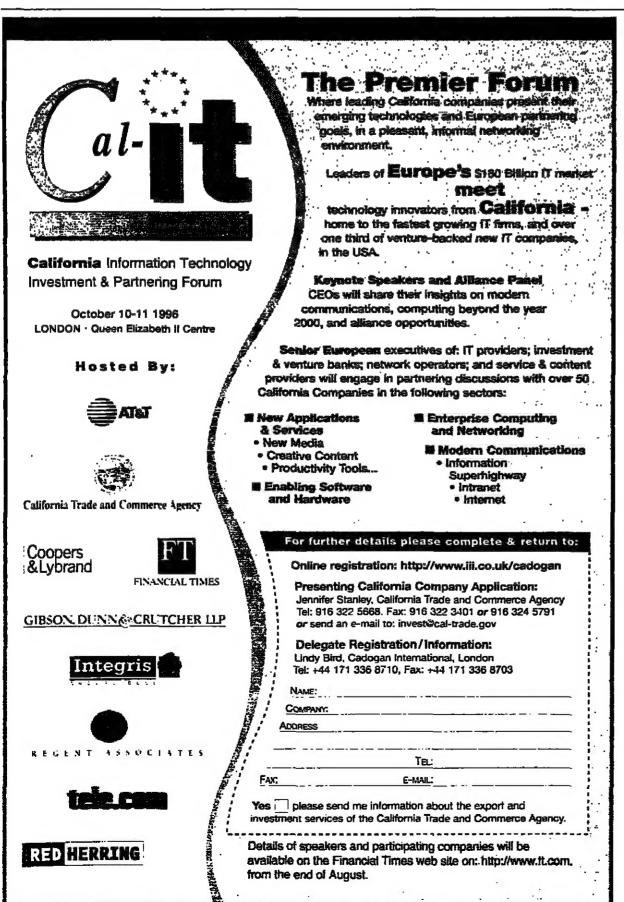
Home (Valfour Declaration, The White paper, Macdonald's letters, etc. ad infinitum). How much would the Holocaust have been mitigated had it been possible for tens of thousands of Jews to be able to reach Palestine? Surely that has some role in any "balance sheet" on Zionism, as does a

mention of Jabotinsky and his

line on these problems, along with Weizmann, Ben Gurion, Mr Wheatcroft's omission or

Mr Pryce Jones's? Sol W. Sanders

360 West 36 St. 12th ff. New York,



Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Tel: +44 171-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: +44 171-407 5700 Tuesday July 23 1996

# India's fiscal delusion

India's finance minister, might India's mance minister, might have been expected to produce a bold first budget. Instead yesterday's effort, which targets a deficit of 5 per cent of gross domestic product, suggests he has been nobbled by populist members of the new coalition government.

That bodes ill for the future. A government's first budget is

government's first budget is always the best opportunity to take tough measures. Having flui-fed this chance, there is little like. lihood of next year's exercise being any more radical - if the government lasts that long. But india cannot go on ducking the fiscal challenge indefinitely. Yesterday's budget would have

been an opportunity to set down markers on two fronts. First, Mr Chidambaram could have shown a willingness to prosecute reform with a definitive plan to liberalise the insurance market, specific privatisation proposals and measures to liberalise the consumer goods market. None of that was forth-

Second, and more important, he could have displayed a determina-tion to tackle India's chronic fiscal deficit with a tough clampdown on spending. But the budget promises a further increase in food and other subsidies to the poor, as well as measures to boost agriculture which are supposedly to be financed out of higher revenues. The centrepiece of the revenue proposals is a minimum tax on comorate revenues.

In so far as this is intended to bring large companies back into the taxpaying fold, it is a laudable idea. The snag is that it may prove a hard tax to collect, while the Rs50bn (£909m) pencilled in for privatisation receipts looks opti-

Given his reputation as a already appears likely to be reformer. Mr P. Chidambaram, blown, in a repeat of last year's blown, in a repeat of last year's

> Excessive government borrow ing was the biggest single weak-ness in the record of Mr Manmohan Singh, Mr Chidambaram's respected predecessor. Local insti-tutions - including the Reserve Bank and last week the Finance Ministry itself - have warned about a debt trap in which rising interest payments take an increas-ing and unsustainable share of government spending. Interest payments now absorb 47 per cent government revenues compared with 39 per cent five years ago.

Sooner or later this problem will come home to roost. A 5 per cent budget deficit might just be justifiable in the context of a credible plan to reduce the shortfall to 4 per cent or preferably even less in the medium term. But since the markets are now cynical about India's ability to meet its fiscal targets in the short run, mediumterm promises are scarcely worth listening to. The impact of this loss of credi-

bility is already being felt. Real interest rates in India are too high for comfort. Industrial companies are paying more than 12 per cent above inflation for bank credit. Worse still, Mr Chidambaram's apparent insouciance about ad hoc borrowings from the Reserve Bank suggests a willingness to consider inflating his way out of any slowdown in economic

That would be inviting trouble. Having worked their way out of one crisis in 1991, India's financial technocrats may think they can overcome any problem. But that is grotesque self-delusion. Without more fiscal responsibility India's medium-term growth prospects

# 'Saving' art

tardly foreigners are trying to rape "our" heritage, "our" French-made caskets and "our" Italianmade sculptures and paintings. Thank heavens for the saviour of Britain in this new battle of Britain, the Heritage Lottery fund. What better use for the money bet by the millions of the hopeful and desperate can be imagined? They may never have heard of the Becket casket, but surely the meanest will agree that it is indeed an essential part of Britain's national heritage. Who cares that it was made in Limoges? Thomas à Becket was a great English saint and the casket was in the UK until

**Curkey** opts

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it went to France in 1930. If the Becket casket had not been "saved", who knows where it might have ended up? Probably in the Getty museum, to be gazed at by Californian barbarians. Now that would be a fate worse than death for any self-respecting work

of art. True, the UK has been a great beneficiary of the trade in such objects, having imported items of much greater worth and beauty than it could export. True, the British can travel abroad to see these plundered beauties, even as ture made for California.

Save "our" art is the new war cry. far as California. True, the objects run no danger of being lost or destroyed. True, the British have more than their fair share of the world's treasures, not least when set against the modesty of their

own artistic contribution. No matter. What the British have they must hold - or try to. And what they had once, they must try to recover.

These are admirable principles, though not for lesser breeds to imitate. Who knows where that might lead? Some of them might suggest - indeed some of them have amazingly, already done so - that the UK is in possession of the odd bit of their heritage. The Rosetta stone, the Elgin marbles, the Leonardos, the Rembrandts and all those other treasures made elsewhere and imported by the British in their hour of pomp and prosperity come easily to mind.

Never in the struggle over the world's treasures can so few have owed so much to the folly of so many. The heritage is being saved, even bits of it known only to connoisseurs. At least Becket was a true saint and Englishman. Far better his casket than Canova's three popsies. Now there's a sculp-

# **Sweatshops**

Leading retailers in the US and Europe have recently bowed to growing public pressure to stop selling imported clothing allegedly made in sweatshops, particularly ones which employ child labour. Such campaigns appear to reflect genuine consumer concern and, in the US, enjoy influential political backing. However, they are missing the real target - and may even aggravate the problem they aim to relieve.

Few, if any, developing countries choose deliberately to keep wages and labour standards low. These conditions exist mainly because the countries are poor. Western nations have long contrived to keep them that way by imposing high tariffs and tight quotas on their clothing and textiles exports, which are among the few manufactured products in which developing countries are well-placed to compete.

amment page The Uruguay Round world trade agreement requires quota protection in the industry to be phased out by early next century. However, developing countries com-plain, rightly, that western governments have exploited loopholes in the accord to delay opening their markets until the last possible moment. Such procrastination is not just mean-spirited. It risks stoking up strong domestic resistance when the time eventually comes to liberalise. Furthermore, even if the US and EU meet that challenge, they will still have textiles and clothing tariffs more own.

than three times the average of all their industrial imports. Some measures favoured by anti-sweatshop campaigners risk -often unwittingly - abetting pro-tectionism. Mandatory labelling of country of origin, for instance, can too easily hand governments a pretext for discriminating against cheap imports by manipulating customs rules of origin - as devel-oping country textiles exporters accuse the US of now doing. Western proposals for a "social clause in trade agreements arouse simi-lar, and still higger, suspicions.

Sweatshops are objectionable But so too is insistence by the west on imposing its values on developing countries, while denying them the access to world markets they need to raise living and working standards. If campaigners really want to improve the lot of poor workers, they should turn their fire on the western producers who lobby for trade protection,

and the politicians who grant it. For inspiration, they should look to Japan. Not only is Japan acting much more aggressively than other industrialised countries to lower clothing and textiles tariffs; it has firmly and consistently rejected industry demands for quotas. Since 1990, its imports have doubled in dollar terms. Instead of bleating continually that Japan keeps its market closed, the US and EU would do better, in this instance, to treat it as a model for how to open their



# Russia comes in from the cold

Commerce rather than strategic considerations increasingly governs relationships in the former Soviet bloc, writes Anthony Robinson

or much of its long and troubled history Russia has felt surrounded by actual or potential enemies - and been seen by its neighbours as a brooding,

Five years after the Soviet Union's dissolution, both perceptions are changing fast. Confirma-tion of Mr Boris Yelisin as president has given Russia the opportunity to concentrate its energies on economic and social reforms at home.

For Russia's neighbours the most important result of the presidential elections was the defeat of those who wanted to reconstruct the Soviet Union. Their greatest hope is that faster economic reform will strengthen Russia's democratic institutions and revive Russia as a trading partner.

Relief at Mr Yeltsin's victory was perhaps strongest in Poland, the most populous cantral European state and the one with the longest historical links to Russia. Poland has made a strong economic recovery in the six years since the fall of the Berlin Wall, symbolised by its entry last week to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, the club of advanced industrial countries.

"The Russian election results were greeted not with a sigh but with a tempest of relief and not only in Poland but throughout ceniral Europe," Mr Andrzej Wrob-lewski of Polityka, the influential Warsaw weekly, told a recent con-ference on eastern and central Europe staged by the World Eco-nomic Forum at Salzburg, Austria. "Instead of Russian tanks we can

now hope for more Russian oil, gas and steel. We need Russia's energy. But above all we need a democratic Russia, because that means a country which will no longer deny its people a decent standard of living. It means a Russia we can trade and do business with."

Such a Russia is already partly in existence. Rising incomes have seen a sharp recovery in the country's imports of food, textiles, pharmaceutical and other exports from central Europe over the past year. The markets of central Europe are now full of Russian traders.

Last year, for the first time since before the 1917 communist revolution, Polish private companies invested \$60m in Russia. Border trade alone between Poland and Russia amounts to \$3bn a year and is rising fast. Multinational corporations such

as Coca-Cola and Asea Brown Boveri are using staff from their newly turned-around central European subsidiaries to train Russians and Ukrainians in their even newer acquisitions further east. Polish shipyards and Czech factories are taking on Russian and Ukrainian workers to do the tasks which Poles and Czechs no longer want to do. At this micro-level the integration of Russla into the wider European economy is proceeding apace. With the exception of Chechnya,

Russia is no longer holding down entire nations against their will. And since the departure of the huge Soviet army garrisons which used to keep watch over resentful central Europeans, Balts and Germans, relations are improving with Russia's neighbours. Hatred, fear and contempt for all things Soviet has been replaced by a new sympa-thy for Russians as fellow-sufferers in the painful transition from central planning to a market economy. But Russia straddles two continents and much has also changed

on its Asian borders. In the area of

former Soviet central Asia Russia finds itself bordering increasingly dynamic economies that offer new economic hope beyond the Urals.

Recent privatisation of the large Soviet-era mines, steelworks and non-ferrous metal refineries in Razakbstan has brought new Indian, Israeli, Korean and Russian owners. They insist on cash payment at world prices for their products instead of relying on hopelessly uneconomic barter deals with Rus-

At the same time they are now vices they buy from Russia, dramatically changing the industrial prospecis for neighbouring southern Siberia. This is bringing new hope to the grim industrial and mining cities where striking miners have been unpaid for months and cashstarved enterprises have had no investment for years.

ne example of the speed and scale of the turmound can be seen at the Karaganda metal complex (Karmet) bought by Ispat, a Londonbased Indian steel company, in November. Its steel output has risen from 100,000 tonnes a month - 90 per cent of it sold on a barter basis to 250,000 tonnes a month in May. All of its steel is now sold for cash to world metals traders, putting \$56m a month into circulation in the country.

The clearest signal that Russia is taking an increasingly commercial rather than military-strategic view of relations with its neighbours came three months ago - before the presidential elections. On April 27 Moscow gave its approval to the construction of a 750km oil export pipeline from Tengiz in Kazakhstan on the Caspian Sea through southern Russia to the Black Sea port of Novorossiysk. The pipeline is expected to open up the Casplan region as an important energy source for Europe and Asia in the

Moscow accepted Kazakh sovereignty over oil and gas first discovered by Soviet geologists in return for a 44 per cent equity stake in the pipeline consortium for the Russian state and Russian oil companies. Western oil companies, including Mobil, Chevron, BP and Agip, will provide most of the \$1.5bn investment but accepted that they had to give a substantial equity stake to Russia to transport the off to

western markets.

Meanwhile Gazprom, Russia's biggest and richest company, is also pushing ahead with its own ambitious investment programme in the west. At its heart lies two multibillion dollar projects, a 6,000km gas pipeline from the Yamal peninsula in the Arctic through Poland to Germany, and a 29bn on metre capacity southern gas pipeline through Bul-garia to Turkey and the Balkans. Through projects such as these Russia will play an increasingly important role as supplier of energy

to western Europe and the world market in the 21st century - even though many of the natural resources lie in countries where Moscow is no longer in control. In this way too, Russia is becoming like a "normal" country which buys and sells what it needs - without demanding special treatment by force of arms or political control.

The new few months should show

whether the new government to be appointed by Mr Yeltsin on August 9 will open Russia to foreign investment or whether the idea that Russia is "different" and runs by differRussia's own economic reformers is on building the institutional framework of a modern state and creating a solid basis for economic recovery. In Salzburg, Mr Sergei Dubinin Russia's tough central bank gover-

nor, said that raising tax revenues and banking and other institutional reforms would be priorities: "The function of government is to gener alise the interests of society. Our aim is to create a strong and reliable Russian state able to protect all members of society. This is lection of taxes. That is why tax reform will be the first priority of our government."

"The new government will con-centrate on the economy stupid, just like Bill Clinton four years ago," added Mr Alexei Pushkov, the Russian political commentator. "The only thing that could side track it from concentrating resources on rebuilding the economy would be if Nato expansion allowed the military to make demands for higher defence expenditure.

It was a point underlined by Mr Dimitri Ryurikov, President Yeltsin's foreign affairs adviser. "The convincing victory of Boris Yeltsin makes the enlargement of Nato an even more contentious issue than ever," he said.

Now that Russia's democratic future is assured and the security of Europe is stronger than ever, what was the point in moving sophisticated military infrastructure ever closer to Russia's borders, he asked. It is a question likely to be posed with increasing insistence in com-ing months. Whether a democratically inclined Russia can be fully integrated into the world economy may depend on the answer.

# OBSERVER

# The flame goes out

Don't mention the word Olympics in Montreal. Two decades have gone by since the city hosted the 1976 games, but the hangover remains as heavy as ever. So heavy. In fact that afting former mayor Jean Drapean, now 80, felt it necessary last week to defend his record yet again.

It was Drapeau who dropped the memorable clanger that the chances of the Olympics running a deficit were as high as a man having a baby. Until recently, Montrealers were paying a special monicipal tax to cover the city's contribution to the games. That has now been paid off, but a special tobacco tax will be levied for at least another nine years to work off C\$128m in debt still owed by the Olympic Installations Board.

The Olympic complex in east-end, Montreal remains as much an embarrassment now as in 1976. The stadiona's roof has torn 17 times. and large blocks of concrete occasionally fall off the side. Its Parisian architect, Roger Taillibert, was also on hand last week to defend himself: "I'm sorry, I'm not the man who did the construction."

he told one reporter. Montreal has put as much distance as possible between itself and the Olympics. The stadium's athletic track has made way for a baseball field. The 1976 cycling venue has been turned into a natural science centre. The Olympic board claims that the stadium is now one of the pusiest in North America - but it has yet to turn a profit.

### The real thing B However, in another quarter, the Olympic spirit is working

magic, it seems. For an indication of how much cosier ties are between the US and its former enemy Vietnam, look no further than Atlanta. Somewhere in the Olympic city,

headquarters of the Coca-Cola company, there is a giant Coke bottle made of ration and topped with a conical Vietnamese hat. This is the Communist run country's entry for the - . . international design contest to find an Olympic symbol, the Vietnam News tells us.

Only two years ago, Coca-Cola celebrated the lifting of the US trade embargo on Vietnam by planting two huge inflatable Coke bottles on the steps of Hanoi's turn of the century Opera House. But the city's cultural commissars ordered them removed, saying they offended Vietnamese sensibilities. How times have changed.

Beachcombing British politicians break up tomorrow for their usual

the populace needn't think it can escape politics that easily. Yesterday John Prescott, Labour's deputy leader, announced innovative plans to "fight the Toxies on the beaches' during the summer. He has despatched what he calls "a high level task force" to the south-west of England to collar holidaymakers as they sun themselves on the sand. "We will go on to the beaches to soread the word that Labour's positive policies will make a real difference to the lives of ordinary people," he said. Can't wait.

three-month summer break. But

# Panty line drawn

Not content with the controversial summertime ban on begging which is being practised in a number of French towns, the snobbish nouneau riche seaside resort of Deauville is going one step further in the battle to "clean"

its streets. At a time when Perrier has run into trouble in Belgium for its portrayal of naked women in a new advertising campaign, prodery is creeping into France too. Deauville's town council is preparing a ban on people wearing swimming suits or parading topless around the municipality. Some standards are being

maintained however. Union militants at the Lejaby-Rasurel lingerie company recently arranged for an alfresco parade of models in slinky underwear to

# Flying higher?

With the safety of air travel at the front of everyone's mind, passengers will no doubt be reassured by the latest announcement from the Civil Aviation Administration of China. Yesterday it reported that its

services had managed 24 consecutive months without a crash, or 1.8m flight hours of safe operations, the longest safe flight period since 1982. The International Airline Passengers Association cited China in 1994 as one of the most dangerous places in the world to fly, after 76 people died in five crashes, and 10 planes were hijacked to Taiwan in 1993.

# Fun of the fair

■ A Dutch fairground ride by the name of Move-It stopped moving anything at all at the weekend, hance leaving its 30 passengers : stranded upside down, four metres above ground.

There they hung, indecorously but safely (on account of harnesses) until staff managed to right the seats by hand. Never mind, they were affered compensation - a free ticket when the ride was properly mended.

# Financial Times

### 100 years ago Mashonaland (Central) Gold

Mr R. Maguire, chairman, said at the annual meeting of the the question which is of interest to you here to-day is, what is the loss which the rebellion in Rhodesia is likely to cause the shareholders, and I am happy to state that, though loss there will be, that loss will be principally that of delay. Under the circumstances that obtained up to the time of the native revolt. the expense and uncertainty and delay of transport was the great difficulty in the way of the proper development of Rhodesia This rising, if it has done nothing else, has drawn attention to the absolute necessity for increasing the facilities for communication. I may tell you that the Belra railway is not only being carried to the seacoast, but a further section from Chimolo is under construction."

### 50 years ago France's Public Debt Owing to the Budget deficit,

France's public debt is steadily increasing. During the first quarter of 1946 it rose by Frs.111.5 milliards to Frs.1.942 milliards. This compares with Frs. 1,523 milliards on the eve of liberation and Frs.436 milliards at the outbreak of war. Thus the public debt has increased by 345 per cent since 1999.

Unemployment likely to remain at high levels

# German economy rallies as investment picks up

The German economy is showing the second quarter will more than make up for the sharp decline in the first, according to the economics ministry's monthly report.

The report, which analysts said reflected cautious government optimism for the first time in many months, provides no detailed figures but indicates that the three months. However, there is unlikely to be early recovery in

and weak consumer spending. Exceptionally bad weather depressed output in the first quarter, with the construction industry bearing the brunt. Gross domestic product fell by a seasonally adjusted 0.5 per cent in the period against the previous quar-

Figures for April-June will not be available until later this year,

fall at the beginning of the year". signs of recovery, and growth in The government estimates GDP growth for the year of 0.75 per cent, against 1.9 per cent in 1995. Some analysts think the government too cautious. If growth

can be sustained, the economy could grow by 1 per cent this year." said Mr Holger Fahrinkrug, chief economist at the Frankfurt branch of UBS. "Much depends on the strength of the D-Mark against the US dollar. The ministry's report highlighted manufacturing as a sector

where the climate was improving and investment plans were pick-ing up, a view confirmed by a biannual survey this month from the IIo economics institute. The ministry recorded a 7 per cent rise in investment in plant and machinery by west Germany's manufacturing sector over the post six months and forecast a further 6 per cent rise for the rest

However, as Ifo pointed out last

May, have again slipped back. This was a disappointment. It shows industry has doubts about

upswing," said Mr Fahrinkrug. Yesterday, an Ifo report on the retailing sector confirmed there was no sign of consumer spending recovering. It predicted sales would grow only 1 per cent in nominal terms this year, stagnating in real terms, and that investments would fall by 8 per cent compared with last year. The sec-tor would be seeking job cuts to

the longevity of the current

rationalise and reduce costs. The economics ministry believes that a slow economic recovery will not have an immediate impact on the unemployment rate, now 9.9 per cent. "The labour market continuously reacts with a delay to a recovery of overall economic activity," it said, adding that the short-term foreseeable tempo of economic recovery was still too little to

# 'Freeways' network planned for European rail freight

By Nell Buckley

A network of rail freight "freeways" spanning the European Union to get trains out of sidings and freight back on the railways will be proposed next week by Mr Neil Kinnock, European transport commissioner.

The plan is the centrepiece of a white paper aimed at liberalising the rail freight market and reversing its long-term decline by increasing the average speed of EU rail freight, which is a slugeish 15km an hour.

As lorries have grown larger ded, the proportion of freight carried by rail has fallen from 32 per cent to 16 per cent in two pared with a stable 45 per cent in

"For too long, freight has had the lowest priority on tracks," he

Mr Kinnock told journalists freight freeways or corridors linking Europe's main transport centres, with open access to any carriers under a licensing

His white paper will suggest

appeared on court on Saturday

with the wrong numbers on their

backs: occurrences like this

caused problems with the gathering and transmission of data.

Continued from Page 1

six routes. Unlike the European Commission's proposed Trans-European Networks programme, in new transport infrastructure, all but one of the suggested freight freeways could be created entirely using existing track.

Details were not given, but two of the suggested routes would run east-west and four north-

One would link Britain's west coast main line from Glasgow, Manchester and Birmingham through the Channel tunnel with Amsterdam and Cologne, and

through France to the south. Creating them would require co-operation between member states and rail companies in ensuring compatibility of tracks and equipment and cutting

paperwork.
It would also need agreement to grant open access to tracks, in many cases breaking national

Officials believe an average could quickly be established on freight freeways, making them a viable alternative to road.

Mr Kinnock said the idea was inspired by the US rail freight market and the success of

Software glitches halt flow of Olympic results

IBM said that it had been able

to test its system for collecting

games, and that these were work-

However, until the Olympics started it had not been able to

results at each venue before the

projects such as a freight link between Rotterdam and Milan. He hoped to reach agreemen on liberalising rail freight

through negotiation with mem-ber states' ministers.

If agreement could not be reached, he hinted that a possible model could be telecoms liberalisation, where the Commission used special powers under Article 90 of the Treaty of Rome to act without consent of the Council of Ministers to break national

> monopolies The white paper will also call on member states' rail companies to "get their finances in order", including extensive restructuring which Mr Kinnock acknowledged might have to be supported by

It also calls for the development of greater compatibility between EU railways and other

forms of transport. restructuring was likely to lead to job losses, but without such action he said job losses would be

"even more massive" "We have to contrast the effects of rationalising rail systems with losing railways altogether," Mr Kinnock

test how well the many different

elements of its system fitted

The problems appear to stem

in part, from the sheer scale of

the sporting events on display in Atlanta.

together, a spokesman said.

supermarkets asking them

Observer, Page 13

# Perrier to pull plug on adverts after row

The campaign, which was launched at the start of July

1950s-style drawing of three women with Perrier caps cover-ing their nipples, are on display in poster sites across Belgium. The company said yesterday that it had cancelled the campaign, which was due to run until the end of this month.

Perrier's decision came after protests from the European Women's Lobby, a coalition of more than 2,500 women's groups based in Brussels, which threat-ened to call for a boycott of the

women in adverts is widespread in France, and Publicis said a similar Perrier campaign there three years ago had triggered no complaints. It said the Belgian billboards were part of a ligh-However, it said Perrier, which is owned by the Swiss group Nes-tlé, decided to cancel the cam-

The European Women's Lobby wrote to Perrier last week demanding that the company withdraw the campaign, but said yesterday it had received no reply. The advertisements were set to be discussed by the women's rights committee of the

"We could do many campaigns against many ads [which involve nudity]." Ms Barbara Helfferich, the group's general secretary, said. "But this is particularly insulting because the product doesn't have anything to do with women's bodies. It is also a clear women were seen much more as

group, yesterday said it would end a billboard advertising cam-paign in Belgium after threats of a consumer boycott in protest at the company's use of images of

with the help of the Belgian sub-sidiary of Publicis, the French advertising agency, provoked indignant protests from women's groups.
The advertisement, featuring a

bottled water company by its 1m members from next Monday.

The use of skimpily clad

paign because it did not want to cause offence to its customers.

reported a healthy demand for the posters. "If they want to sell posters they should go into the poster business," Ms Helfferich

tact women's magazines to launch campaigns to persuade women to stop buying Perrier products. It had also decided to encourage members to write to cease stocking Perrier, and to hand out leaflets outside supermarkets conde

# over nudes By Andrew Jack in Parts and Neil Buckley in Brussels

employees have civil service status and thus jobs for life. A more fundamental worry is how a privatised and more aggressive Telekom will respond to this challenger. Mannesmann may initially be able to cherry-pick big business customers by undercutting the incumbent. But, unless it differentistes its service, in the longer term it will be vulnerable as Telekom enjoys reater economies of scale. That, certainly, is the lesson of Mercury Com-munications' battle with British Tele-

### Tesco/Docks de France

Tesco's shareholders will breath a collective sigh of relief today at their company's decision not to throw £2.5hn into a French acquisition that offered no decent pay-back until the next century at the earliest. Of course, Tesco was most likely to have bought out retailer Docks de France with a consortium of partners, such as Carrefour. This would not only have brought the acquisition price down to a more palatable level but such a partnership could have offered the basis for expansion into other markets. However, the idea that a deal cobbled together over a fortnight could make the basis for a glorious long-term rela tionship smacked of fantasy. Besides, Auchan always looked odds-on favourite to win a contested bid, since it has no shareholders to answer to.

Before Tesco's shareholders move into celebratory mode over the disap-

# THE LEX COLUMN

# Mannesmann's muffled call

pearance of Docks, they should consider what this episode says about Tesco's overseas strategy. True, Tesco

was under an obligation to look at any deal that might enhance its hitherto disappointing Catteau acquisition. But

the fact is that the group's push out-side the UK has offered embarrass-

ingly low returns for investors; and

since overseas expansion is a stated

objective, a significant acquisition will

eventually be required. Valuations for

European food retailers are such that any equity-funded deal is likely to

dilute earnings. Moreover, there is no evidence that continental shoppers

want to shop in a UK-style supermar-

ket, however efficient it might be. The Docks deal is sunk, but the strategy

could continue to make investors sea-

FT-SE Eurotrack 200:

per cent stake in DRKom, the telecoms subsidiary of Deutsche Bahn, raises as many questions as it answers.

Strategically, this looks an excellent move for the sluggish engineering con-glomerate, which is determined to transform itself into a highly-rated telecoms group. Mannesmann already has a strong position in mobile phones through its rapidly growing D2 network. DBKom, which it snatched away from rival Thyssen in a last-min-ute deal, brings a fixed-line network, running alongside Germany's rail-ways. Since D2 is turning strongly cash-positive it could help to finance the DM4hn or so needed to upgrade DBKom's antiquated analogue lines. That puts Mannesmann and its part-ners - AT&T of the US and the Unisource consectium - in pole position to challenge Deutsche Telekom when the market is liberalised in 1996.

But Mannesmann has yet to reveal how much it paid for DBKom, with estimates ranging from DM1bn to DM2bn. It is also unclear how many of DBKom's 6,500-strong workforce it has agreed to take on. Most of these

### Signet

After months of talk, the sale of Signet's UK jewellery chains should ease the way to a much-needed capital reconstruction. Expected proceeds of £280m for the UK operations are below hopes of £300m voiced in the spring which may explain why shares in the former Rainers group have drifted back to 23p. But this is still a decent result given the management's relatively weak negotiating position. The money will allow the group to

repay the bulk of its £300m to £325m of bank borrowings, which are currently at a seasonal low. That would leave Signet as the second largest multiple jewellery retailer in the US, where its Sterling chain made pre-tax profits of £46m on turnover of almost £560m last year. Sterling's like-for-like sales growth is currently running at 8 per cent. Its main rival, Zale Corporation, which is growing more slowly, is trad-ing on almost 19 times historic earn-

ings Even using a more conservative 16-17 times would give a value of

around £490m to £520m. Against that must be weighed the obligations to preference shareholders of around £450m including £135m of dividend arrears. That means they will still end up with the lion's share of value in any reconstruction. But assuming that preference holders are repaid 90 per cent of what they are owed - haif-way between the negotiating positions of rebels and management when talks last broke down and subtracting the remaining debt, ordinary shareholders would be left with a stake worth £55m to £85m. equivalent to between 20p and 30p a

### Thorn EMI

With three weeks to go before the final cut, doubts are emerging about the value being unlocked from the hreak-up of Thorn EML The two core businesses are finally coming off the boil, after a steamy 12 months, and so are break-up valuations. Meanwhile, hopes of a bid for EMI have faded fast. But investors should be patient.

Shares in Philips' entertainment subsidiary, PolyGram, have fallen more than 10 per cent in the last two months, reflecting concerns about a softer world music market - some-thing EMI did little to dispel yesterday. Profits growth from the music business has declined, despite the beneffits of a strong first quarter release schedule. Nonetheless, long-term growth prospects remain good, partic-ularly in emerging markets, where

EMI has built a presence.

Meanwhile, the decline at Thorn, the rental business, is attributable to the pace of investment in its new Crazy George rent-to-own chain. Most analysts' break-up valuations comfortably exceed the current share price. despite giving Thorn a sizeable discount to the retail sector. With its strong cash flow and international exposure, it should do better.

Meanwhile, a bid for EMI should not be ruled out. The pay-off package for Mr Jim Fifield, chief executive, might prove hard to swallow and ofttouted purchasers like News Corporation, Disney and Viacom may not look particularly likely. But Seagram remains a possibility. EMI's geographic strengths would complement those of Seagram's MCA music subsidiary, offering substantial cost savings on distribution. And Seagram's Time Warner stake could fund some of the cost. History suggests that it is unwise to bet against bids in the

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### Europe today Cloud will increase in the north-west of the continent and thunder showers will develop in the Senelux, western Germany and eastern France, Temperatures will continue to exceed 25C in most places. England will remain warm with a risk of thunder showers, Ireland and Scotland will be cool with maximum temperatures below 200. Western France and the ibenan peninsula will remain dry with plenty of sun, especially in Spain, Italy, the Balkan states. Greece and Turkey will also be sunny and warm. The countries near the eastern Alps. 1020 eastern Europe and around the Black Sea will have cloud and sunshine it will be cooler with attemoon temperatures around 23C. **Five-day forecast** Thunder showers in the Senelux and eastern France will move further into the continent, crossing the Alas around Wednesday. The showers will reach central and eastern Europe later in the week. In the wake of this zone. North Sea countries will be cool. Cloud and showers will develop with afternoon temperatures falling considerably. The Iberian peninsula, Balkan states and south-eastern Europe will remain dry, sunny and rather warm Caracas Cardifi Casables Chicago Cologne Dokor Dollas Defti Dubas Duban Outorofi lar shower lak cloudy shower lar far far sun thand taw sun rein thund fair thund fair thund fair thund fair sun sun sun cloudy fair 29 1 1 26 15 17 21 22 22 22 22 24 4 7 4 2 4 7 2 1 29 7 29 24 24 sun sun shower tauty shower taur taur shower shower thund sun fair tair shower thund san fair tair 3013 24 302 31 32 25 32 18 13 13 27 26 24 7 24 26 12 25 30 Your frequent flyer program: Lufthansa Miles & More. Lima Lisbon Lufthansa

FT WEATHER GUIDE